

# Agenda

- **▼** Welcome & Introductions
- Danilo Juvane, Vice President Investor Relations and ESG
- **CEO Perspective**
- Alan Armstrong, President & Chief Executive Officer
- Operations & Execution
- Micheal Dunn, Executive Vice President & Chief Operating Officer
- **▼** Financial Outlook
- John Porter, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
- Corporate Strategy
- Chad Zamarin, Executive Vice President, Corporate Strategic Development
- 15-minute Break
- ▶ Panel Q&A
- **Executive Officer Team**
- **> CEO Closing Remarks**

Alan Armstrong, President & Chief Executive Officer





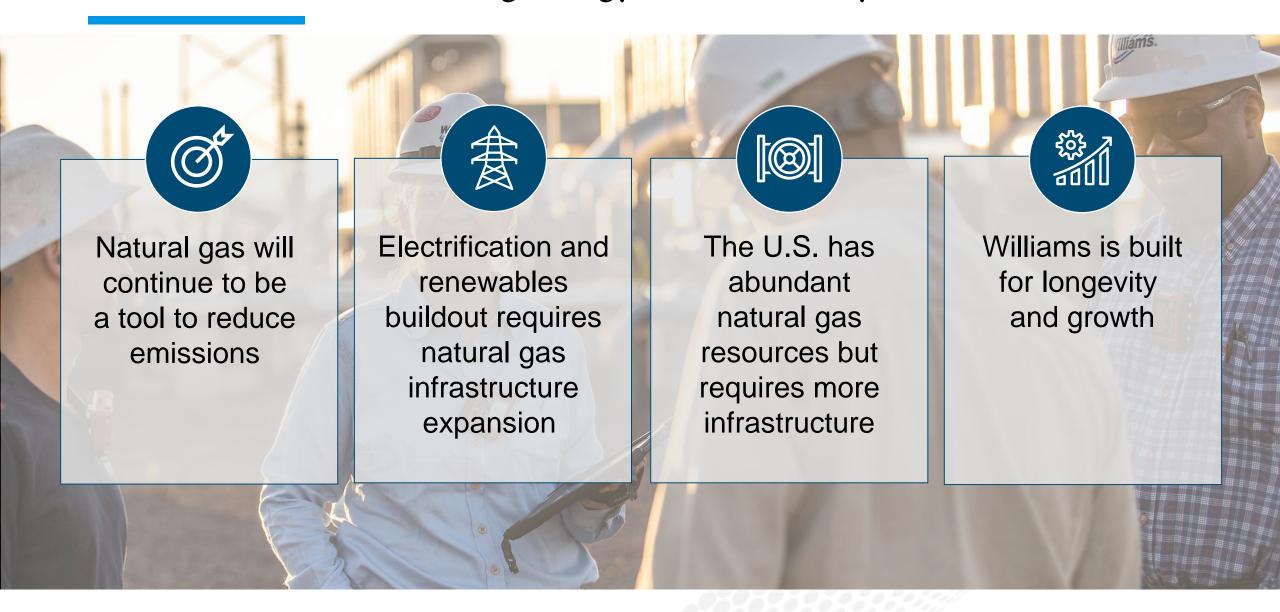


# CEO Perspective

Alan Armstrong, President & Chief Executive Officer



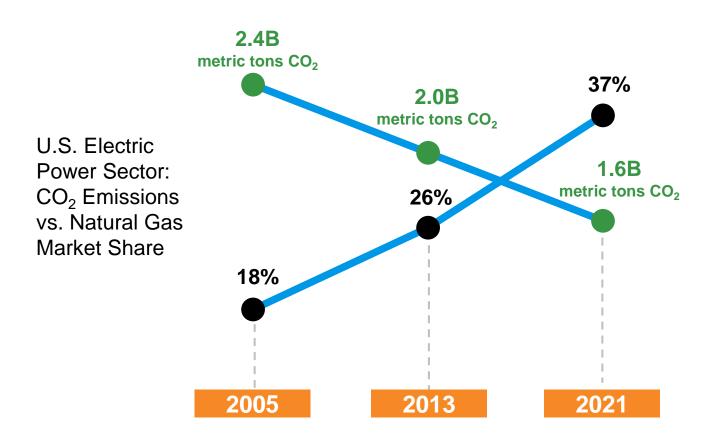
# U.S. infrastructure serving energy needs of today and in the future





# Natural gas will continue to be a tool to reduce emissions

# U.S. CO<sub>2</sub> emissions declined with increased natural gas generation





Natural gas increased to 37% from 18% market share



# Shift to natural gas

directly responsible for reducing  $\sim 500$  MM metric tons of  $CO_2$  or **60%** of the total reduction



Equivalent to removing

**111 million** gasoline-powered vehicles off the road, almost all in the U.S. today

# Continued opportunity to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by replacing coal with gas



Replacing existing U.S. coal plants with natural gas-fired generation could:



Cut CO<sub>2</sub> power emissions by **34%** 

Equivalent to



Removing **all U.S. gasoline cars** off the road today

Sources: Coal plant data per Wood Mackenzie; Coal and natural gas plants emissions rates and heat rate assumptions per U.S. Energy Information Administration; Metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub> emitted by a typical passenger vehicle per year per Environmental Protection Agency. As of January 2023.

# Coal-to-gas switching could be a powerful emissions reduction tool worldwide

Replacing global coal with low-cost, abundant U.S. natural gas could aid in significant CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reductions



'22 was a **record year** for coal-fired generation across the globe



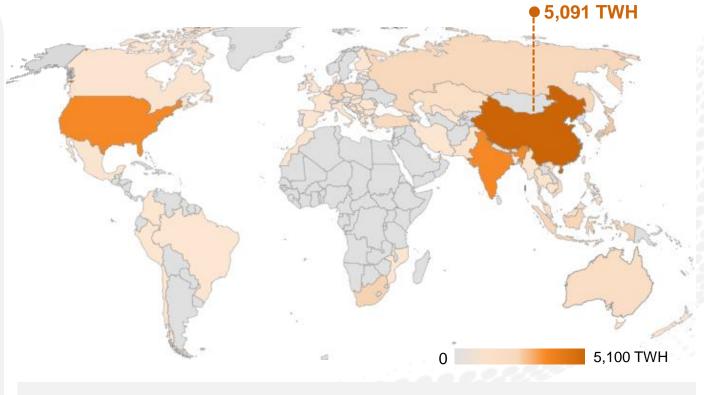
China's coal generation was

~5x that of the U.S. in '22



Forecasters show Chinese coal-fired generation

increasing through '25

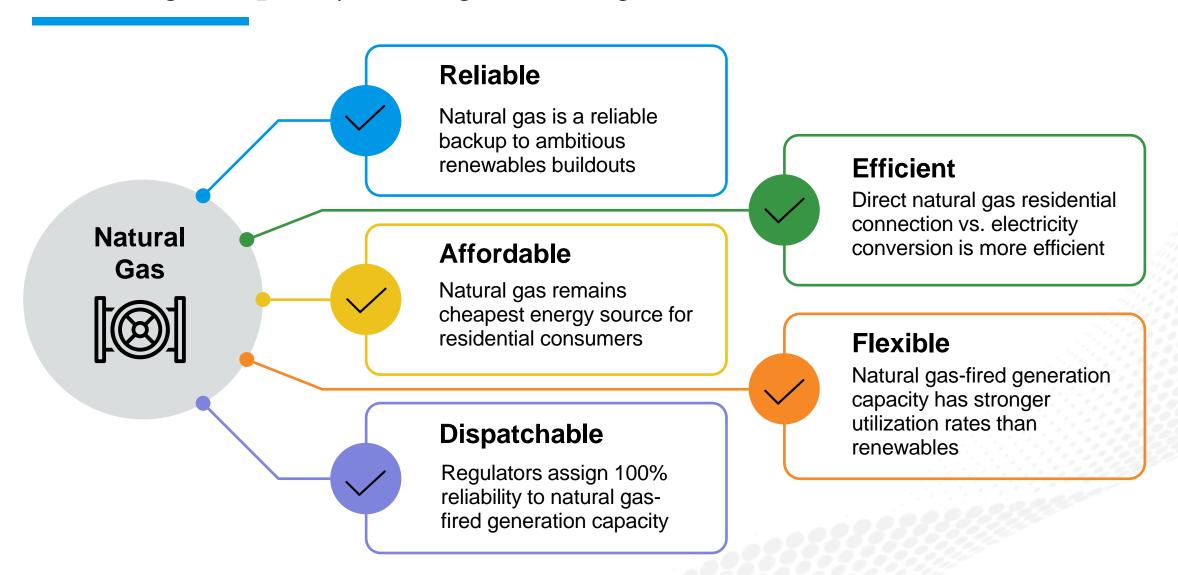


2022 Global Coal Generation Heat Map by Country



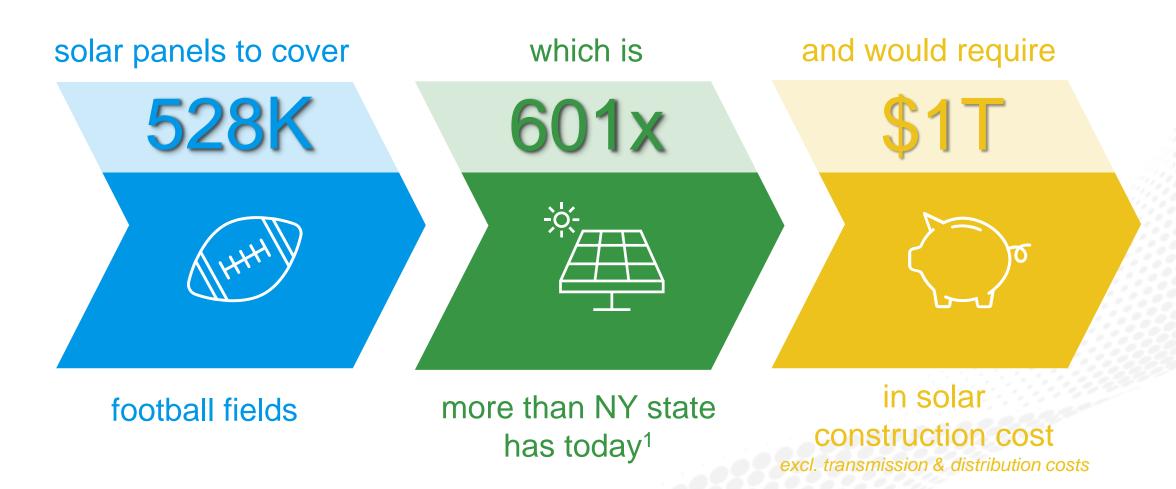
Electrification and renewables buildout requires natural gas infrastructure expansion

# Natural gas capacity set to grow alongside electrification and renewables



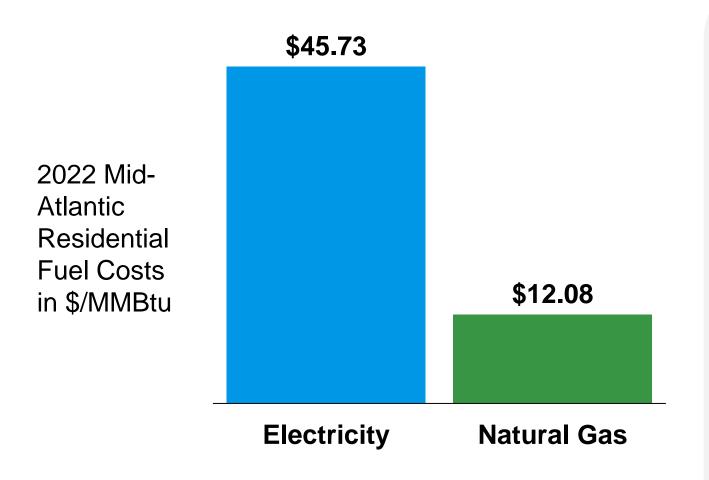
# Carbon neutrality goals call for ambitious buildout of renewables

What it would take to electrify the NY res/com sector with solar on a peak day of demand



Sources: Williams' analysis utilizing data from S&P Global Platts, U.S. Energy Information Administration, Environmental Protection Agency and National Renewable Energy Laboratory. ¹To replace the natural gas Btus that NY state's residential/commercial customers used on 01/21/2022, it would take 601x more utility scale solar installations than the state had in 2020.

# Natural gas remains cheapest fuel for residential consumers



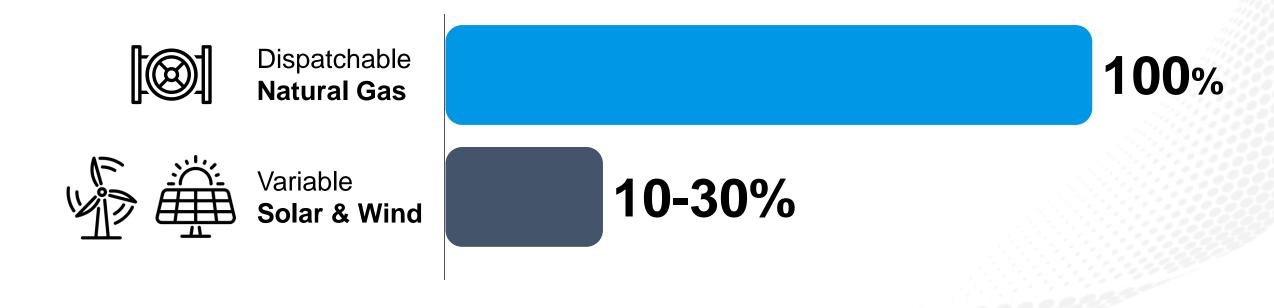
Residential electric bills are currently

**4**X

the cost of natural gas bills

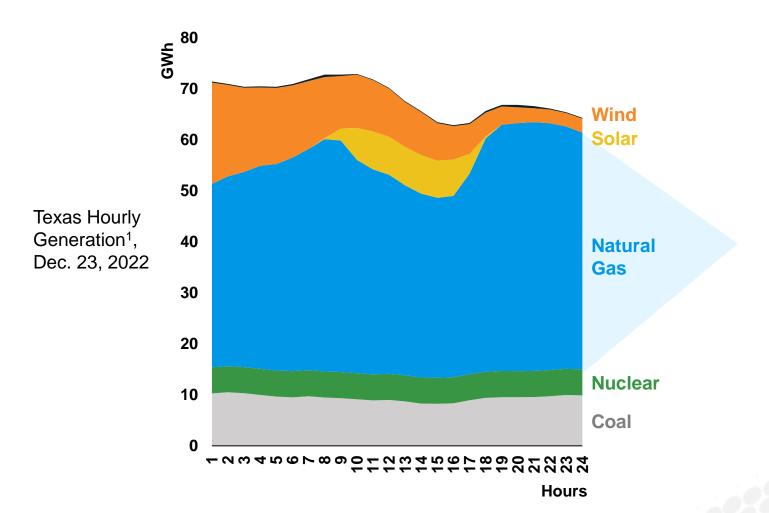
# Power grid regulators assign 100% reliability to natural gas capacity

U.S. Annual Average Capacity Values Assigned by Power Grid Regulators to Assess Reliability for Future Demand Needs



# Lower utilization of renewables requires flexible natural gas backup

Dispatchable capacity needed as a backstop for low wind and solar days



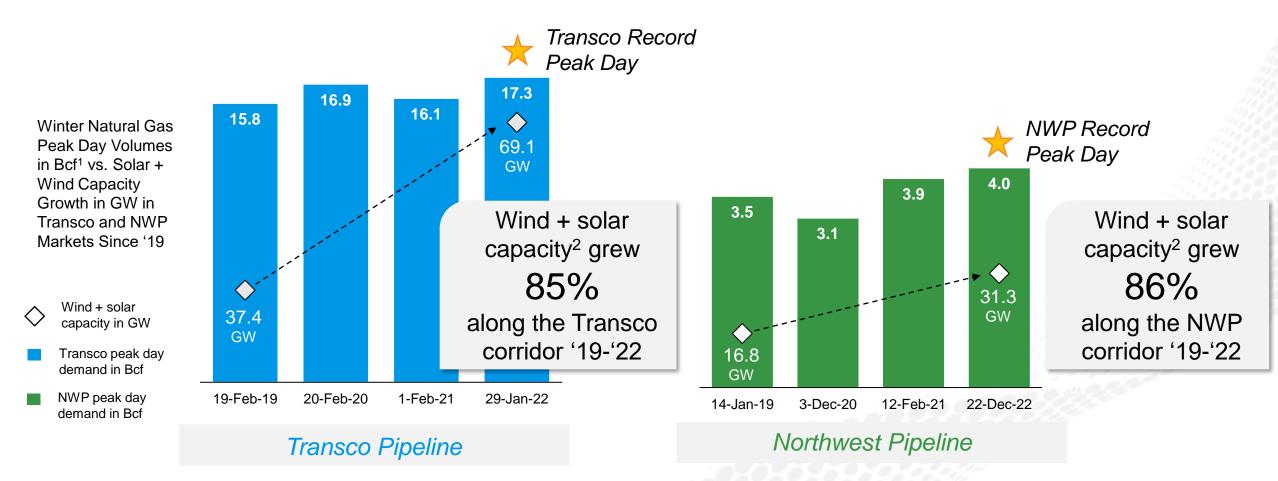
Natural gas supported peak demand needs in Texas during Winter Storm Elliott, stepping in to fill over

**70%** 

of demand during the evening hours when the sun wasn't shining, and wind power collapsed

# Increasing demand on Williams' natural gas transmission systems

Williams' contracted gas capacity continually needed to supply grid reliability on days of peak demand alongside ongoing renewable capacity buildouts in our pipeline markets

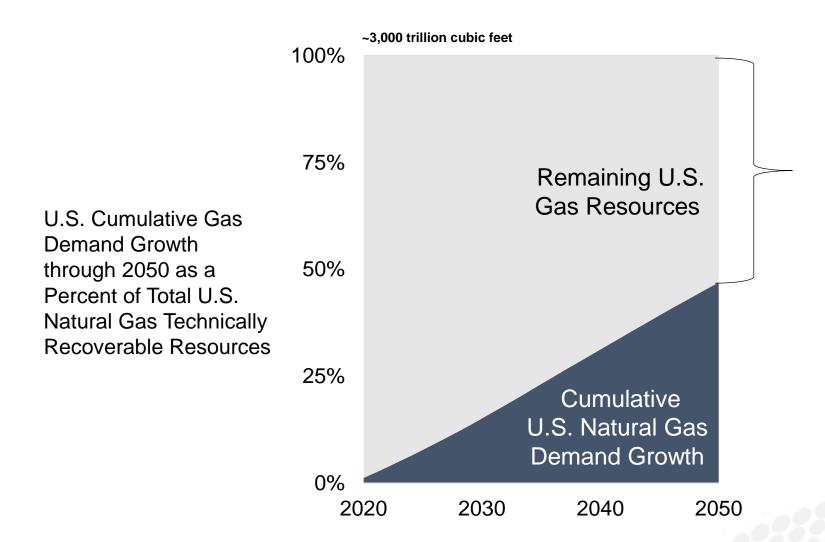


Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration for wind and solar capacity data. 1 Dekatherms converted to cubic feet at 1,000 cubic feet = 1 dekatherm. 2 Net summer capacity at utility scale wind and solar facilities in gigawatts.



The U.S. has abundant natural gas resources but requires more infrastructure

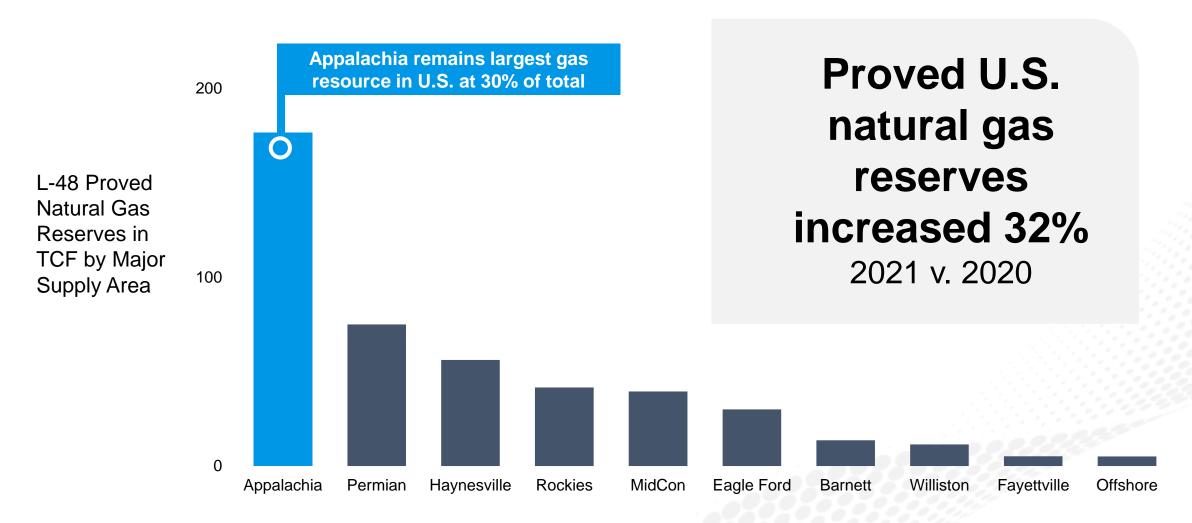
# The U.S. has ample natural gas supply to meet growing demand



53% of natural gas resources remaining in 2050

Source: Wood Mackenzie for demand and U.S. Energy Information Administration for total 2021 natural gas Technically Recoverable Resources (TRR)

# Ultimately the call on U.S. gas will need to come from Appalachia



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration 2021 proved natural gas resources as of 12/30/2022. Note that chart does not include Alaska and "other" Lower-48 supply areas

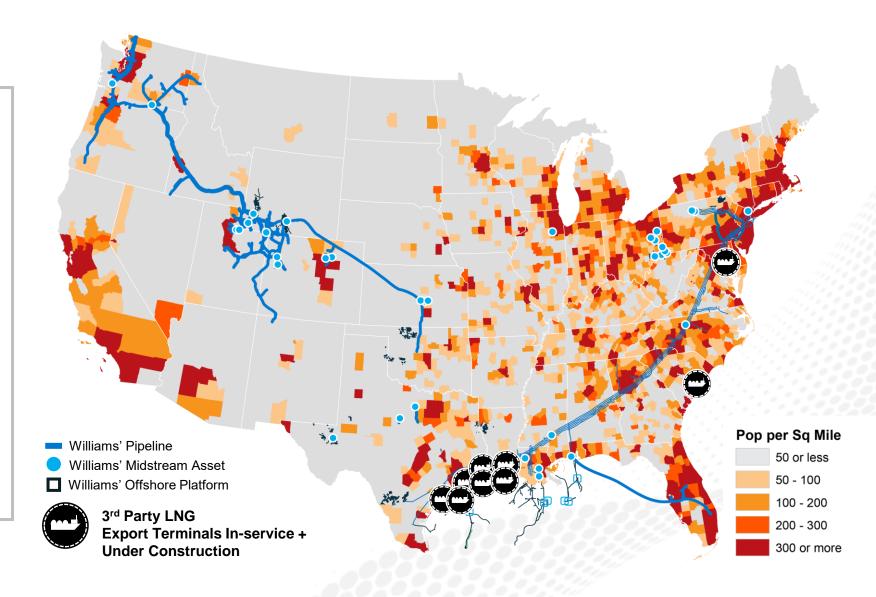


# Positioned to serve energy needs today and in the future



Asset footprint offers
unmatched opportunity
to provide for future
energy needs

in densely populated areas of peak energy demand and to LNG export terminals





# Williams built for longevity and growth

# Critical U.S. natural gas infrastructure serving today's energy needs

Handle
~1/3rd
of U.S. natural
gas production
across 25 states

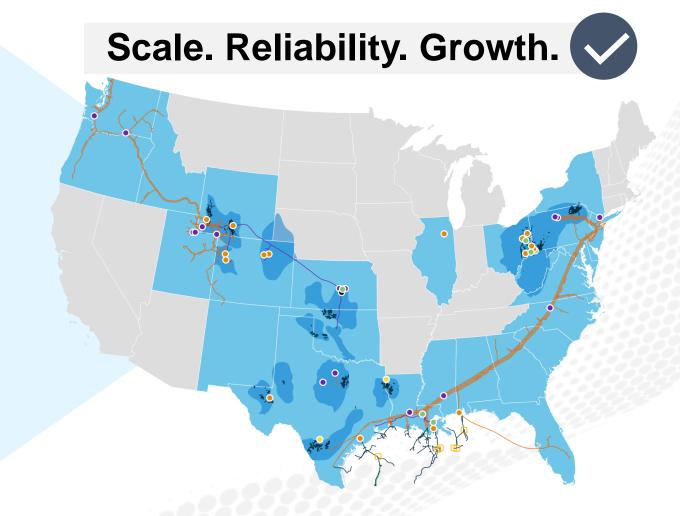
Natural gas pipeline capacity with

take-or-pay contracts serving
high demand areas

Fee-based
natural gas G&P
business serving
14 key supply
areas

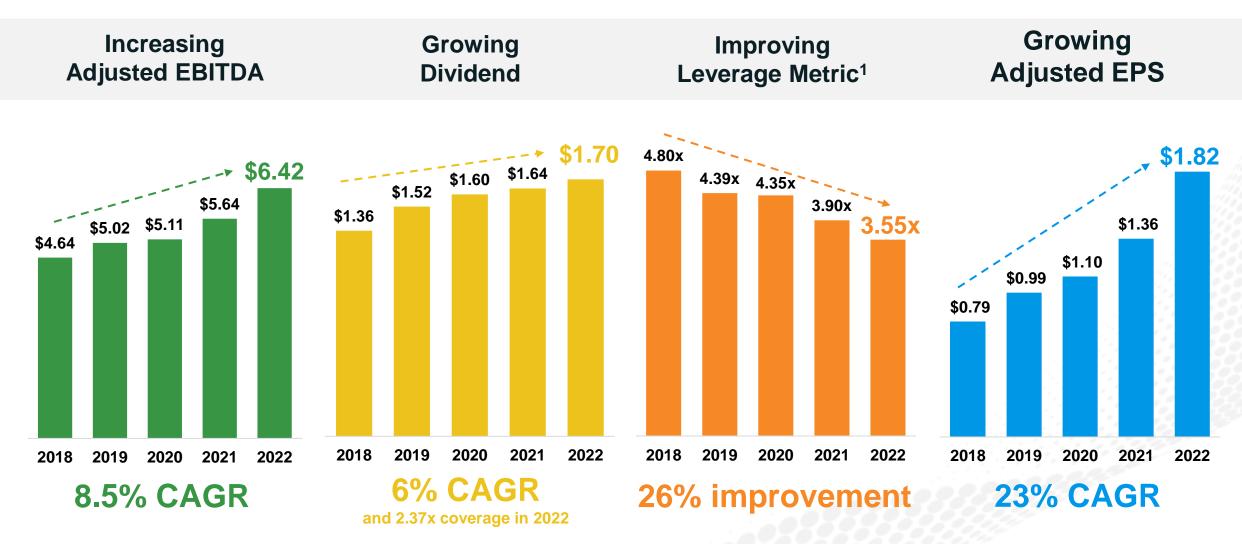
Growing natural

gas storage
capacity, an
increasingly
important piece
of the energy mix



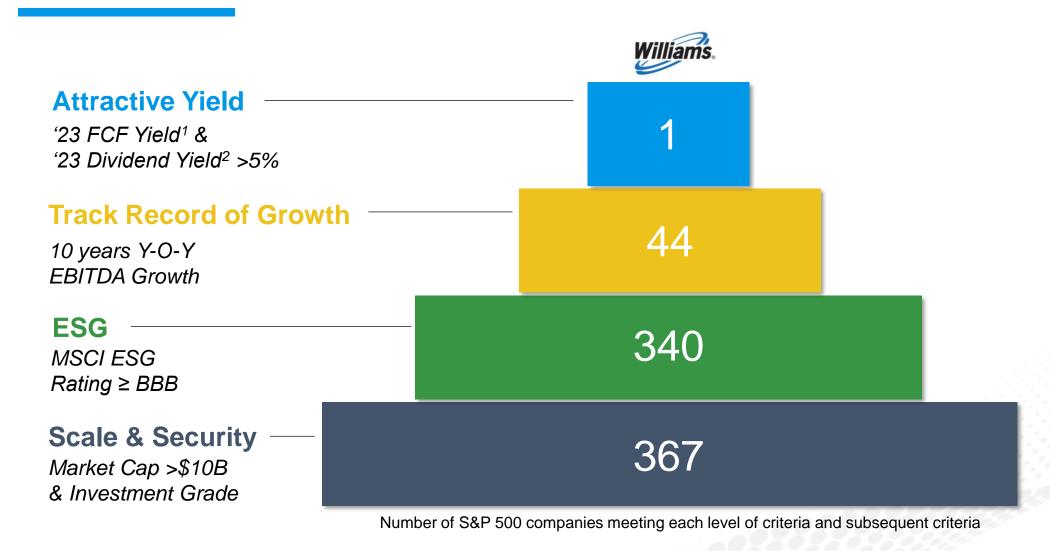
Notes: Statistics as of 12/31/2022 and includes acquired MountainWest assets, which closed on 02/14/2023. Map as of February 2023. See map legend on appendix page 112.

# Track record of financial stability and growth



Note: In \$ billions except for ratios and per-share amounts. This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures are included at the back of this presentation. ¹Does not represent leverage ratios measured for WMB credit agreement compliance or leverage ratios as calculated by the major credit ratings agencies. Leverage is Debt (net of cash on hand) divided by Adjusted EBITDA (reflects the sum of the last four quarters).

# Williams is an attractive investment opportunity within the S&P 500

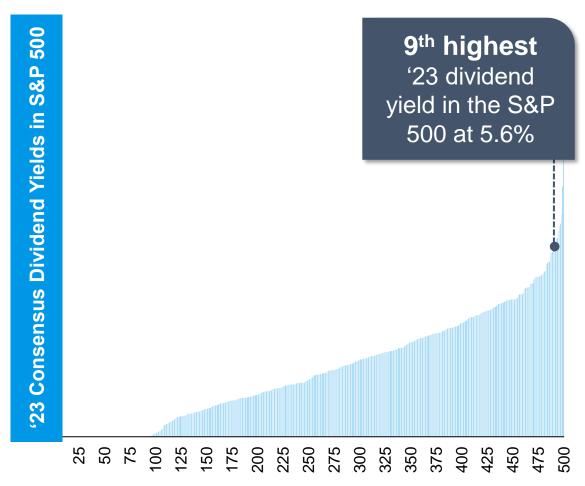


Sources: Bloomberg for S&P credit ratings and MSCI ESG ratings as of January 2023. FactSet for Adj. EBITDA, market value, dividend yield 2023 estimate and free cash flow yield 2023 estimate data as of 02/14/23.

12023 Free Cash Flow (FCF) Yield = '23 consensus estimates for CFFO minus Capex divided by common shares outstanding divided by closing stock price per share on 02/14/2023.

22023 Dividend Yield = '23 consensus estimates 2023 annualized divided per share divided by closing stock price per share on 2/14/2023.

# Returning value to shareholders through strong dividends and consistent earnings growth





'23 consensus dividend yields for each company in S&P 500 ordered least to greatest

Source: FactSet 02/14/2023. ¹10 consecutive years of year-over-year Adj. EBITDA annual growth from 2012-2022E
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### Robust checklist of 2022 achievements

# **Strategy**



Three strategic acquisitions announced

Progressing wellhead to market strategies

Full value chain NextGen Gas

## Growth



Record earnings: 14% annual Adjusted EBITDA growth

Placed into service the 11th transmission expansion since 2018; added 4.1 Bcf/d in total

Peak demand on our systems

# **ESG**



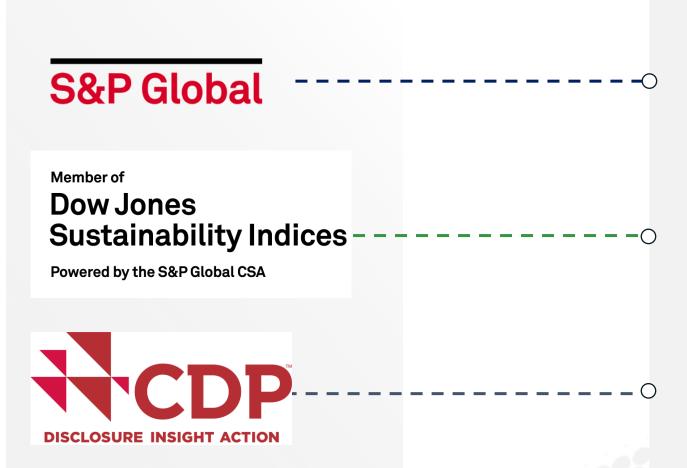
Improved ESG scores

Included in DJSI World & North America Indices

Refined Board governance

# Outpaced industry across key sustainability rankings in 2022

Recent achievements with key ESG raters/rankers



#### Ranked number one

North American Oil & Gas Storage & Transportation segment company in the 2022 S&P Global CSA<sup>1</sup> and was awarded the highest distinction of Top 1% S&P Global ESG Score

#### Index inclusion

for both DJSI North America and DJSI World indices for the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> consecutive years respectively

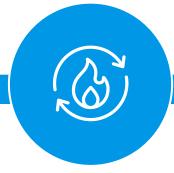
#### Received a 'B'

score on the 2022 CDP Climate Change Questionnaire, better than industry average of 'C' and North America regional average of 'C'

# Why Williams



Natural gas will be key to meeting future energy demand



Natural gas infrastructure remains a critical source of reliability for power generation



Williams' asset footprint is well-positioned to capture future growth





# Operations & Execution

Micheal Dunn, Executive Vice President & Chief Operating Officer

# A leader in energy infrastructure with a long-term sustainable strategy



# Operational strategy

### Keys to maintain foundation of operational excellence



# Safety is core to our operations



Prioritize safety and reliability





Focus on sustainable operations Grow and strengthen position



Maintain financial strength



#### **Prioritizing Safe Operations**

Aligning organization to focus on continuous improvement in best-in-class safety culture



Updated 2022 Annual Incentive Plan to include additional ESG metrics that include behaviorbased, leading indicator safety metrics

- 15% of total performance for all employees is tied to ESG metrics
- Driving frontline employee action to address environmental and safety opportunities
- Enterprise-wide goals help communicate company focus on reducing environmental, safety and operational risks
- Prioritizing learning and continuous improvement to drive towards zero incidents

TRIR excludes COVID-19 data to allow for more accurate year-over-year representation. Notes: TRIR = Total number of recordable injuries and/or illnesses x 200,000/number of work hours. An LOPC is defined as an unplanned or uncontrolled loss of containment from processing or pipeline equipment

# High asset reliability makes Williams a preferred operator



Prioritize safety and reliability





Focus on sustainable operations Grow and strengthen position



Maintain financial strength

#### Williams' Customer Volume Reliability



## **Prioritizing reliability**

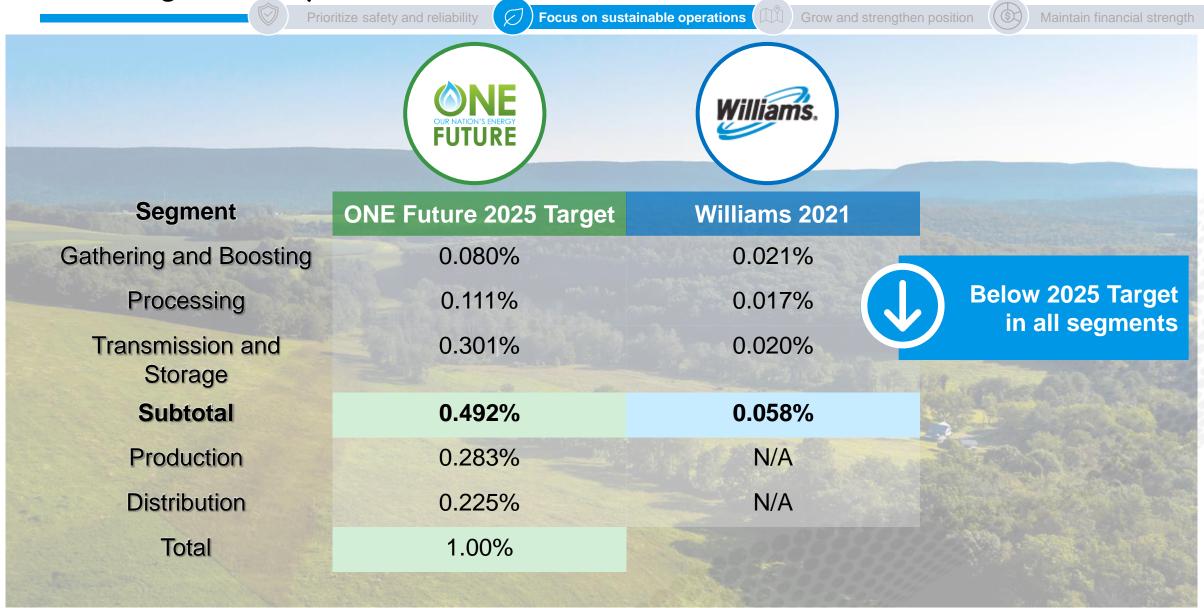
Track record of delivering volumes safely and dependably to our customers

## **Maintained** performance levels

Met or exceeded customer expectations during winter storm Elliott across our Transmission and G&P assets

Delivered nearly 100% of scheduled product to our customers on average in 2021 and in 2022 across our asset base

# Leading industry efforts for methane emission reductions



# A focus on environmental stewardship



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data is from 2021 Sustainability report (published in 2022). <sup>2</sup> 2019-2021 average and focus on Scope 1 and 2 emissions from assets under operational control by Williams.

# Actively engaging with our communities



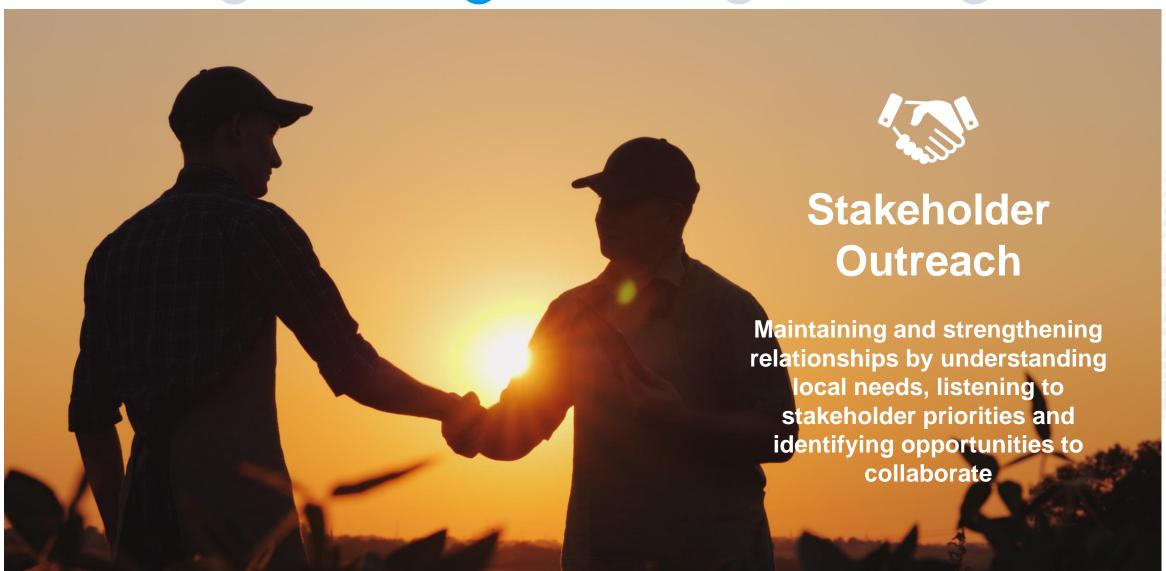




Grow and strengthen positior



Maintain financial strength



### Focus on operational excellence across all asset areas



Prioritize safety and reliability



Focus on sustainable operations



**Grow and strengthen position** 



Maintain financial strength



#### **TGOM**

- Transco, the nation's largest interstate natural gas network
- Significant Transco growth opportunities
- Extensive Deepwater infrastructure capturing growth
- Valuable storage assets



#### NORTHEAST

- Largest gatherer in nation's largest gas supply basin
- Capturing the value of significant investment
- Flexible business with ability to respond to changes in producer activity



#### WEST

- Diversified portfolio of G&P assets
- Growth expected in Haynesville and Wamsutter supply areas
- Significant excess cash flow annually<sup>1</sup>

#### Connect the best supplies with the best markets

# High return growth project opportunities across Williams' portfolio







Grow and strengthen position



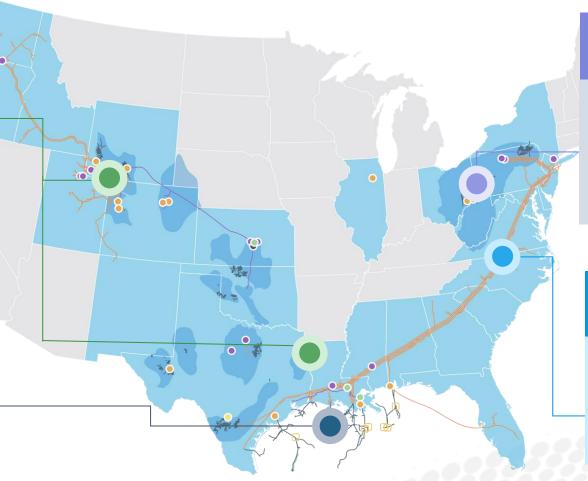
Maintain financial strength

#### Haynesville & Wamsutter G&P Growth

- 5 Haynesville gathering expansions to enable growth
- · Established infrastructure near growing demand centers
- Upstream JVs to drive additional volume growth to midstream and downstream assets

#### **Deepwater GOM Growth Projects**

- 6 high-return expansion projects in execution
- Many opportunities with minimal capital required
- Annual Adjusted EBITDA expected to nearly double by 2025 from **2021 level**



#### **Northeast G&P** Growth

- 3 Northeast expansion projects underway and 1 recently placed in service to capture growth
- Large, established footprint with strong customer base
- Increasing margin through scale and efficiency

#### **Transmission Growth Projects**

- 8 projects in execution including 2 new projects announced in 2023
- ~25 transmission projects in development
- Robust backlog of high-return, demand pull growth opportunities

# Executing expansion projects under budget and ahead of schedule



Prioritize safety and reliability



Focus on sustainable operations



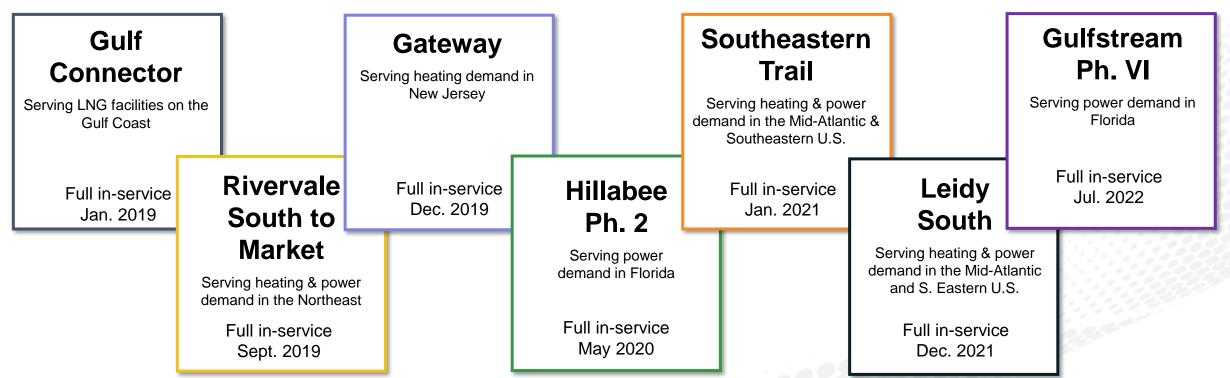
Grow and strengthen position



**Maintain financial strength** 

#### **Recent Transmission Projects In-service**

# \$145 million under budget & 22 months ahead of schedule



# Scale and efficiency improve operating margin



Prioritize safety and reliability



Focus on sustainable operations



Grow and strengthen position



Maintain financial strength



**Creating efficiency & advantage** with focused scale



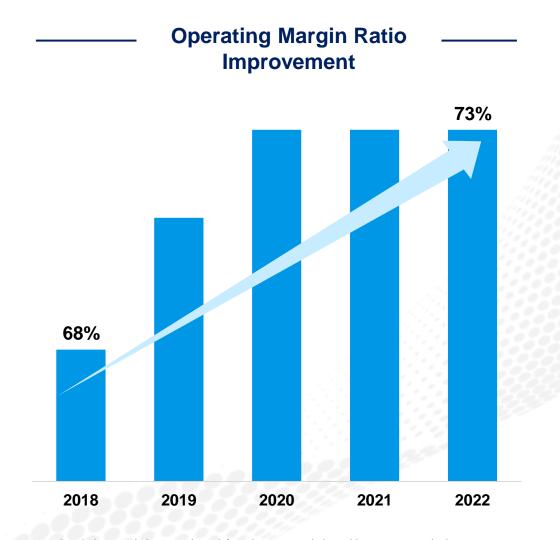
Driving more revenue to the bottom line



Maintaining operating margin in high inflationary environment



Inflation protection measures

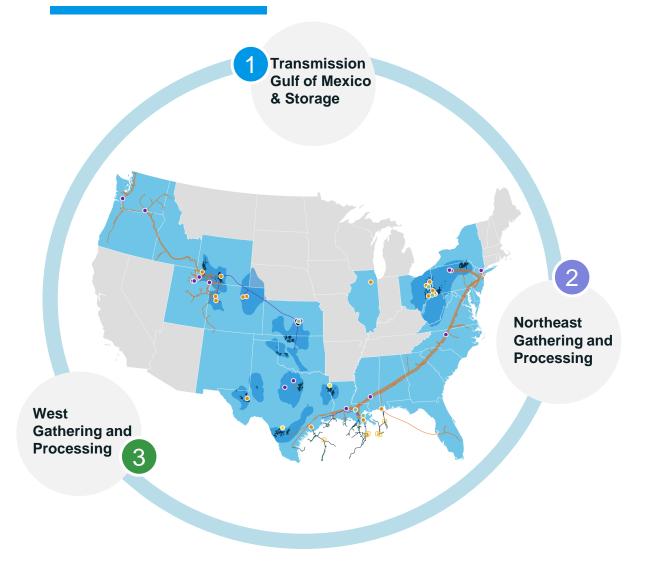


Note: Operating margin ratio = Operating margin/gross margin. Operating Margin Ratio includes our proportional share of equity-method investments and excludes certain items such as deferred revenue, reimbursable expenses and other expenses offset in revenue. Excludes Gas & NGL Marketing Services and E&P.



# Updates and opportunities within our footprint

# Strategic asset footprint of core operating segments



#### **Transmission, Gulf of Mexico & Storage**

- 1 :
- Transco
  - Northwest Pipe
  - Gulfstream
  - MountainWest

- Gulf of Mexico G&P
- NorTex Storage

#### **Northeast Gathering and Processing**

- 2
- Laurel Mountain
- Flint
- Cardinal
- Marcellus South
- OVM JV

- Susquehanna Supply Hub
- Bradford Supply Hub
- Blue Racer
- Aux Sable

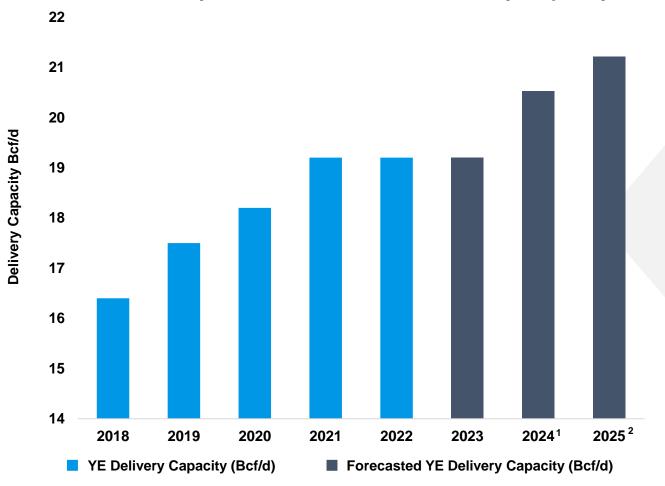
#### West

- 3
- **Gathering and Processing**
- SW Wyoming, Wamsutter, Piceance, Rocky Mountain Midstream, Anadarko & Midcon, Haynesville, Barnett, Permian, Eagle Ford
- Overland Pass Pipeline
- · Conway/Hutch Rail
- Bluestem
- Targa Train 7 JV

### Map of Williams Assets<sup>1</sup>, **Highlighting Transmission and Gulf of Mexico Business Segment** Transmission and Gulf of Mexico **Business Segment** Irreplaceable infrastructure Interstate Natural Gas Pipeline capturing growth Natural Gas Gathering Pipeline Natural Gas Liquids Pipeline Oil Gathering Pipeline Gas Plant Fractionator Storage Amine Treating Rail Terminal Offshore Platform Supply Area Basin **Operational Activity** <sup>1</sup>As of February 2023

## Expansion projects driving growth on Transco

#### **Transco Fully-Contracted Year-End Delivery Capacity**



## Delivering long-term stable growth



4% CAGR

on delivered capacity 2018 vs. 2022



21+ Bcf/d

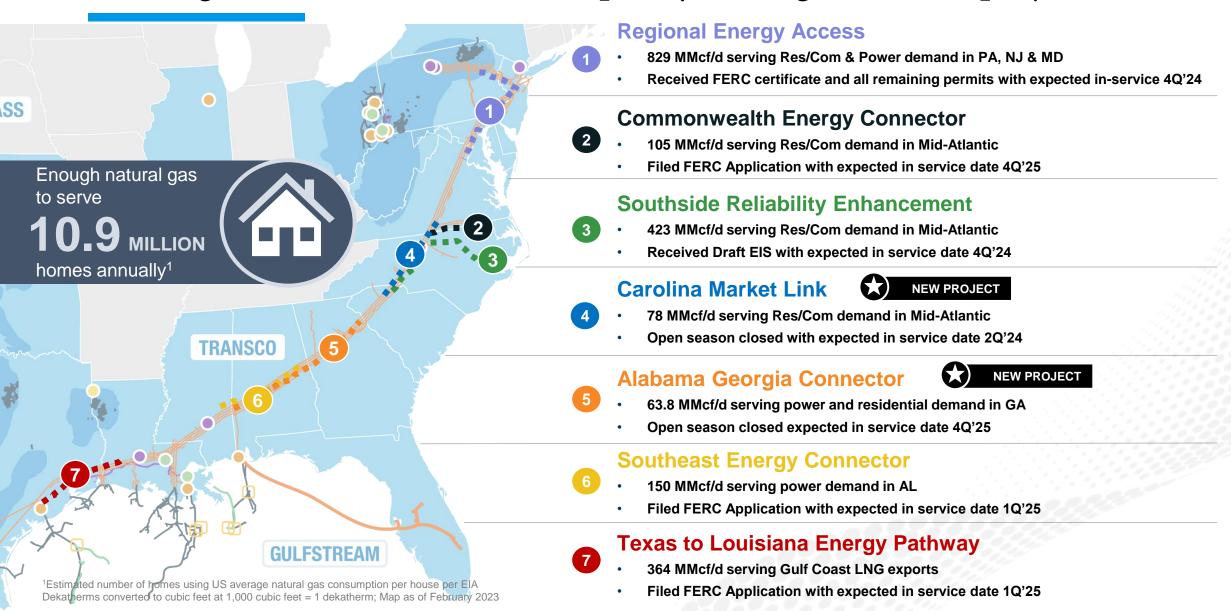
Growing expected delivery capacity to over 21 Bcf/d by YE 2025<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Includes Regional Energy Access, Southside Reliability Enhancement and Carolina Market Link <sup>2</sup>Includes Texas to Louisiana Energy Pathway, Southeast Energy Connector, Commonwealth Energy Connector and Alabama Georgia Connector Dekatherms converted to cubic feet at 1,000 cubic feet = 1 dekatherm

# Transacting on portfolio of deep and diverse set of transmission projects



# Adding more than 2 Bcf/d of capacity through Transco projects



# Unlocking the value of the Northeast





**Received FERC Certificate** 

#### **Regional Energy Access**

- Provides greater access to clean, cost-effective energy in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Maryland
- ✓ Adds source of stable and reliable energy for Northeast utilities, creating less price volatility for consumers
- Maximizing Transco's existing footprint to minimize environmental impacts
- Connects abundant Marcellus reserves with growing NE natural gas demand alleviating current supply constraints
- Received all permits and landowners' approval
- ✓ Requested FERC notice to proceed with construction
- Estimated full in-service late 2024

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimated number of homes using U.S. average natural gas consumption per house per EIA Map as of February 2023.

# Emissions Reduction Program to modernize transmission infrastructure and reduce emissions



**Transco Compressor Station 175 in Virginia** 

Reducing transmission compressor methane emissions

>50%

Phased replacement of up to

184

compressor units

Up to

\$1.3B

in anticipated capital spend through 2030

Implemented tracker for

**NWP** 

customers

Reducing transmission NOx emissions by

>75%

# Deepwater expansions adding significant volume growth



#### Whale

- Expected in-service date: 4Q 2024
- Expected CAPEX: ~\$450MM
- Combined reserves: ~545 MMboe: Oil: 380 MMbbls, Gas: 1,000 Bcf



#### **Shenandoah**

- Expected in-service date: 4Q 2024
- Expected CAPEX: ~\$160MM
- Gas Reserves: 380 Bcf

#### **Anchor**

- Expected in-service date: 2Q 2024
- Expected CAPEX: Zero
- Gas Reserves: 75 Bcf

#### Salamanca

- Expected in-service date: 2Q 2025
- Expected CAPEX: Zero
- Gas Reserves: 89 Bcf

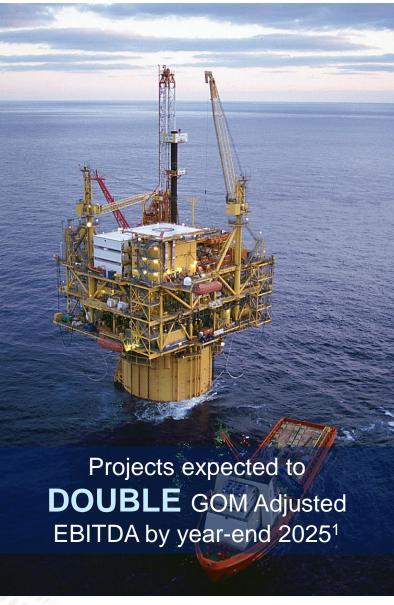


#### Taggart IN-SERVICE 1Q'23

- Expected in-service date: 1Q 2023
- Expected CAPEX: Zero
- Combined reserves: ~32 MMboe

#### **Ballymore**

- Expected in-service date: 1H 2025
- Expected CAPEX: Zero
- Combined reserves: ~300 MMboe



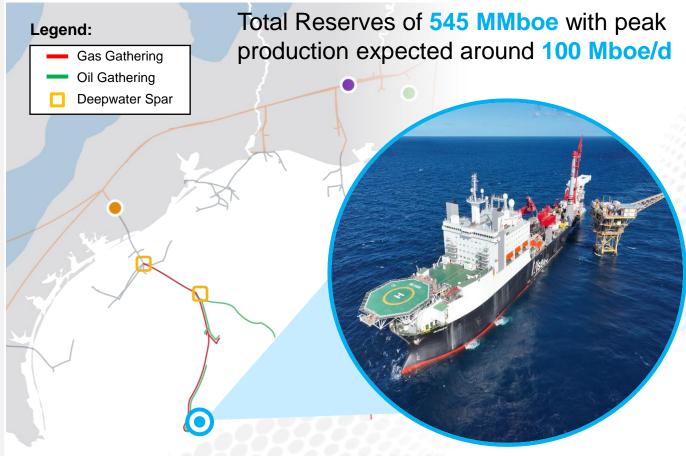
# Spotlight: Gulf of Mexico Whale project

#### **Whale Project Overview**

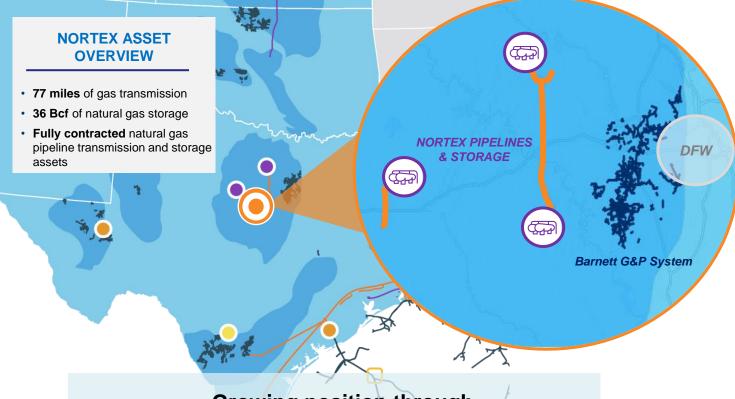
- ✓ Completed installation of oil and gas pipelines and sub-sea facilities
  - ✓ Expanded existing GOM infrastructure via 25-mile gas lateral from Whale platform to existing Perdido gas pipeline
  - ✓ Added new 125-mile oil pipeline to our existing junction platform
- ✓ Expected capital ~\$450MM
- ✓ First flow expected in 4Q 2024

# Williams' existing Western Deepwater GOM infrastructure

January 2023



# Essential role of gas storage to help serve today's energy needs



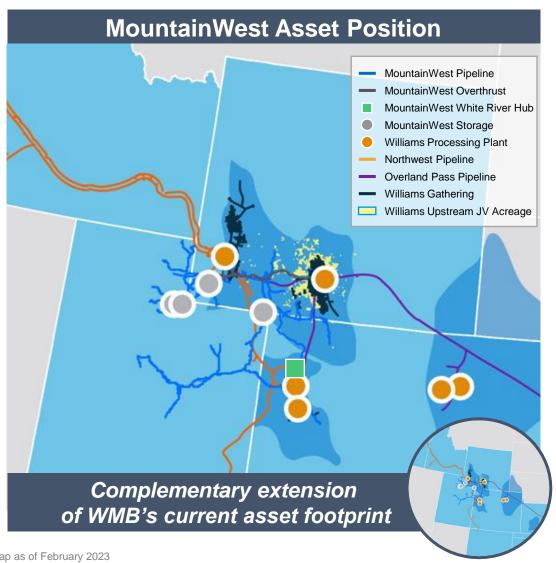
# Growing position through Wolf Hollow pipeline expansion

- 11-mile pipeline capable of transporting up to 450 MMcf/d
- Direct connection into existing storage assets
- Directly connected to gas-fired power generation
- Expected in-service 3Q 2023

# Strategically located assets to serve key supply & demand markets

- Enhances Williams' core natural gas pipeline and storage strategy
- ✓ Ability to serve the Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex, one of the fastest growing population centers in the United States
- Irreplaceable assets to bridge the gap between local natural gas supplies and growing demand
- Critical infrastructure for Texas power grid reliability, supporting intermittent nature of renewables
- ✓ Capacity to meet peak demand needs

# Integrating MountainWest





#### **Expanding West asset position**

- Adding stable, natural gas FERC-regulated transmission and storage assets
- Interconnectivity to existing WMB gathering and NWP



#### Improving operating margins

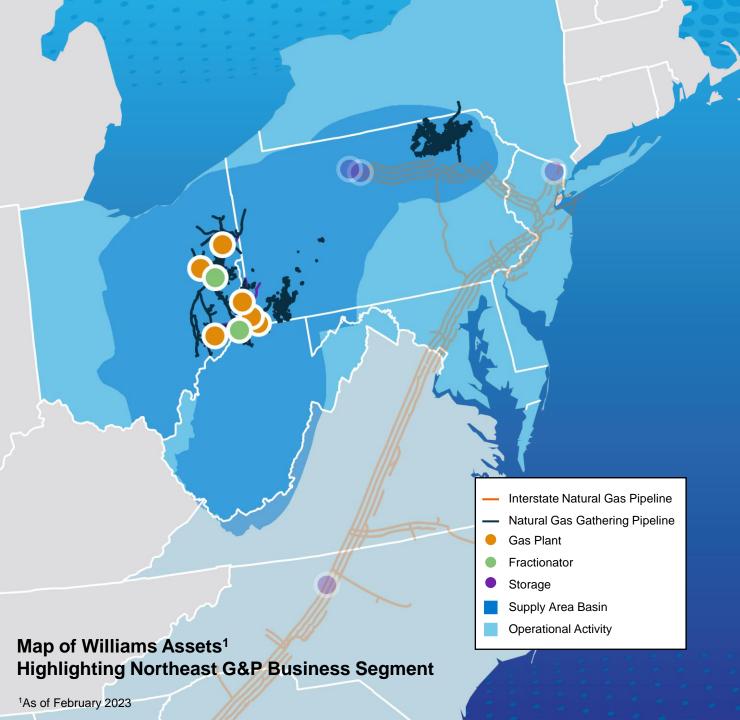
- Expanding margins with meaningful, established EBITDA
- Utilizing our scale to achieve cost savings
- Equipment/Facility design optimization and materials procurement



#### **Near-term focus: Integrating assets**

- Transaction execution and financing
- Successful onboarding of MountainWest team
- Integration team in place to start achieving synergies post close

Expanding Rocky Mountain energy hub with interconnections to multiple interstate pipelines, integrated storage assets and access to multiple regional supply basins

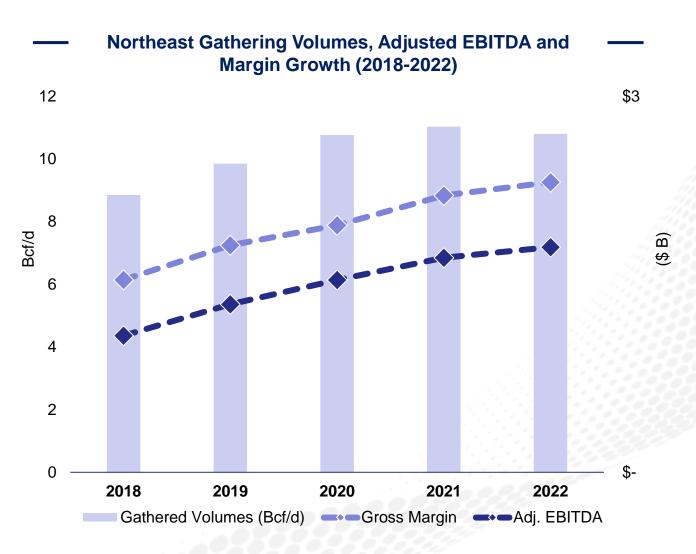


# Northeast G&P Business Segment

One of the largest gathering footprints benefiting from scale and efficiency

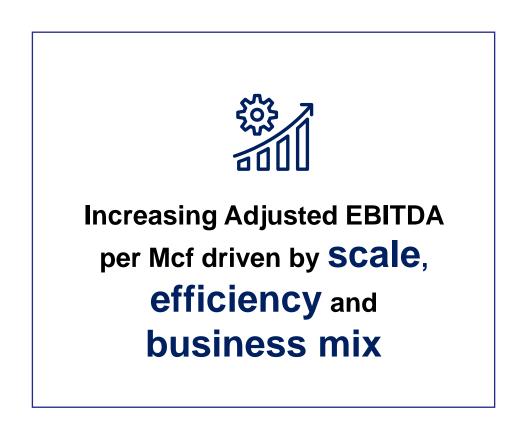
# Northeast G&P systems have delivered substantial growth

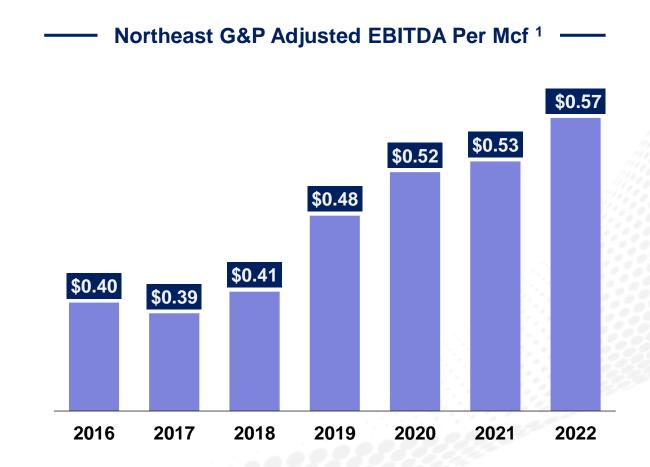
**Growing Volumes Expanding Margins Controlling Costs** 4 **Growing EBITDA** 



Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest GAAP comparable financial measures are included at the back of this presentation. Gross Margin includes our proportional share of equity-method investments and excludes reimbursable expenses. Includes 100% of the volumes associated with operated equity-method investments, including the Rocky Mountain Midstream partnership, the Bradford Supply Hub Partnership and the Marcellus South Supply Hub within the Appalachia Midstream Services partnership and Blue Racer Midstream Joint Venture.

# Increased margin driven by scale, efficiency and business mix

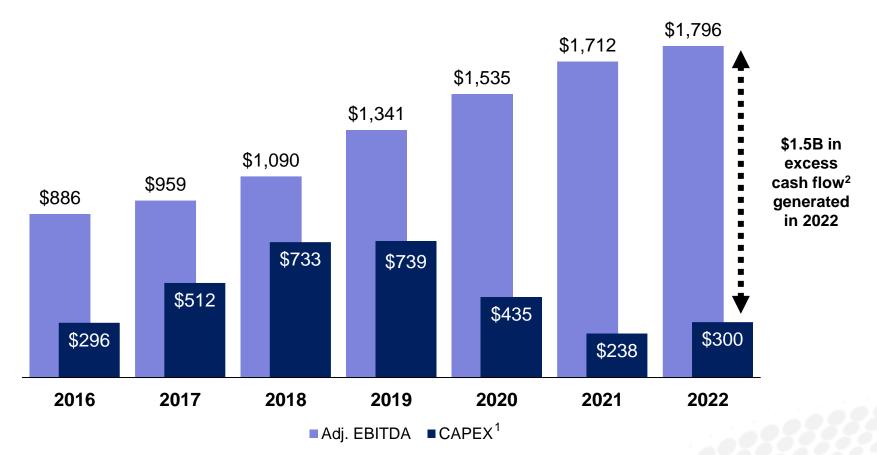




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# Strong footprint allows Northeast to generate significant cash flow

#### Northeast G&P Adjusted EBITDA and Total CAPEX in \$ Millions —



- Capital spending plans reduced to respond to producer activity levels
- A focus on efficiency and optimization reduces cost
- Continuing to generate excess cash flow<sup>2</sup> in 2023 and beyond

Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest GAAP comparable financial measures are included at the back of this presentation. <sup>1</sup>Northeast G&P segment capital expenditures and purchases of and contributions to equity-method investments. <sup>2</sup>Excess cash flow is defined as Northeast segment Adjusted EBITDA less Northeast segment capital expenditures and purchases of and contributions to equity-method investments.

# Northeast expansion projects underway to capture future growth



#### Susquehanna

Gathering expansion

- Scope: ~22 miles of gathering pipeline and incremental compression
- Expected in-service date: 4Q 2023
- Incremental capacity: 320 MMcf/d



#### **Utica**

Cardinal gathering expansion

- Scope: ~20 miles of gathering pipeline and incremental compression
- Expected in-service date: 2H 2023
- Incremental capacity: 125 MMcf/d



### **Southwest Appalachia**

Marcellus South gathering expansion

Scope: Incremental compression

Expected in-service date: 2Q 2023

Incremental capacity: 100 MMcf/d

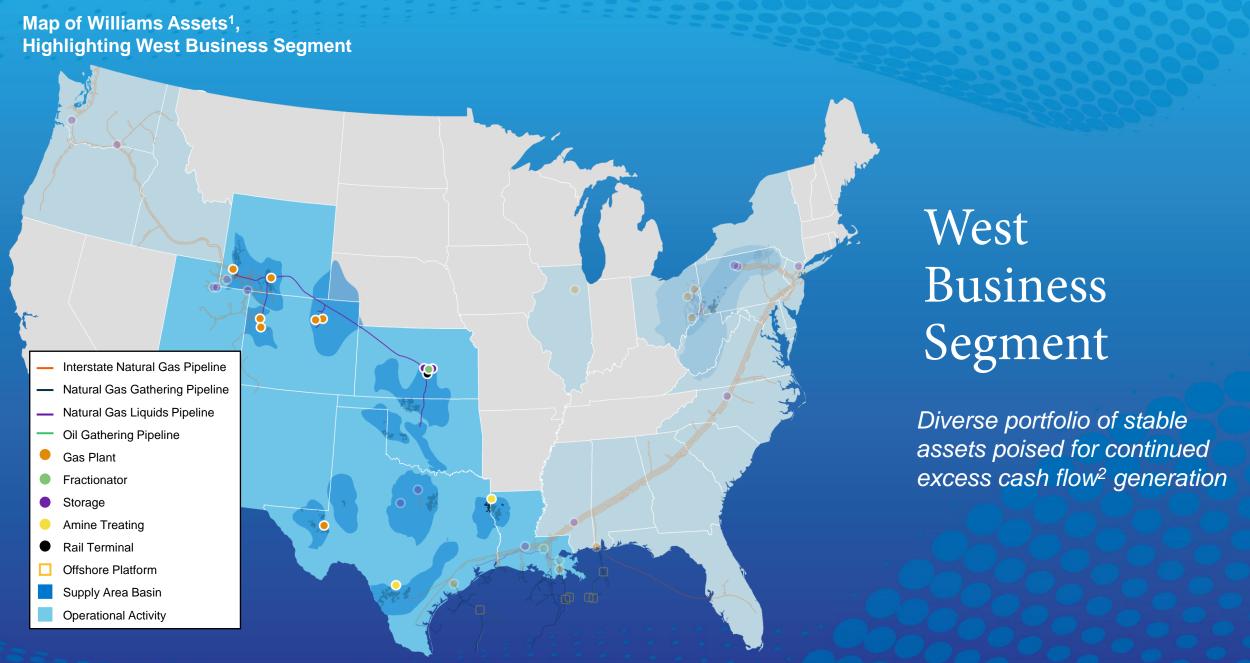


#### **Blue Racer Interconnect**



Interconnect pipeline expansion

- Scope: Less than 1 mile of pipeline to connect OVM JV and Blue Racer processing facilities to utilize latent capacity
- Successfully placed in-service
- Incremental capacity: 200 MMcf/d
- Demonstrating capital efficiency
- Increases EBITDA per Mcf



# Diverse portfolio of stable assets poised for continued cash flow generation



#### **Broad and Diverse Portfolio**

- Stable G&P business supported by broad portfolio of supply areas, customers and contracts
- Irreplaceable system with over 9,300 miles of gas gathering pipeline<sup>1</sup>
- Averaged ~5.48 Bcf/d of gas gathering volumes in 2022



#### Excess Cash Flow Generation<sup>2</sup>

- Portfolio generating steady and stable cash flow each quarter
- Established position enhances returns from potential expansion projects



#### **Driving Growth in Core Supply Areas**

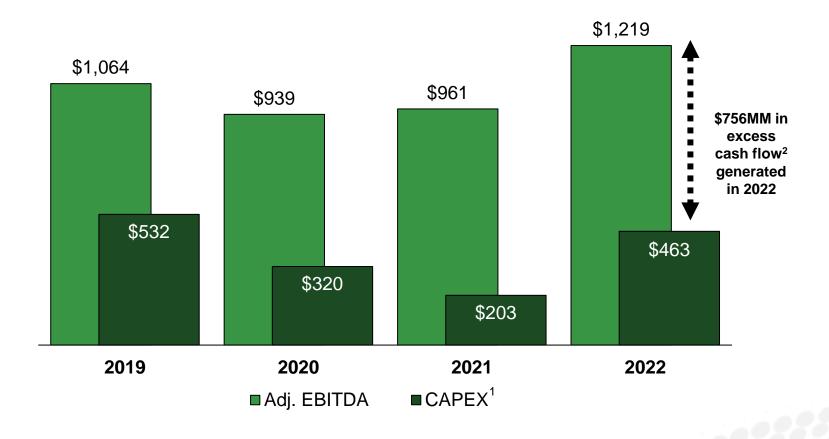
- Upstream JVs in Wamsutter and Haynesville designed to drive volume growth to midstream and downstream assets
- Haynesville producer activity driving additional growth



¹Includes 100% of both consolidated and equity-method investments per Williams 2022 10K. ²Excess cash flow is defined as West segment Adjusted EBITDA less West segment capital expenditures and purchases of and contributions to equity-method investment. ³West Segment capital expenditures and purchases of and contributions to equity-method investment.

# West portfolio generating steady and stable cash flow annually

#### West Adjusted EBITDA and Total CAPEX in \$ Millions -

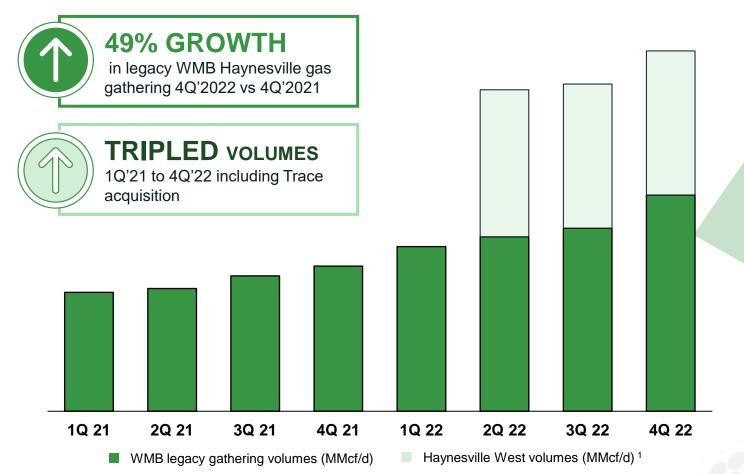


- Capital spending plans adjusted to respond to producer activity levels
- A focus on efficiency and optimization reduces cost
- Continuing to generate excess cash flow<sup>2</sup> in 2023 and beyond

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>West Segment capital expenditures and purchases of and contributions to equity-method investments. <sup>2</sup>Excess cash flow is defined as West segment Adjusted EBITDA less West segment capital expenditures and purchases of and contributions to equity-method investments. Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest GAAP comparable financial measures are included at the back of this presentation.

# Spotlight: Haynesville gathering system

#### Williams' Haynesville Gathering Volumes



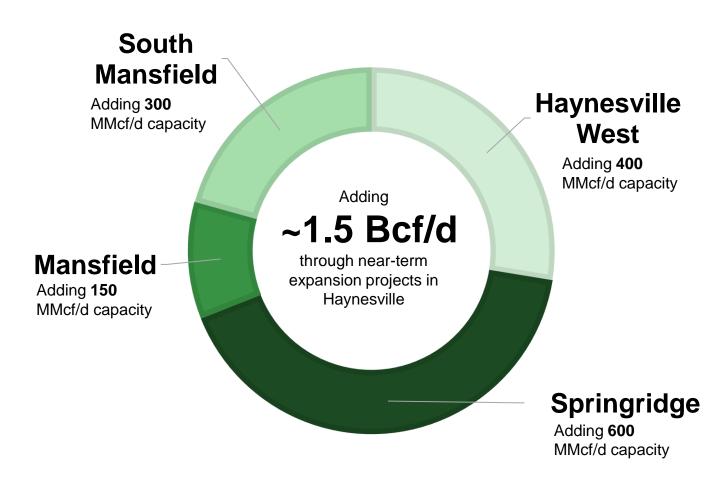
# **Capturing growth in attractive Haynesville Basin**

Scaling up our gathering position to help meet growing basin production

- Adding volumes to our systems through announced gathering expansions and Trace Midstream acquisition
- Connecting Haynesville production to Transco and LNG markets through LEG expansion
- Unlocking significant value through JV partnership with GeoSouthern
- Commercialized a new 26,000-acre dedication from Chevron that will facilitate further growth from our Haynesville operations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Haynesville West position acquired through Trace Midstream acquisition.

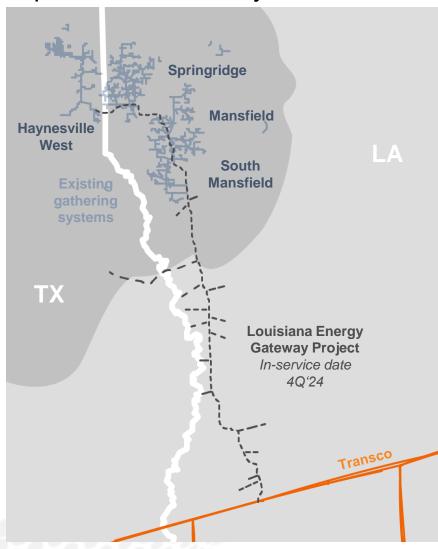
## Expanding our Haynesville position





Expected Haynesville total gathering capacity by YE '24

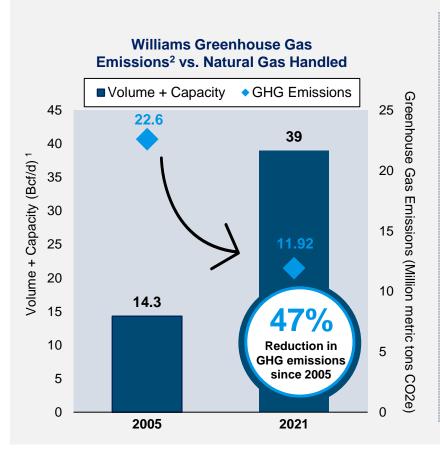
#### Map of Williams' Assets in Haynesville

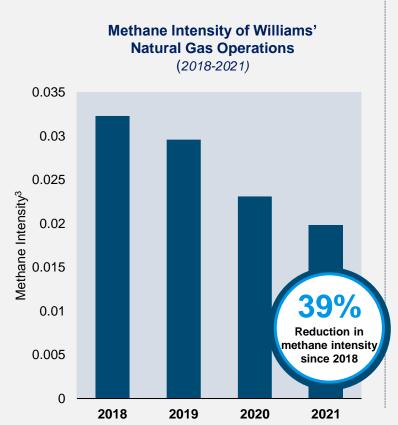




# Progress on emissions reduction goal

# Significant improvements in emissions efficiency





#### **Prioritizing Emissions Reduction**

Emissions down while business scales up

#### Since 2005:

- Reduced GHG emissions 47%
- Transmission capacity up over 140%
- Gathering volumes up nearly 4.5x

#### Since 2018:

- Improved methane intensity 39%
- Transmission capacity up 20%
- Gathering volumes up nearly 11%

Implementing operating practices focused on safety and emissions reductions



Modernizing equipment and investing in new technologies



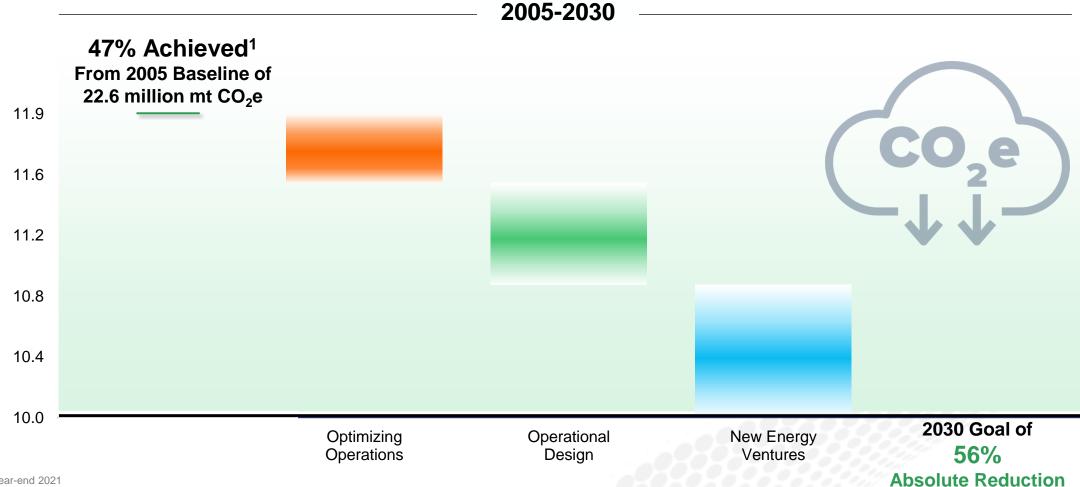
Improving overall operations efficiency

<sup>1</sup>For 2005, E&P net volumes: 0.7 Bcfe/d; Firm reserved transmission capacity (Transco, NWP and Gulfstream): 10 Tbtu/d; Gathering volumes: 3.4 Tbtu/d; gas used in power tolling agreements: 0.2 Bcf/d.

For 2021, Firm reserved transmission capacity (Transco, NWP and Gulfstream): 24.4 Tbtu/d; Gathering volumes: 15.18 Bcf/d. Tbtu converted to Bcf at 1,000 btu per cf. <sup>2</sup>Total Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions in million metric tons CO2e from assets under operational control by Williams. <sup>3</sup>Methane Intensity (mt CH4 emissions/CH4 throughput\*100) includes Scope 1 methane emissions from assets under operational control by Williams.

## Focusing on immediate opportunities to reduce emissions

Williams Goal of 56% Absolute Reduction in Company-wide Greenhouse Gas Emissions By 2030 Measured in Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (Million mt CO<sub>2</sub>e)







# Financial Outlook

John Porter, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

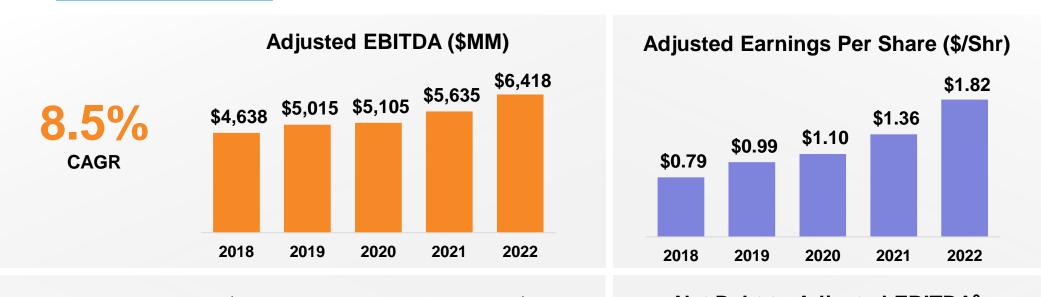
## Reviewing record 2022 and looking ahead to continued growth

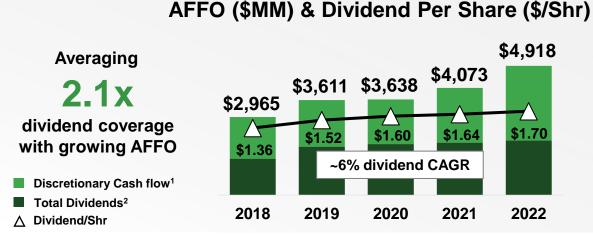


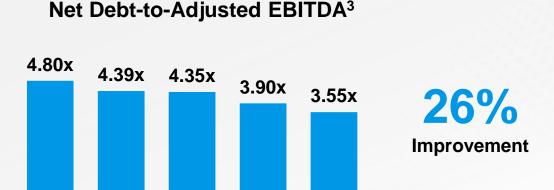


# Another year of record financial performance

## 2022 Adjusted EBITDA 14% over previous record 2021 result







2021

Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest comparable GAAP financial measures is included at the back of this presentation. ¹Discretionary cash flow is defined as available funds from operations minus dividends. ²Includes cash dividends paid on common stock each quarter by WMB, as well as the public unitholders share of distributions declared by WPZ for the first two quarters of 2018. ³Does not represent leverage ratios measured for WMB credit agreement compliance or leverage ratios as calculated by the major credit ratings agencies. Debt is net of cash on hand, and Adjusted EBITDA reflects the sum of the last 4 quarters.

2018

2019

2020

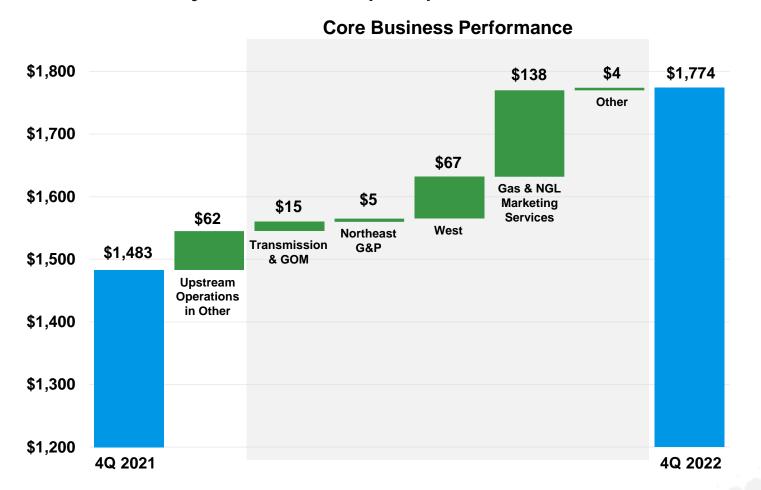
2022

23%

**CAGR** 

# Strong finish to a strong year: 20% growth 4Q 2022 vs. 4Q 2021

#### WMB Adjusted EBITDA (\$MM): 4Q 2022 vs. 4Q 2021



Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest comparable GAAP financial measures is included at the back of this presentation.

#### **Core business performance drivers**

#### **Transmission & GOM**

Increased revenues due to the NorTex acquisition and Transco park and loan and short-term firm contracts; partially offset by higher operating and maintenance costs

#### Northeast G&P

Increased revenues at our OVM JV and Cardinal franchises; primarily offset by lower Bradford cost of service rates and weather-impacted volumes across multiple locations

#### West

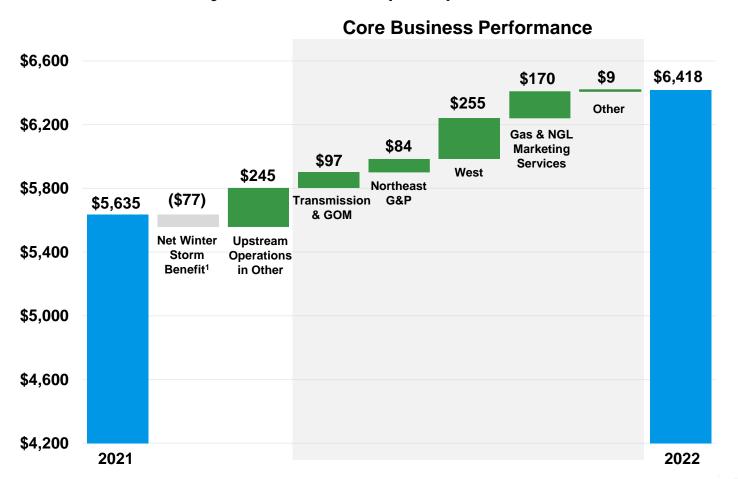
Increased revenues primarily driven by increased gathering volumes (including Trace) and higher G&P rates including hedge gains; partially offset by weather-impacted volumes

#### **Gas & NGL Marketing Services**

Increased marketing margins driven by favorable commodity pricing and transportation contracts; partially offset by an unfavorable natural gas storage inventory valuation adjustment

# Delivered 14% growth 2022 vs. 2021

#### WMB Adjusted EBITDA (\$MM): 2022 vs. 2021



#### **Core business performance drivers**

#### **Transmission & GOM**

Increased revenues from the Leidy South expansion, incremental park and loan and short-term firm contracts and the NorTex acquisition; partially offset by higher operating and maintenance costs

#### Northeast G&P

Increased revenues at our OVM JV and our Laurel Mountain and Cardinal franchises; partially offset lower Bradford COS rates

#### West

Increased revenues driven by higher gathering rates, increased Haynesville gathering volumes (including Trace); partially offset by higher operating and maintenance costs

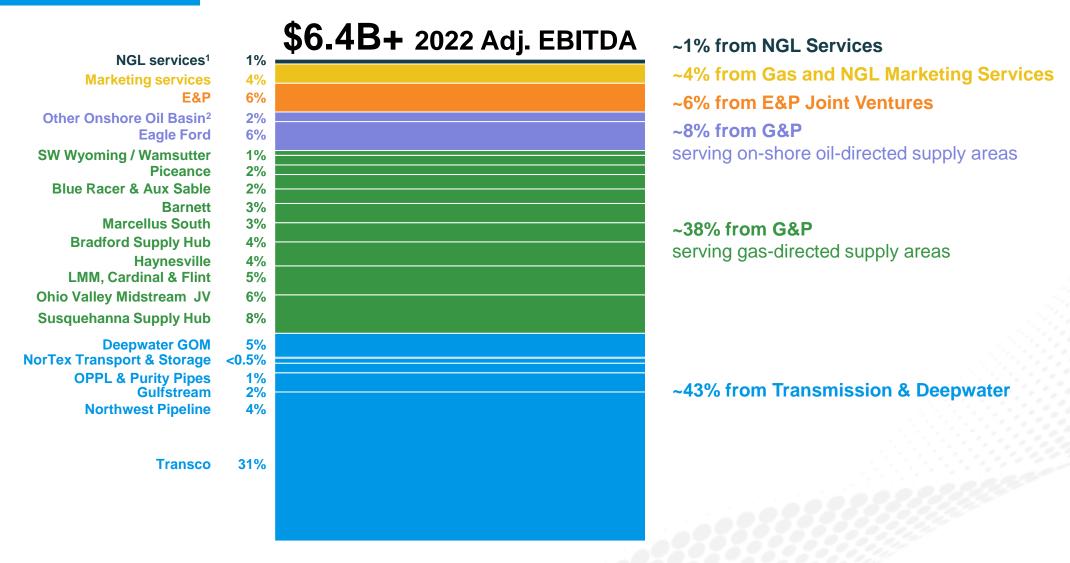
#### **Gas & NGL Marketing Services**

Increased marketing margins driven by favorable commodity pricing, transportation contracts and market volatility; partially offset by an unfavorable natural gas storage inventory valuation adjustment

Includes net benefit of 2021 winter storm in Gas & NGL Marketing Services, Upstream operations in Other segment and in the West (unfavorable impact).

Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures is included at the back of this presentation.

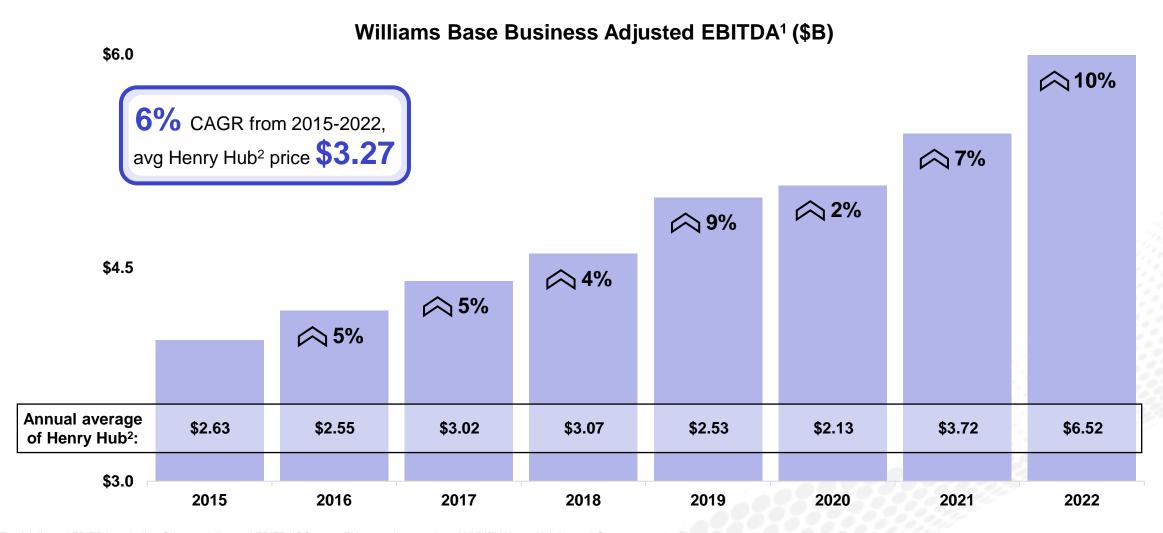
# Diversification of Adjusted EBITDA fuels stability and growth



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes Conway, Bluestem pipeline and Targa Frac. <sup>2</sup>Includes Permian, Mid-continent and DJ Basin.

Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest comparable GAAP financial measures is included at the back of this presentation.

## Demonstrated base business growth throughout various commodity cycles



¹Total Adjusted EBITDA excluding Other and divested EBITDA ² Source: EIA, annual avg. price of NYMEX Henry Hub Natural Gas prompt-month contract

Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest GAAP comparable financial measures are included at the back of this presentation.



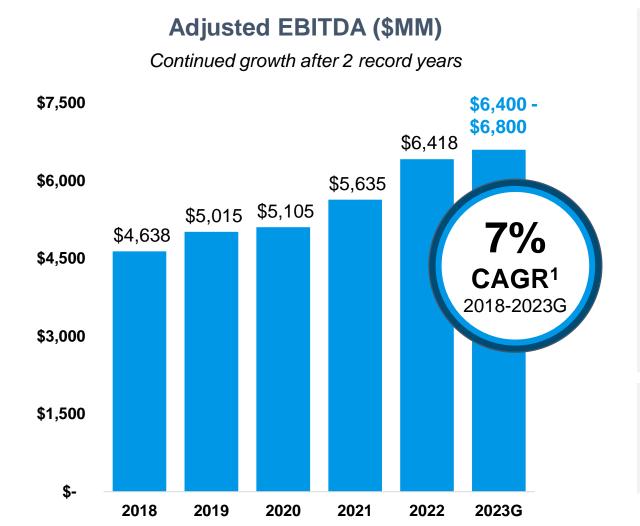
# Anticipating continued growth in 2023

## Anticipating continued growth in 2023

	2022 Actuals	2023 Guidance	Y/Y Growth (2022-2023G midpoint)
Adjusted EBITDA (Includes upstream contributions)	\$6.418B (\$391MM)	\$6.4B - \$6.8B (\$230MM - \$430MM)	3%
Adjusted Diluted EPS <sup>1</sup>	\$1.82	\$1.67 - \$1.92	-1%
Available Funds From Operations (AFFO)	\$4.918B	\$4.725B - \$5.125B	0%
AFFO Per Share	\$4.02	\$3.86 - \$4.18	0%
Dividend Coverage Ratio	2.37x	2.25x (midpoint)	
Debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	3.55x	~3.65x (midpoint)	
Growth CAPEX <sup>3</sup>	\$1.469B	\$1.40B - \$1.70B	
Maintenance CAPEX (Includes ERP <sup>4</sup> modernization)	\$678MM	\$750MM - \$850MM (\$200MM- \$300MM)	
Dividend Growth Rate	3.7% annual growth	5.3% annual growth	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>From continuing operations attributable to Williams available to common stockholders. <sup>2</sup>Book Debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA ratio does not represent leverage ratios measured for WMB credit agreement compliance or leverage ratios as calculated by the major credit ratings agencies. Consolidated debt is net of cash on hand. <sup>3</sup>2022 capital excludes \$424 million for the NorTex acquisition and \$933 million for purchase of the Trace Midstream Haynesville gathering assets. <sup>4</sup>Emissions reduction program. This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest comparable GAAP financial measures is included at the back of this presentation. Williams does not expect to be a U.S. Federal cash income taxpayer in 2023, excluding taxes on any potential asset monetizations.

## 2023 forecasted Adjusted EBITDA growth drivers



### 2023 Tailwinds

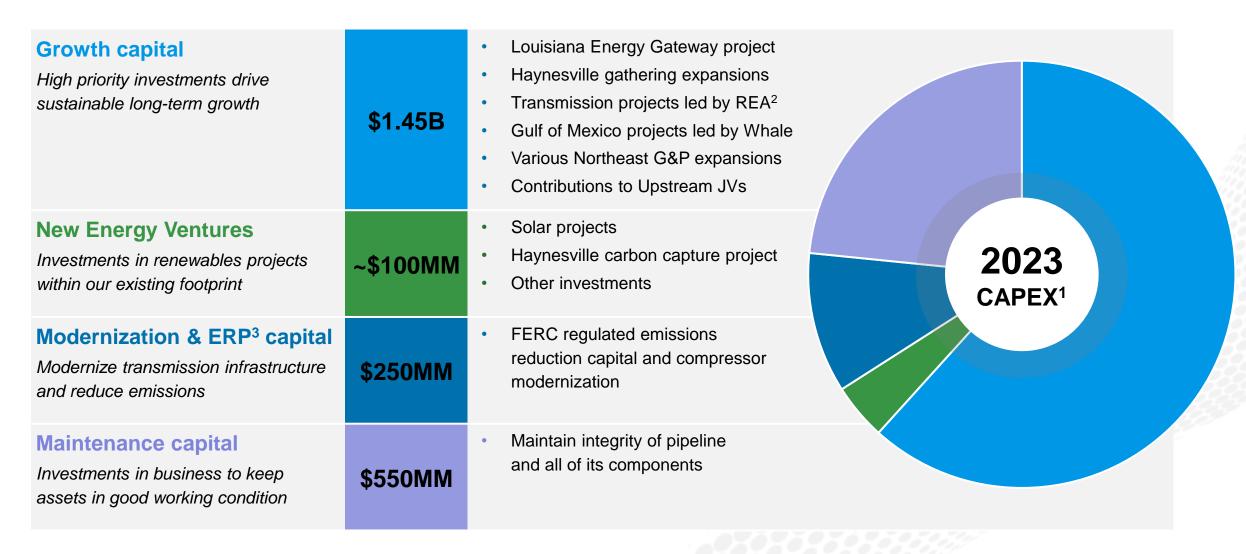
- + MountainWest acquisition
- + Full-year of Trace acquisition
- + Full-year of NorTex acquisition
- + G&P volume growth spread across numerous areas
  - Haynesville, Wamsutter, DJ, Cardinal, Marcellus South, OVM JV, Blue Racer
- + Gas marketing storage upside
- + G&P inflation-related fee increases
- + G&P-related hedges
- + Upstream JV volume growth

### 2023 Headwinds

- Unhedged commodity-exposed fees
- Lower commodity margins

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Anticipated CAGR based on the midpoint of 2023 Adjusted EBITDA guidance
Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest GAAP comparable financial measures are included at the back of this presentation.

### Expected capital drivers for 2023



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Anticipated CAPEX based on midpoint of 2023 guidance <sup>2</sup>Regional Energy Access <sup>3</sup>Emissions reduction program

77



## Capital allocation priorities

### Returns-based approach to capital allocation

### Capital allocation priorities:

**Maintain financial strength** 



- Protect long-term health of balance sheet and investment-grade rating
- 2023 Debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA guidance ~3.65x

**Dividends** 



- Preserve long-standing commitment to shareholder returns and grow dividend in-line with base business Adjusted EBITDA growth
- 2018-2023G CAGR: 6% dividend vs 6% base business Adjusted EBITDA<sup>1</sup>

**Strategic organic and New Energy Ventures investments** 



- Invest in high-return growth opportunities to drive long-term value and seek renewable projects leveraging existing footprint
- 17.5% Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) 2019-2022

**Emissions Reduction Program investments** 



- Invest in emissions reduction projects while generating regulated return
- Return realized through Transco 2024 rate case & Northwest Pipeline tracker

**Financial flexibility** 



 Return value to shareholders through deleveraging, buybacks or strategic bolt-on expansions

<sup>12023</sup> base business Adjusted EBITDA calculated using the Adjusted EBITDA midpoint of \$6.6B less the upstream Adjusted EBITDA midpoint of \$330MM.

Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest GAAP comparable financial measures are included at the back of this presentation.

### Williams has earned solid returns on its incremental investments

### Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)<sup>1</sup>

~\$1.59 billion

Increase in Adj. EBITDA 2019-2023G

**59.1** Invested capital 2019-2022 (Includes \$1.5B for MountainWest)

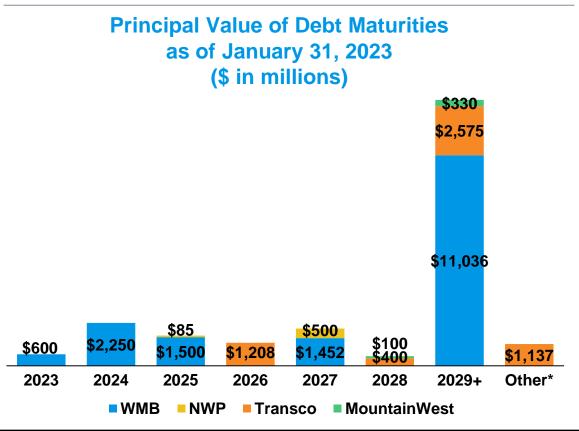


- Disciplined capital spending seeking strong incremental returns
- Excellent project execution
- Continuous improvement in operating margin
- Resilient business strategy

¹Increase in Adjusted EBITDA is anticipated full-year 2023G Adjusted EBITDA (based on the 2023 guidance midpoint) less full year 2019 Adjusted EBITDA. 2019-2022 Invested Capital is the sum of all growth capex, purchases of equity-method and other long-term investments and purchases of businesses (net of cash acquired), excluding capital spent on divested assets, less contributions in aid of construction (CIAC - growth projects) for years 2019-2022. 2019-2022 Invested Capital includes \$1.5 billion for the acquisition of MountainWest. Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures are included at the back of this presentation.

## Balance sheet strength and financial flexibility





### ~\$23.2B Total Debt Maturities

\*Other includes financing obligations associated with certain Transco growth projects Note – Pro Forma debt includes MountainWest acquisition which closed 02/14/2023 3.65x

2023 guidance for Net Debt to Adj. EBITDA

BBB/Baa2

**Credit Rating** 

4.77%

Weighted Avg. (fixed rate) Coupon For Debt Portfolio<sup>2</sup>

11.9 years

Weighted Avg. Maturity for Debt Portfolio<sup>2</sup>

1.15x improvement

In leverage since 2018<sup>1</sup>

Investment grade rated

across all rating agencies

Refinanced \$1.75B

of senior notes during 2022

Well-laddered debt profile

with no material maturities in 2023

\$3.75B credit facility

<sup>1</sup>Calculated using 2023 financial guidance. <sup>2</sup>As of 01/31/2023 – Includes MountainWest debt but excludes financing obligations associated with certain Transco growth projects



# Roadmap to growth beyond 2023

## A strong future ahead

#### BUSINESS PLAN DRIVING TOWARD ANOTHER BREAKOUT YEAR IN 2025 WITH CONTINUED GROWTH ALONG THE WAY

#### **Transmission**

- 2 Bcf/d+ of Transco growth projects in execution
- MountainWest acquisition
- NorTex acquisition
- Emissions Reduction
   Program capital investment opportunities up to \$1.3B
- ~25 project backlog
- Upcoming Transco rate case

#### Northeast & West G&P

- Trace acquisition
- Louisiana Energy Gateway project
- Higher midstream utilization due to increased drilling activity from JV partners
- ~1.5 Bcf/d of Haynesville gathering expansions in execution
- 3 Northeast gathering expansion projects in execution

### **Deepwater GOM**

- 5 major projects underway expected to double GOM Adjusted EBITDA by yearend 2025<sup>1</sup>
- Significant discoveries and increased producer capital investments lead to expected long-term growth

### **Strategic investments**

- Sequent Energy Management
- Carbon capture projects
- NextGen Gas deliveries
- Solar investments

Tracking in line with

5-7%

expected long-term Adjusted EBITDA growth rate

## Williams is a unique investment opportunity

Demand-driven
natural gas
strategy drives low
volatility in base
business earnings
with upside

Irreplaceable asset base, which handles ~1/3<sup>rd</sup> of the U.S. natural gas supplies

Steady, highquality revenues from broad mix of fee-based contracts: volume-protected and volume driven Demonstrated
EBITDA and
volume growth
even in weak
commodity price
environments

Outpacing industry across key sustainability rankings<sup>1</sup>

10 consecutive years of Adjusted EBITDA growth

**28** quarters **meeting** or **beating** consensus<sup>2</sup>

8.5% CAGR

Adjusted EBITDA 2018-2022;

23% CAGR Adjusted EPS 2018-2022 6% CAGR

Dividend Per Share 2018-2022

2.37x 2022 Dividend Coverage Ratio 9<sup>th</sup> highest 2023 dividend yield<sup>3</sup> in the S&P 500 **3.55x**2022 Net Debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA;

Investment Grade Credit Ratings

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See recent accomplishments slide in the appendix <sup>2</sup>Adj. EBITDA exceeded or was within 2% of the consensus estimate <sup>3</sup>Source: FactSet. As of 02/14/2023, calculated using consensus for annual dividend per share divided by 02/14/2023 stock price. Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest GAAP comparable financial measures are included at the back of this presentation.





## Corporate Strategy

Chad Zamarin, Executive Vice President, Corporate Strategic Development

## A leader in the clean energy economy





## History of accretive transactions

### Our strategic approach

## Align with Strong Fundamentals

Anticipate and align with market trends and focus on long-term value

# **Evaluating** a deal

## **Enhance Our Financial Position**

Seek reliable earnings and cashflows; protect balance sheet strength

## **Leverage Operational Synergies**

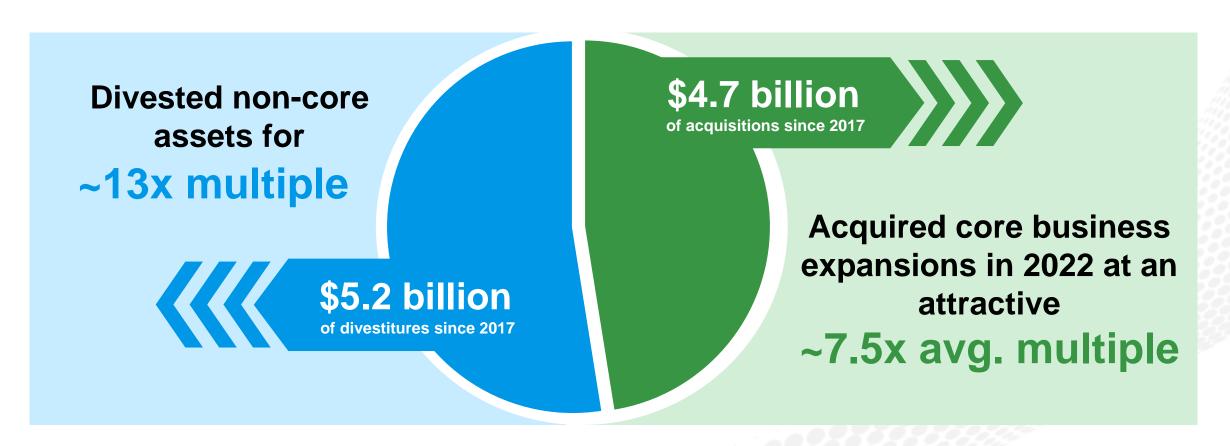
Identify targets that leverage existing positions and offer seamless transition

### Support a Clean Energy Future

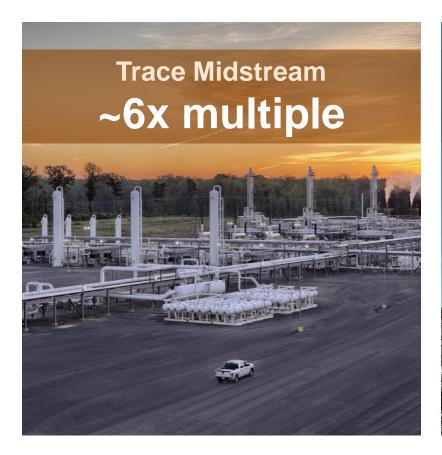
Expand solutions that complement and extend into the energy of the future

### Disciplined approach to acquisitions and divestitures

### History of value creation



### Accretive opportunities in 2022



Added ~140 miles of gas gathering and 2.5 Bcf/d of treating capacity in key growth basin

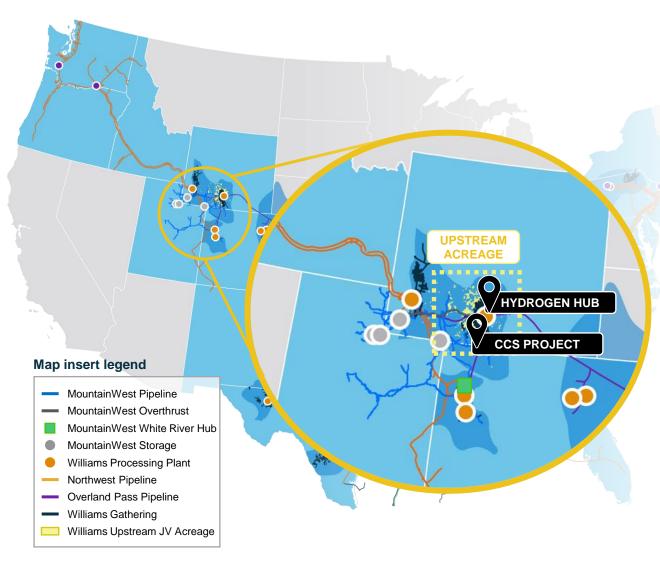


Added ~80 miles of gas transmission pipeline and 36 Bcf of natural gas storage in a high demand growth market



Added more than 8 Bcf/d of transmission capacity and 56 Bcf of gas storage

## Spotlight: Investing in the West

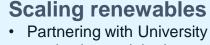


### **Strengthening our Western Position**



### **Acquired MountainWest**

 Integrated assets complementary to existing footprint and expands access to new demand markets and offers connectivity to growing Wamsutter system



- Partnering with University of Wyoming to evaluate hydrogen production and the impacts of blending on existing energy infrastructure in WY
- Developing injection well(s) for sequestering CO<sub>2</sub> emissions captured from Echo Springs gas plant



### **Growing our gathering**

- · Creating value from underutilized Wamsutter position
- JV with Crowheart promotes drilling activity and increased gathering and processing volumes to our systems



### **Utilizing Sequent**

- Marketing produced volumes, enabling optimization and opportunity to capture value through market dislocations
- Opportunity to source and deliver NextGen Gas



# Executing wellhead to water strategy

## Value chain integration in the Gulf Coast

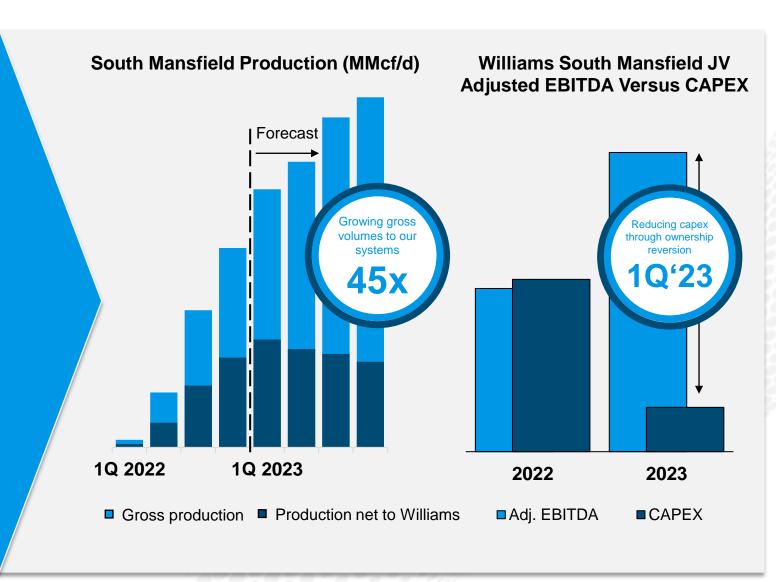


Sourcing and certifying NextGen Gas and delivering a differentiated product to growing Gulf Coast and LNG markets

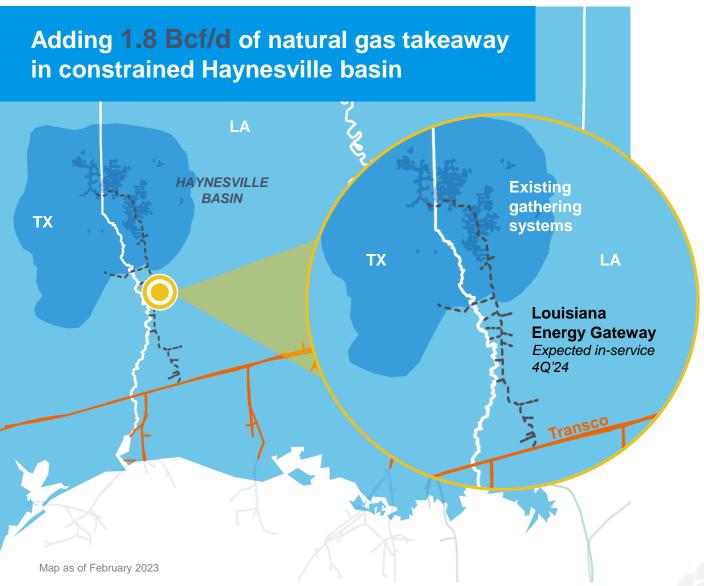
## Upstream joint venture driving downstream volumes

### **Unlocking Value**

- Proved upstream acreage through JV partnership
- Driving value to midstream systems, growing feebased gathering and treating volumes
- Reversion of interest occurred in Jan. 2023, reducing upstream exposure while ensuring midstream growth
- Sequent markets gas with downstream optimization and enhanced value realization
- Volumes support Louisiana Energy Gateway project, delivering into premium Transco markets
- Opportunity to deliver NextGen Gas and gain access to international LNG markets



## Louisiana Energy Gateway: critical bridge between supply and demand



## **Connecting Haynesville to the very best markets**

### **Strategic Integration**

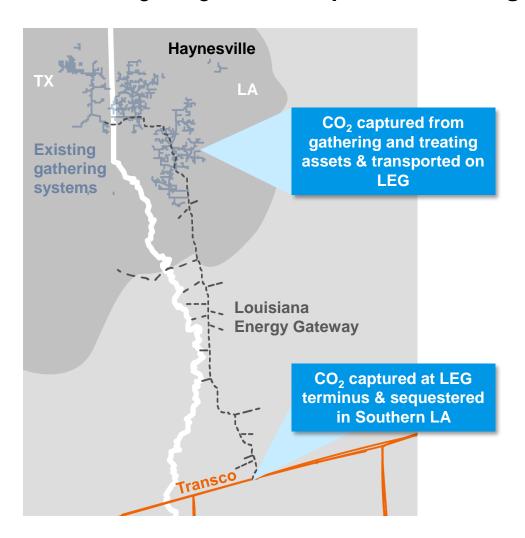
- Connects Haynesville production to growing Gulf Coast markets
- Provides 1.8 Bcf/d of gathering delivery
- Delivers to premium markets including Transco and LNG terminals
- Expansion capability to 2.1+ Bcf/d

#### **NextGen Gas**

- Integrated monitoring and verification program to capture and certify upstream, gathering and delivered emissions data and certificates
- Real time emissions data and emissions optimization capability
- Designed for net-zero infrastructure

## Decarbonizing the natural gas value chain

Integrating carbon capture and storage with Louisiana Energy Gateway to deliver clean energy



### **Scope of project**

- New treating, compression, capture equipment, and CO<sub>2</sub> pipeline
- Targeted in-service aligned with Louisiana Energy Gateway
- Project returns supported by increased 45Q credit included in Inflation Reduction Act

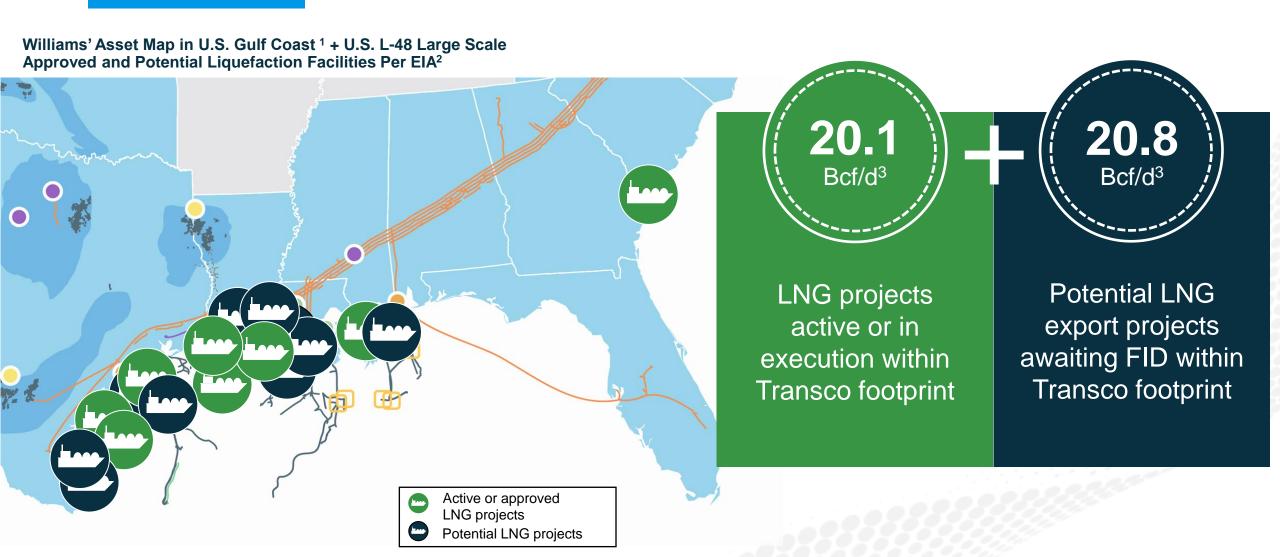
### **Utilizing the strength of our assets**

 Leveraging existing gathering and treating assets as well as Louisiana Energy Gateway gathering project to capture, transport and sequester a minimum of 2 million tons per year of CO<sub>2</sub>

### Supporting a clean energy future

- Supports wellhead to market strategy
- Creates additional opportunities to aggregate 3rd party CO<sub>2</sub> across Haynesville basin

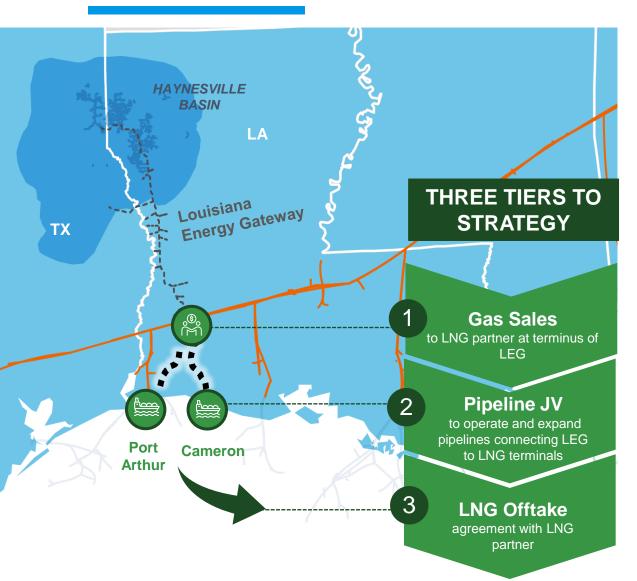
## Positioned to capitalize on active and growing LNG market



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration as of 12/29/22

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>As of February 2003 <sup>2</sup>Projects need to receive two major sets of regulatory approvals from U.S. DOE & FERC/MARAD <sup>3</sup>LNG export terminal capacity is the U.S. DOE-authorized maximum export quantity to non-FTA countries.

## Integrating the LNG value chain



#### STRATEGIC RATIONALE

- Increases global access to Williams' lowcarbon Haynesville natural gas via wellhead to water strategy
- Ability to directly align international demand growth with domestic production
- Complements Louisiana Energy Gateway gathering project
- Provides differentiated midstream services to domestic producers and expands customer base internationally
- Manages customer exposure and risk in LNG sales and purchase contracts utilizing Sequent expertise



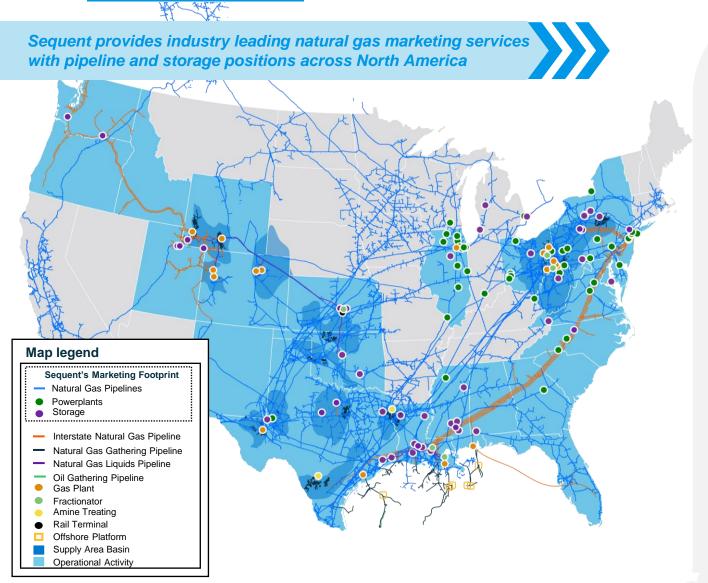
## Gas and NGL Marketing

Enhancing the business with expansive and diverse portfolio of transportation and storage assets

## Optimizing North America's pipeline and storage network

Sequent's priorities Focus on market fundamentals and constantly tune chain for Williams the portfolio **Build robust regional strategies and customer** relationships Commercialize NextGen Gas and evolve the natural gas Expanding the value value chain Capture growing LNG markets and balance needs Provide support to core Williams' infrastructure and projects

### Enhancing core business through addition of Sequent



## Sequent enhances Williams' core business



A diverse portfolio of transportation and storage assets, as well as fuel supply agreements, increases Williams' marketing footprint to ~8 Bcf/d



Offering comprehensive supply and marketing services with over 1,400 active customer agreements



Business model has been proven successful under variety of market conditions, delivering significant earnings while closely managing downside risk



Base level Adjusted EBITDA of \$50-\$70MM annually with upside based on changing market conditions

 Production and demand growth, infrastructure constraints, volatile weather, and other changing market conditions create opportunities to capture the value of changing locational and time spreads



# Evolving to ensure a sustainable business model

## New Energy Ventures: advancing the next generation of energy

## Distinct principles guide investment decisions toward a low carbon future



Achieve **emissions reductions** for ourselves, customers and partners



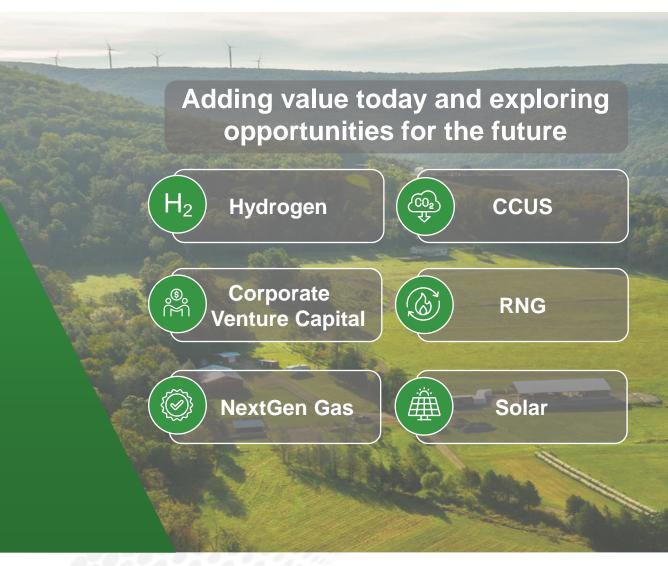
Create **economic value** with actionable investments



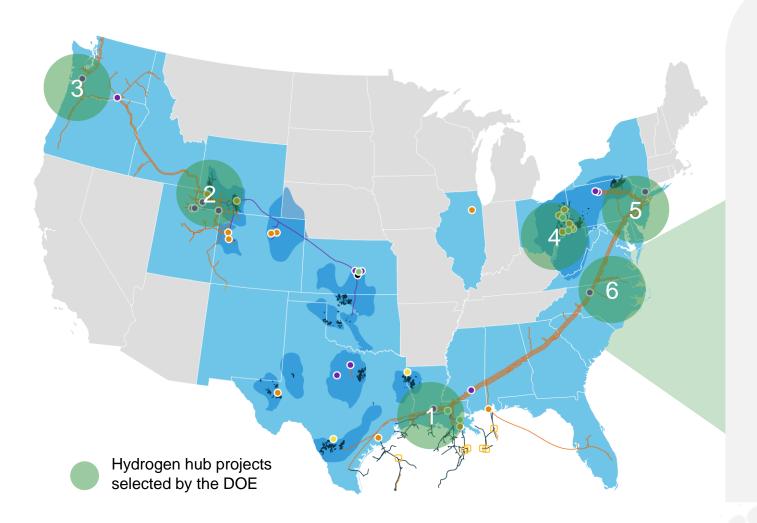
Target opportunities that leverage **strong** competitive advantage



Provide **scalable** options for the future



## Exploring the role of Hydrogen

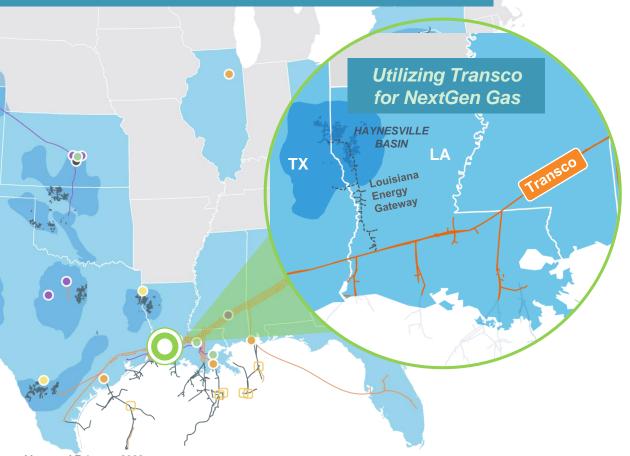


## Continued focus on the research and development of hydrogen hubs

- ✓ Williams is participating in 6 hydrogen hub applications, with all 6 projects encouraged by DOE to move forward
- ✓ 4 additional NEV project applications submitted to DOE
- ✓ Focused on existing infrastructure that provides competitive advantages
- ✓ Partnering with existing Williams' customers to ensure project success
- ✓ Additional hydrogen projects being developed outside the DOE hubs

## Spotlight: HALO Hydrogen Hub

## Prioritizing hydrogen production utilizing low carbon intensity NextGen Gas



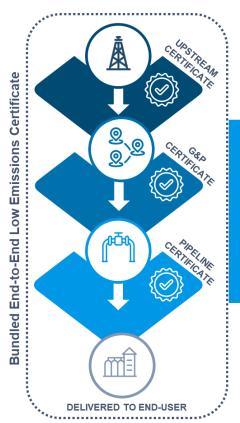


### NextGen Gas Accelerating Hydrogen Development

- Hub aims to develop blue and green hydrogen projects, decarbonize existing grey hydrogen and expand into new markets such as power gen and transportation
- Williams is working in partnership with the states of Arkansas, Louisiana and Oklahoma
- Goal to supply low carbon intensity NextGen Gas via Transco to hydrogen plants along the Gulf Coast
- In December 2022, the DOE encouraged the HALO Hub to submit a full application for the hydrogen hubs program

## NextGen Gas: powering the clean energy economy

Williams defines "NextGen Gas" as natural gas that has been independently certified as low emissions across all segments of the value chain.



NextGen Gas provides a credible and affordable reduced emissions product to help customers meet their climate commitments







## Executing a Low Carbon Wellhead to Market Strategy

- Demonstrating success with industry's first end-to-end transaction between Coterra, Williams and Dominion
- Using Sequent, NextGen Gas offers trusted emissions profiles, with ability to bundle offsets for net zero certified deliveries
- Technology developed in partnership with Context Labs combines multiple data sources, a blockchain carbon ledger and environmental attribute registry to provide certified natural gas, verified by KPMG
- Ability to provide low-emission pathways for each segment of gathering, processing, and transmission
- Development and offering of trusted low-carbon solutions through the CLEAR Path Registry to register, transfer, or retire certificates on behalf of customer
- Only certification to meet internationally recognized OGMP 2.0 Level 5 protocol and GTI Veritas for trusted quantification of methane emissions



Completed first certified NextGen Gas delivery in 2022



## Investing in energy innovation

### Integrating Corporate Venture Capital investments with our operations



Network of hyperspectral satellites to provide monitoring services and solutions across energy and other industries

Next Steps: OSK will launch 4 satellites in 2023 to begin monitoring WMB assets



Decarbonization as a Service platform that incorporates machine learning, AI, and blockchain technology for efficient asset mapping and data ingestion/integration related to emissions monitoring

Next Steps: Continued enterprise implementation with detailed monitoring at additional WMB sites



Long-range laser networks to provide low-cost methane detection and quantification of specific emissions sources

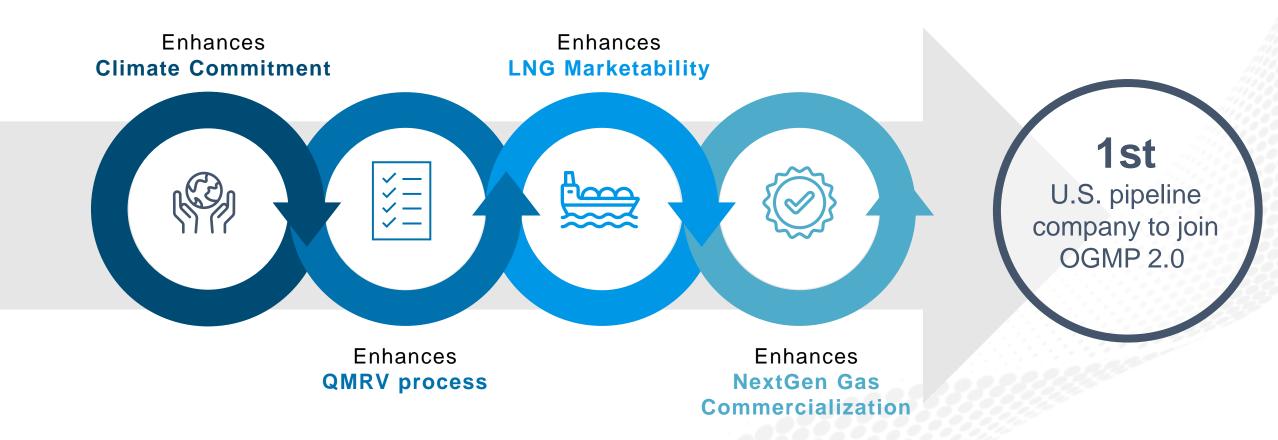
Next Steps: Implementing remote continuous methane monitoring at several of WMB's facilities

Committed over \$50MM in capital to new energy technologies through CVC investment program

### Announcing our commitment to OGMP 2.0

### What is OGMP 2.0?

The Oil & Gas Methane Partnership (OGMP) is the UN Environmental Programme's voluntary partnership to improve the accuracy and transparency of methane emissions reporting with a goal of reducing emissions.



# Solving global energy challenges starts here.



WE MAKE CLEAN ENERGY HAPPEN®

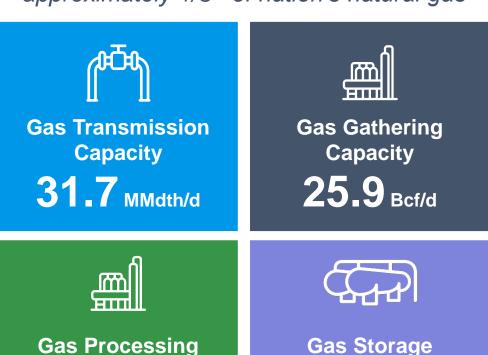


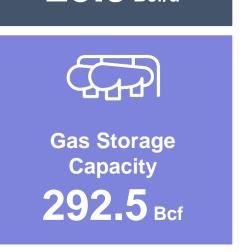


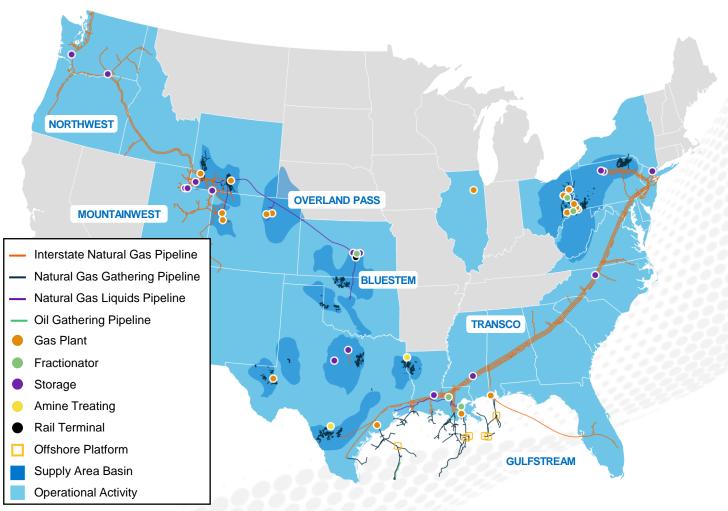
## Who we are

## Core business remains critical to serving today's energy needs

Serving 14 key supply areas and handling approximately 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of nation's natural gas







Figures represent 100% capacity for operated assets, including those in which Williams has a share of ownership as of 12/31/2022, and includes acquired MountainWest systems which closed 02/14/2023.

Capacity

7.4 Bcf/d

## A leader in energy infrastructure with a long-term sustainable strategy

#### **OUR VISION**

As the world demands reliable, low-cost, low-carbon energy, **Williams will be there** with the best transport, storage and delivery solutions. **We make clean energy happen** by being the best-in-class operator of the critical infrastructure that supports a clean energy future.

#### **OUR MISSION**

Committed to being the leader in providing infrastructure that safely delivers natural gas products to reliably fuel the clean energy economy.

#### **WHO WE ARE**

Williams safely and responsibly handles approximately 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of the natural gas in the United States that is used every day to heat our homes, cook our food and generate our electricity.



## Natural gas will be key to meeting future energy demand

#### Clean

- Support climate goals: replace emission intensive energy sources with clean burning natural gas
- Ease of transport:
   strong network of
   domestic infrastructure;
   rapidly expanding
   export infrastructure



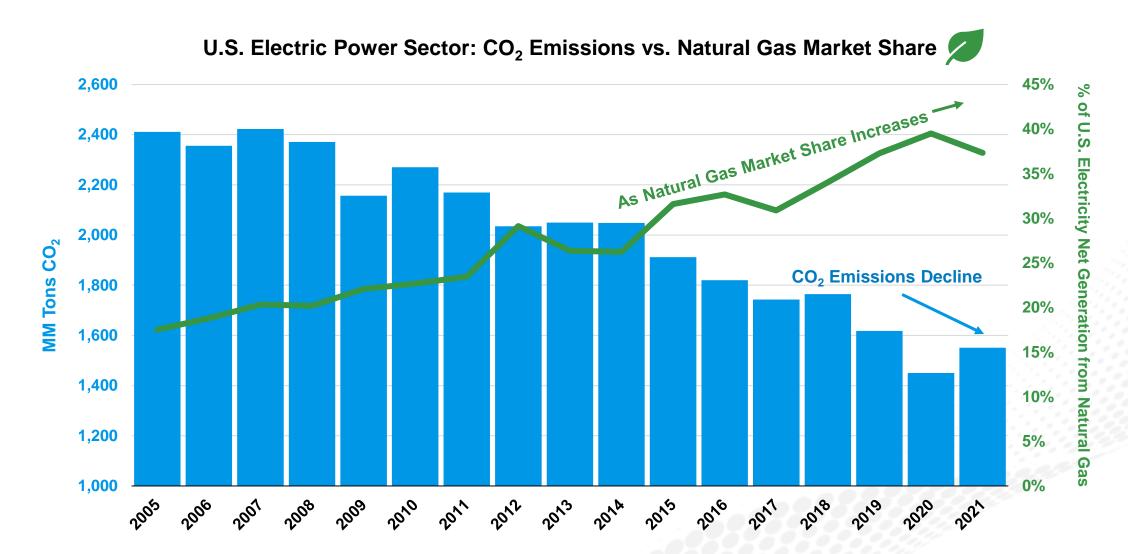
#### **Affordable**

- Low cost: not reliant on subsidies
- Efficient: uses substantial infrastructure already in place
- Economic: cost-competitive to other fuel sources

#### Reliable

- Dependable: proven in periods of renewable electricity intermittency
- Available: ample reserves both domestically and internationally
- Dispatchable: very best solution for back-up power generation

## Natural gas plays critical role in reducing emissions



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### Recent accomplishments

#### Regional Energy Access Progress

Received the FERC 7(c) certificate in January of 2023; All outstanding permits have been received. Anticipated in service date of 4Q 2024, in time for the 2024-2025 heating season.

## MountainWest Acquisition

Closed on acquisition of MountainWest Pipelines Holding Company on Feb. 14, 2023; acquisition adds ~8 billion cubic feet per day (Bcf/d¹) of transmission capacity and 56 Bcf¹ of total storage capacity to Williams' portfolio. The transaction includes \$1.07 billion of cash, \$0.43 billion of assumed debt and it represents an attractive ~8x estimated 2023 EBITDA multiple.

## Heads of Agreement with Sempra

Continued execution on the wellhead to market strategy through a heads of agreement (HOA) with Sempra Infrastructure; includes long-term gas sales of ~0.5 Bcf/d¹, two LNG offtake agreements for ~3 million tons per annum (mtpa) and the creation of a joint venture that will own, expand and operate Cameron Interstate Pipeline and the proposed Louisiana Connector Pipeline.

#### NextGen Gas Delivery

<u>Executed agreements with Coterra Energy and Dominion Energy Virginia</u>, establishing the industry's first NextGen Gas certification process across the full value chain; this includes leveraging block-chain technology to track and measure end-to-end emissions and verification by a third-party. First delivery made 4Q 2022.

#### Record Peak-Day

Northwest Pipeline recently surpassed its previous winter peak day record of 3.9 Bcf<sup>1</sup> set in February 2021, after delivering 4 Bcf<sup>1</sup> on December 22, 2022. Transco's last winter peak day record was on January 29, 2022, transporting 17.3 Bcf<sup>1</sup> and surpassing a previous high of 16.9 Bcf<sup>1</sup> set in February 2020.

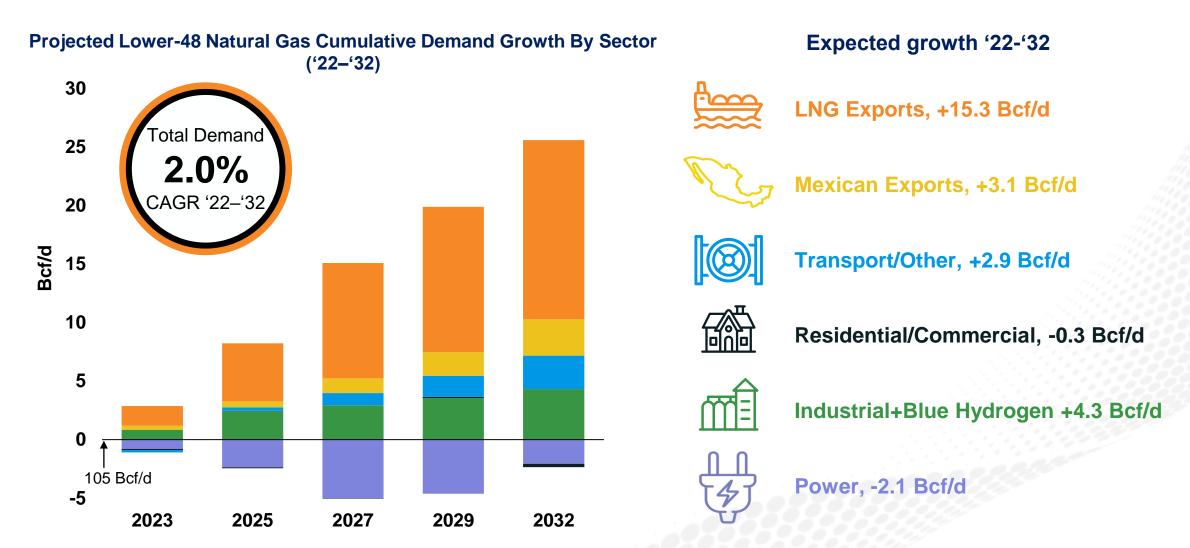
#### ESG Performance

Ranked number one in the North American Oil & Gas Storage & Transportation segment in the S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment and was awarded the highest distinction of Top 1% S&P Global ESG Score; included in both the DJSI North America and DJSI World indices for the 3rd and 2nd consecutive years respectively; received a 'B' score on the 2022 CDP Climate Change Questionnaire, better than industry average of 'C' and North America regional average of 'C'.



# Growing natural gas demand drives our competitive strategy

### Projected lower-48 natural gas demand grows by 23 Bcf/d through 2032



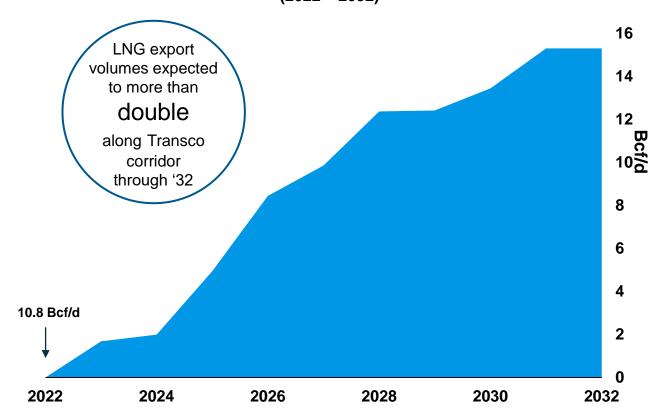
Source: Wood Mackenzie North America Gas Investment Horizon Outlook - October 2022

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### Expected growth in LNG exports creates opportunity for Transco expansions

#### All approved LNG export facilities within Transco corridor

Forecasted U.S. L-48 LNG Export Annual Volume Cumulative Growth (2022 – 2032)



Source: Wood Mackenzie North America Gas 10-year Investment Horizon Outlook - October 2022

#### U.S. L-48 Large Scale Approved Liquefaction Facilities Per EIA<sup>1</sup>

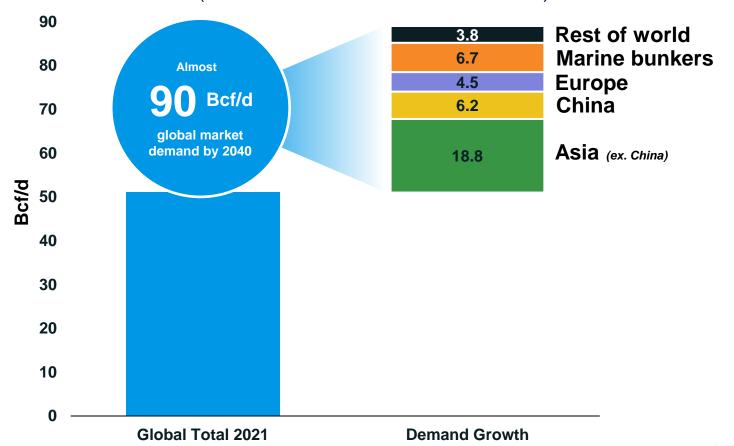
Project Name	Bcf/d²		Project Name	Bcf/d²
Operational		ı A	Awaiting FID	
Sabine Pass Trains 1-6	4.6		Cameron Train 4	1.4
Cove Point Corpus Christi Trains 1-3	0.8 2.4	н	Delfin	1.8
Cameron Trains 1-3	2.4	н	Driftwood	3.9
Elba Island	0.4	н	Freeport Train 4	0.7
*Freeport Trains 1-3	2.1	н	Gulf LNG	1.5
Operational/Commissioning		H	Lake Charles	2.3
Calcasieu Pass Trains 1-18	1.7		Magnolia	1.2
Under construction		li.	Plaquemines Phase 2	2.0
Golden Pass Trains 1-3	2.6	н	Port Arthur Trains 1-2	1.9
Plaquemines Phase 1 1.9 Corpus Christi Stage III 1.6	1.9	li.	Rio Grande	3.6
Corpus Crinsii Stage III	1.0	н	Texas LNG	0.6
20.1 Bcf/d Operational or in execution	002	į	20.8 Bcf/d —— Possible LNG ex projects awaiting	port

<sup>1</sup>Projects need to receive two major sets of regulatory approvals from U.S. DOE & FERC/MARAD. <sup>2</sup>LNG export terminal capacity is the U.S. DOE-authorized maximum export quantity to non-FTA countries. Source (tables on right side of slide): U.S. Energy Information Administration as of 12/29/2022 and FERC website as of 08/16/2022. \*Freeport expected to be back online in 2023.

## Global LNG demand growth poised to increase



(51 Bcf/d in 2021 to 89 Bcf/d in 2040)



#### **Key Growth Drivers**

**Asia:** Gas market liberalization and infrastructure growth

China: LNG imports support peak winter demand and promote a cleaner energy mix

**Europe:** LNG the biggest winner from the European Union's strategy to diversify away from Russian gas

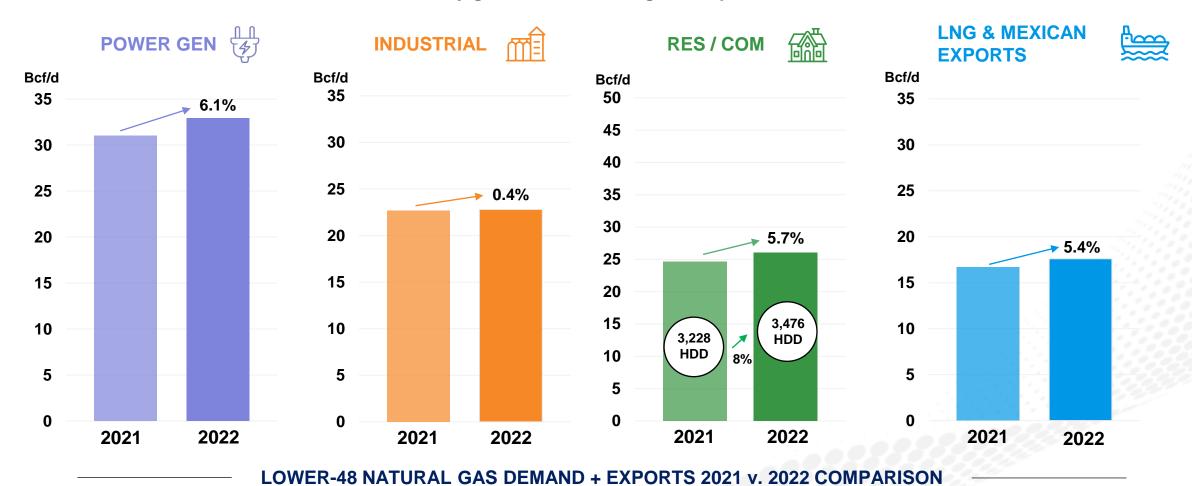
Marine Bunkers: Maritime trade grows alongside steady oil displacement

Rest Of World: Oil to gas switching in power sector; rising standard of living

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Source: Wood Mackenzie LNG Tool 4Q 2022
Note: Forecast includes projects with status of Existing, Under Development, Proposed, and FOB per Wood Mackenzie; Rest of World includes Global boil-off. Global boil-off assumed at 3.75%

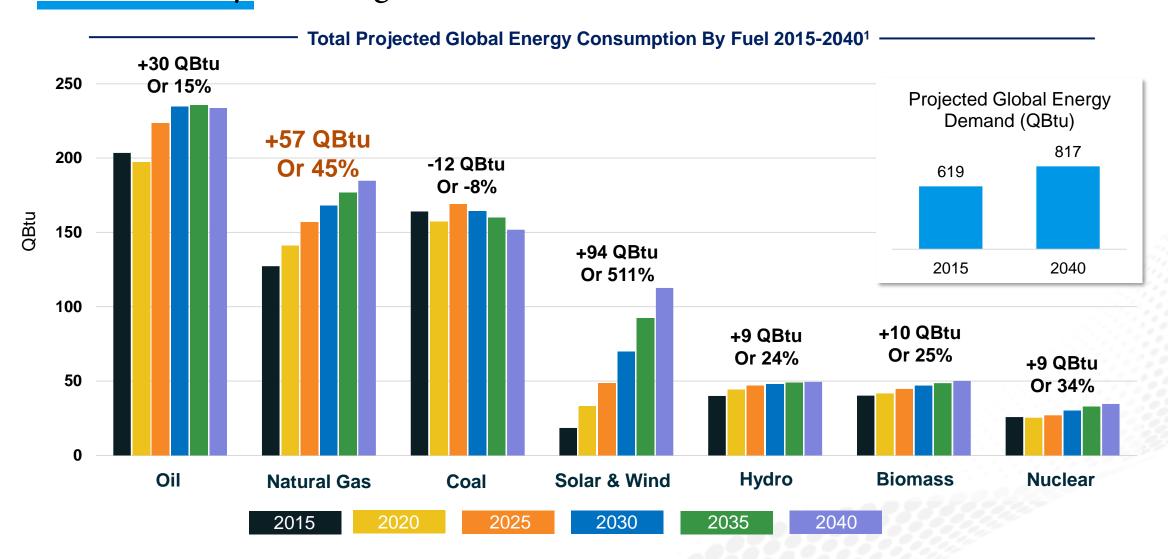
## Natural gas demand higher across all sectors

Total demand averaged 97.3 Bcf/d in 2021 compared to 101.7 Bcf/d in 2022, driven by growth in LNG feedgas and power demand



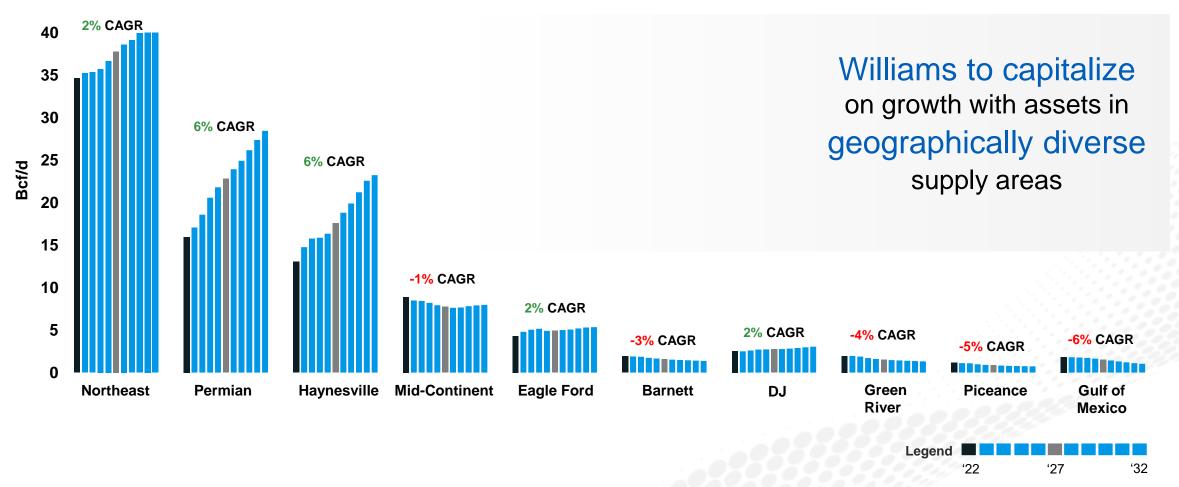
Source: S&P Global Commodity Insights ©2023. Note: Pipeloss/Fuel demand is excluded from the charts and that HDD is U.S. population-weighted Heating Degree Days.

## Nearly one-third of global energy demand growth through 2040 projected to be filled by natural gas



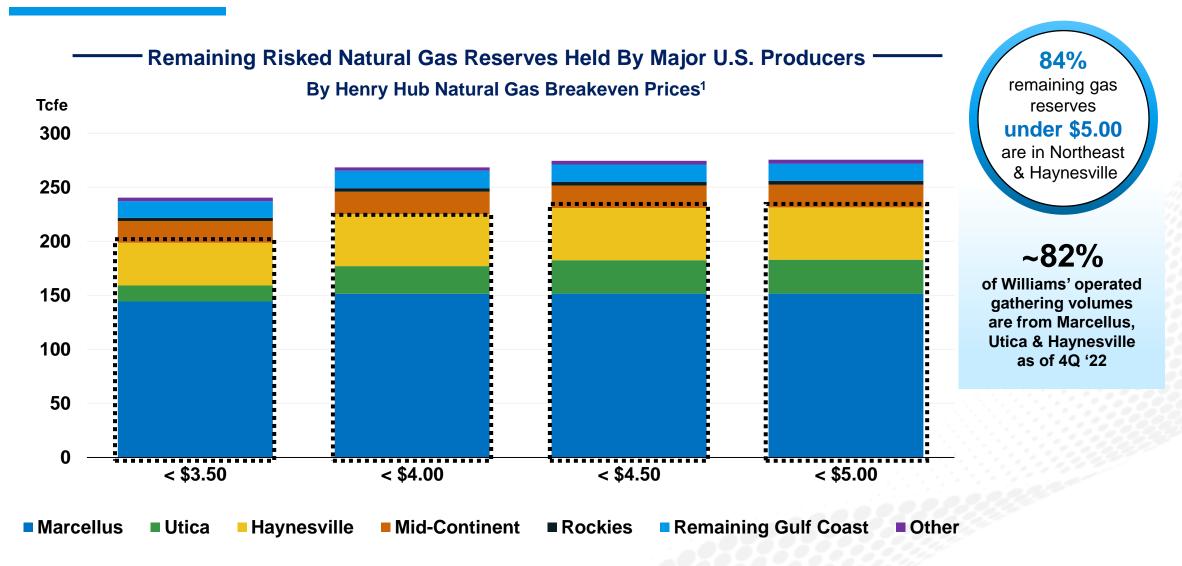
## Call on U.S. natural gas requires production growth across key supply areas

#### Forecasted Lower-48 Natural Gas Production by Supply Area (2022-2032)



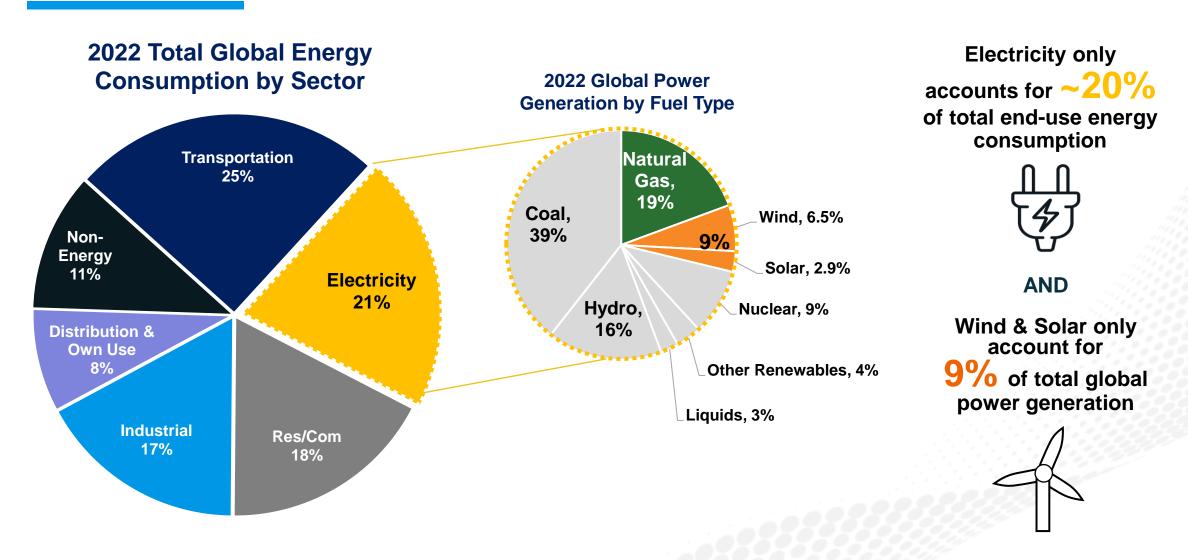
Source: Wood Mackenzie North America Gas Investment Horizon Outlook - October 2022

## Northeast remains largest and most economic gas basin



Note: Other = West Coast, gas-directed Permian, and non-Marcellus/Utica Northeast. Source: Wood Mackenzie 4Q '22 NACPAT; Note that Wood Mackenzie NACPAT data only includes information for major producers, making up ~60% of total U.S. natural gas production in '21. ¹Type well Henry Hub natural gas breakeven price (\$/mcf) at 10% discount rate.

## Renewables remain a small part of the total energy mix



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Other Renewables include Geothermal & Tidal Source: S&P Global Commodity Insights ©2023 January 2022 Most Likely Case.



## Williams in a position of growth

## Executing significant portfolio of gas transmission growth projects

**Projects in Execution ~\$1.5B** 

Project	Target In-service	Current Status	Project Capacity <sup>1</sup>	Markets Served
Carolina Market Link	2Q '24	Completed Open Season	78 MMcf/d	Res/Com demand in Mid-Atlantic
Regional Energy Access	4Q '24	Received FERC Certificate	829 MMcf/d	Res/Com & Power demand in PA, NJ & MD
Southside Reliability Enhancement	4Q '24	Received Draft EIS October '22	423 MMcf/d	Res/Com demand in Mid-Atlantic
Texas to Louisiana Energy Pathway	1Q '25	Filed FERC Application	364 MMcf/d	Gulf Coast LNG exports
Southeast Energy Connector	1Q '25	Filed FERC Application	150 MMcf/d	Power demand in AL
Commonwealth Energy Connector	4Q '25	Filed FERC Application	105 MMcf/d	Res/Com demand in Mid-Atlantic
Alabama Georgia Connector	4Q '25	Completed Open Season	63.8 MMcf/d	Power & residential demand in GA
mission Precedent ct Milestones* Agreement	<b>&gt;&gt;&gt;</b>	Environment  Assessment (EA)/ Environmental Impact  Certificate Statement (EIS)	Final Permits Received	∑ Under

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Dekatherms converted to cubic feet at 1,000 cubic feet = 1 dekatherm

## Deepwater expansion projects expected to add significant volumes in 2024 and 2025

	Whale	Shenandoah	Ballymore
Asset Synergies	<ul> <li>Increased utilization of existing pipelines; Downstream gas processing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased utilization of existing pipelines; Downstream gas processing and NGL Fractionation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased utilization of existing pipelines; Downstream gas processing and NGL Fractionation</li> </ul>
High-quality Customers	> Shell, operator: 60%, Chevron: 40%	> Beacon, operator: 31%; Navitas ShenHai: 49%; HEQ: 20%	> Chevron, operator: 60%, Total: 40%
Risk Mitigation	> Use existing capacity; Fixed rate of return on new capital investment	Use existing capacity; Fixed payments on new capital investment	> Use existing capacity; Zero capital investment
Large-scale Reserves	<ul><li>Combined reserves: ~545 MMboe</li><li>Oil: 100 Mbpd</li><li>Gas: 200 MMcf/d</li></ul>	<ul><li>Gas Reserves: 380 Bcf</li><li>Gas: 104 MMcf/d</li></ul>	<ul><li>Combined reserves: ~300 MMboe</li><li>Oil: 75 Mbpd</li><li>Gas: 50 MMcf/d</li></ul>
Timeline	> Reached FID: 2Q 2021; First flow expected 4Q 2024	> Reached FID: 3Q 2021; First flow expected 4Q 2024	> Reached FID: 2Q 2022; First flow expected 1H 2025
Location	> Western Gulf of Mexico	> Central Gulf of Mexico	> Eastern Gulf of Mexico

## Deepwater expansion projects expected to add significant volumes in 2024 and 2025 (*continued*)

	Taggart	Salamanca	Anchor
Asset Synergies	<ul> <li>Increased utilization of capacity - production handling, oil/gas gathering, gas processing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased utilization of existing pipelines; Downstream gas processing and NGL Fractionation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased utilization of existing pipelines; Downstream gas processing and NGL Fractionation</li> </ul>
High-quality Customers	> LLOG, operator: 100%	<ul> <li>Leon &amp; Castile Fields: LLOG, operator: (33%, 54%); Repsol: (50%, 30%); Beacon: (17%, 16%)</li> </ul>	> Chevron, operator: 63%, Total: 37%
Risk Mitigation	Use existing capacity, zero capital investment	Use existing capacity; Producer to build tie-back and incur capital	Use existing capacity; Producer to build tie-back and incur capital
Large-scale Reserves	<ul><li>Combined reserves: ~32 MMboe</li><li>Oil: 16 Mbpd</li><li>Gas: 35 MMcf/d</li></ul>	> Gas Reserves: 89 Bcf > Gas: 20 MMcf/d	> Gas Reserves: 75 Bcf > Gas: 25 MMcf/d
Timeline	> Reached FID: 2Q 2020; First flow expected 1Q 2023	> Reached FID: 2Q 2022; First flow expected 2Q 2025	> Reached FID: 4Q 2019; First flow expected 2Q 2024
Location	> Eastern Gulf of Mexico	> Central Gulf of Mexico	> Central Gulf of Mexico

## Northeast: Established footprint in nation's largest gas supply basin

#### Ohio River Supply Hub (ORSH)

#### **Northeast JV**

### Ohio Valley Midstream & Utica East Ohio Midstream:

- Operated joint venture
- 1.4 Bcf/d of gathering capacity; liquids-rich
- 1.9 Bcf/d of processing capacity
- 258,000 bpd fractionation and de-ethanization capacity

#### **LMM & Marcellus South**

#### **Laurel Mountain Midstream:**

- Operated joint venture
- 1,145 miles of pipeline; 0.9 Bcf/d gathering capacity; dry gas

#### **Marcellus South:**

- · Operated joint venture
- 290 miles of pipeline; 1.3 Bcf/d gathering capacity; liquids-rich

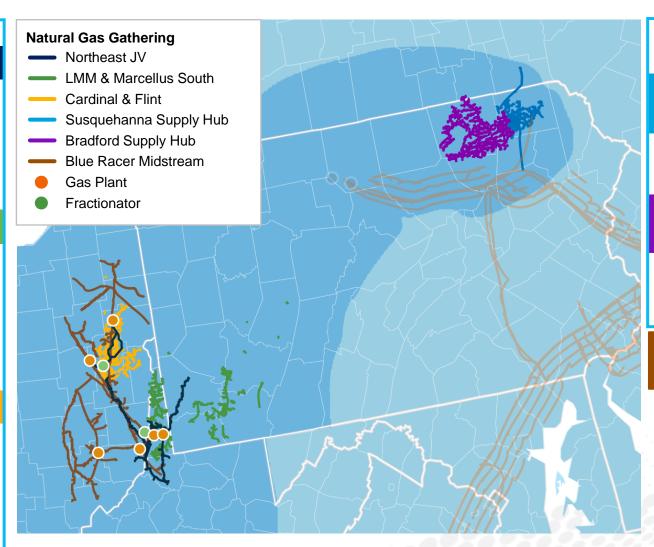
#### Utica<sup>1</sup>

#### Cardinal:

- · Operated joint venture
- 395 miles of pipeline; 0.7 Bcf/d gathering capacity; liquids-rich

#### Flint:

 100 miles of pipeline; 0.5 Bcf/d gathering capacity; dry gas



#### Susquehanna River Supply Hub (SRSH)

#### Susquehanna Supply Hub

- 479 miles of pipeline
- 4.3 Bcf/d of gathering capacity; dry gas

## Bradford Supply Hub<sup>2</sup>

- 750 miles of pipeline
- 4.0 Bcf/d of gathering capacity; dry gas

#### Blue Racer Midstream

- · Non-operated joint venture
- 741 miles of gathering pipeline in dry/rich gas<sup>3</sup>
- 1.2 Bcf/d of processing capacity
- 1.5 Bcf/d of gathering capacity
- 134,000 bpd fractionation capacity
- 260 miles of NGL and condensate transport

<sup>1</sup>Gathering and processing statistics for Utica Supply Hub do not include Blue Racer <sup>2</sup>Primarily cost-of-service based contracts <sup>3</sup>Includes 50 miles of condensate gathering Note: Figures represent 100% capacity for operated and non-operated assets, including those of which Williams has proportional ownership. All data as of 12/31/2022. Data excludes Aux Sable information

## Solar and energy storage projects in execution and development

10 projects

## Solar + battery projects in advanced development

- Engaged in permitting process
- Secured land and progressing detailed engineering and procurement
- Targeted MW: ~115 MWac Solar, ~69 MW Battery

2 projects

## Solar projects in initial development

- Initial project funding granted
- Proceeding with conceptual engineering designs and estimates
- Targeted MW: ~160 MWac Solar

5 projects

## Solar + battery projects in preliminary development

- Running feasibility studies and estimates
- Targeted MW: ~275 MWac Solar,~284 MW Battery



# Williams is a unique investment opportunity

## Strong results across key financial metrics

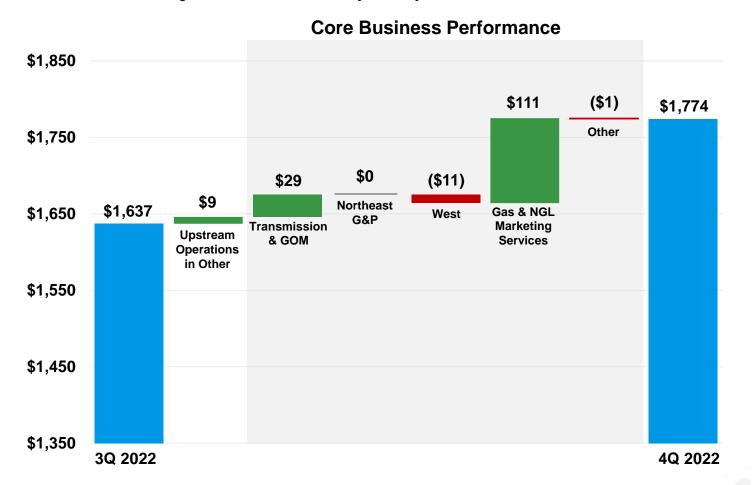
Strong Financial Performance Across Key Metrics	4Q 2022	4Q 2021	Change	2022	2021	Change
Adjusted EBITDA (Less winter storm benefit in 1Q '21)	\$1,774	\$1,483	20%	\$6,418	\$5,635 \$5,558	14% 15%
Adjusted Earnings per Share	\$0.53	\$0.39	36%	\$1.82	\$1.36	34%
Available Funds from Operations	\$1,357	\$1,045	30%	\$4,918	\$4,073	21%
Dividend Coverage Ratio (AFFO basis)	2.62x	2.10x	25%	2.37x	2.04x	16%
Balance Sheet Strength and Capital Discipline						
Debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	3.55x	3.90x				
Capital Investments <sup>2,3</sup>	\$876	\$371		\$2,147	\$1,577	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Does not represent leverage ratios measured for WMB credit agreement compliance or leverage ratios as calculated by the major credit ratings agencies. Debt is net of cash on hand, and Adjusted EBITDA reflects the sum of the last four quarters.

<sup>2</sup>Includes increases to property, plant and equipment; purchases of businesses net of cash acquired; and purchases of and contributions to equity-method investments. <sup>3</sup>2022 capital excludes \$424 million for the NorTex acquisition and \$933 million for purchase of the Trace Midstream Haynesville gathering assets. Note: In \$ millions except for ratios and per-share amounts. This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest comparable GAAP financial measures is included at the back of this presentation.

## Delivered 8% growth 4Q 2022 vs. 3Q 2022

#### WMB Adjusted EBITDA (\$MM): 4Q 2022 vs. 3Q 2022



#### **Core business performance drivers**

#### **Transmission & GOM**

Increased Transco revenues from park and loan and short-term firm transportation contracts and the NorTex acquisition

#### Northeast G&P

Increased revenues at our OVM JV and Cardinal franchises; primarily offset by lower Laurel Mountain Midstream commodity-based rates and weather-impacted volumes

#### West

Increased Haynesville gathering volumes more than offset by higher operating and maintenance costs and weather impacted volumes

#### **Gas & NGL Marketing Services**

Increased marketing margins driven by favorable commodity pricing and transportation contracts; partially offset by an unfavorable natural gas storage inventory valuation adjustment

Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest comparable GAAP financial measures is included at the back of this presentation.

## Williams' hedge positions

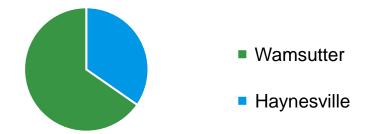
	11.681		
	E&P Hedge	S	
Commodity		2023	
Natural Gas	Volume (MMbtu)	Weighted-Average Price (\$MN	/lbtu)
Fixed Price Swaps	(11,430,000)	\$	6.25
Basis Swaps	(25,915,000)	\$	(0.42)
Liquids	Volume (Bbls)	Weighted-Average Price (\$B	Bbl)
Fixed Price Swaps - Crude Oil	(140,000)	\$	86.65
Fixed Price Swaps - NGL	(318,000)	\$	54.99
	G&P Hedge	es	
Commodity		2023	
Natural Gas	Volume (MMbtu)	Weighted-Average Price (\$MN	/lbtu)
Fixed Price Swaps	(22,325,000)	\$	6.28
Basis Swaps	617,500	\$	(0.20)
Index Swaps	1,180,000	\$	0.18
Liquids	Volume (Bbls)	Weighted-Average Price (\$B	Bbl)
Fixed Price Swaps - Crude Oil	(18,250)	\$	87.70
Fixed Price Swaps - NGL	(443,452)	\$	51.02

## 2023 upstream joint venture Adjusted EBITDA sensitivities

#### Full-year 2023 projections and assumptions

	Net Production	Price assumed in guidance
Natural Gas	300-350 MMcf/d	NYMEX: \$3.16/mmbtu
Oil Production	4-6 Mbbl/d	WTI: \$77.31/bbl
NGL Production	6-8 Mbbl/d	NGL (C3+): \$1.07/gal

#### **2023 Upstream JV Adj. EBITDA Guidance (\$MM)** \$230 - \$430



#### **Upstream Sensitivity Analysis**

Change: +/- \$0.25/mmbtu in natural gas price

Potential Impact: +/- \$24MM of Adj. EBITDA

Change: +/- \$5.00 in WTI crude price

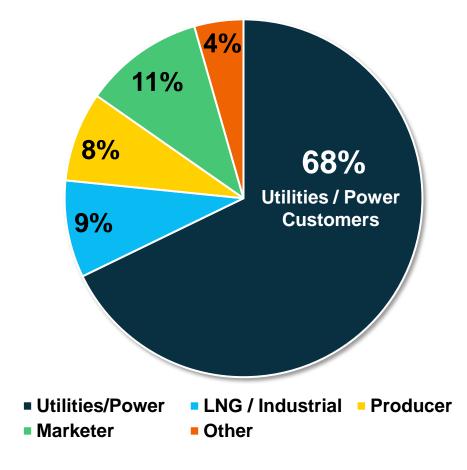
Potential Impact: +/- \$7MM of Adj. EBITDA

**Change:** +/- \$.05 in C3+ price

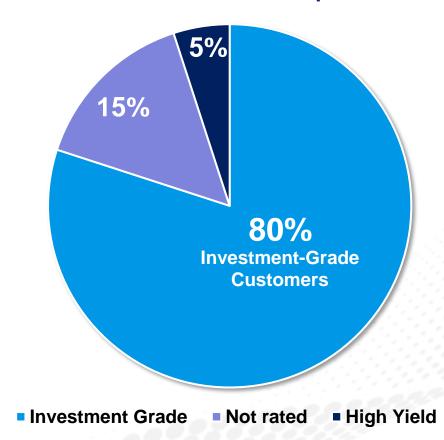
Potential Impact: +/- \$1MM of Adj. EBITDA

## High credit-quality, demand-pull customer base for transmission





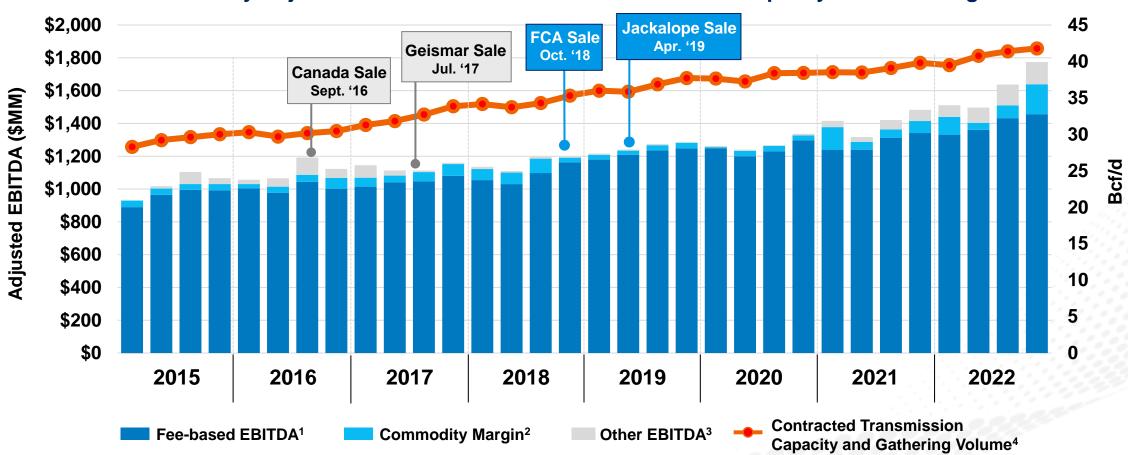
## **Credit Rating Profile Of Williams 2022 Gas Transmission Revenue From Top 100 Customers<sup>2</sup>**



<sup>1</sup>Includes firm reserved capacity of Transco, Northwest Pipeline, and Gulfstream at 100% <sup>2</sup> Transco, Northwest Pipeline and 50% of Gulfstream revenue earned from Top 100 customers company-wide

## Business performance driven by natural gas demand

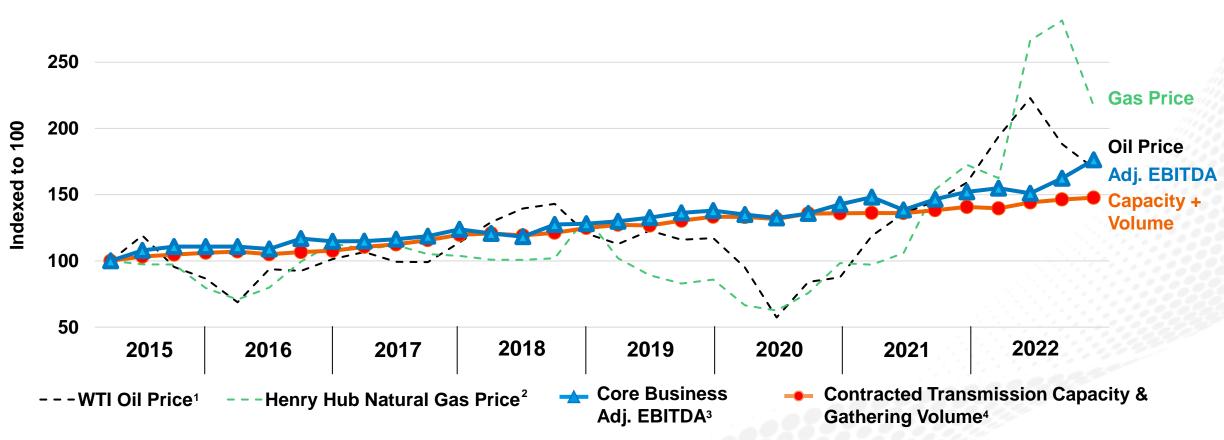
#### Williams Quarterly Adjusted EBITDA vs. Contracted Transmission Capacity and Gathering Volumes



¹Sum of West, Northeast G&P and Transmission and Gulf of Mexico segment Adjusted EBITDA excluding commodity margin; ² Includes Gas & NGL Marketing Services and Commodity Margin of West, Northeast G&P, and Transmission and Gulf of Mexico; ³Includes upstream Joint Ventures; ⁴Sum of gathering volumes and average daily firm reserved capacity for regulated transportation (converted from Tbtu to Bcf at 1,000 btu/cf) for West, Northeast G&P, and Transmission and Gulf of Mexico segments. Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest GAAP comparable financial measures are included at the back of this presentation.

## Williams generates steady growth in volumes and Adjusted EBITDA





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Source: EIA, monthly avg. price of NYMEX WTI Crude Oil prompt-month contract <sup>2</sup>Source: EIA, monthly avg. price of NYMEX Henry Hub Natural Gas prompt-month contract <sup>3</sup>Total Adjusted EBITDA excluding Other <sup>4</sup>Sum of gathering volumes and avg. daily firm reserved capacity for regulated transportation (converted from Tbtu to Bcf at 1,000 btu/cf) for West, Northeast G&P and Transmission & Gulf of Mexico segments. Note: This slide contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of all non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to their nearest GAAP comparable financial measures are included at the back of this presentation.



## Committed to sustainable operations

## Key climate commitment drivers

As a midstream industry leader, Williams believes we can successfully sustain and evolve our business as the world moves to a low carbon future, while also helping our customers and stakeholders meet their climate goals.



## Committed to a clean energy future

Williams recognizes the concerns regarding climate change and our strategy provides a practical and immediate path to reduce industry emissions and grow a clean energy economy

#### **Right Here, Right Now Opportunities**

Goal: 56% absolute reduction in company-wide greenhouse gas emissions by 2030<sup>1</sup>

Leverage our natural gas-focused strategy and technology that is available today to focus on immediate opportunities to reduce emissions, scale renewables and build a clean energy economy.

#### **Future Innovation and Technologies**

Our path to net zero by 2050 involves a combination of immediate and long-term solutions, including investments in renewables, technology and the best and brightest talent who are committed to doing what is right.



## Social performance



Jennifer H.
Project Analyst



Mohamed Y.
Knowledge Services



Aaron M.
Project Manager

- √ 30% of our leadership team is female or an underrepresented race or ethnicity
- ✓ Year over year from 2020-2021, our female leadership representation increased from 18% to 21%; leadership representation for employees of underrepresented race and ethnicity increased from 10% to 14%
- √ 16% of our permanent employees are an underrepresented race and ethnicity
- √ 22% of our permanent employees are female
- ✓ Over the last 5 years, on average, 33% of our early career program hires were from underrepresented race and ethnicity groups and 38% were female
- √ 6% voluntary turnover rate
- √ 10.5% of employees promoted
- √ \$12.1 million invested in communities in 2021

As of December 31, 2021



## CEO Action for Diversity & Inclusion Coalition



**D&I Council** 



**Metrics Dashboard** 



Diversity & Inclusion Training and Tools & Resources



**Candid Conversations** 

## Long history of strong corporate governance

- 1/3 of Board members represent gender, racial or ethnic diversity in 2022
- As of February 2023, 50% of Williams' standing Board committees are chaired by a woman
- Kathleen Cooper, former Williams' Board Chair was first female Board Chair of major midstream C-Corp
- Williams has been recognized, for the fourth year in a row, as a Trendsetter Company by The Center for Political Accountability's CPA-Zicklin Index which measures political disclosure and accountability policies and practices
- Named 2021 Top Inclusive Workplace by the Tulsa Regional Chamber's Mosaic coalition
- Adopted the Rooney Rule into our Corporate Governance Guidelines in 2021
- 15% of Annual Incentive Program targets composed of environmental and safety metrics in 2022
- Released our 2021 EEO-1 Survey Data in 1Q 2022
- 11 of 12 Williams Board members are independent

#### Williams' newest Board members



Rose Robeson

Board of Directors

Since December 2020



Stacey Doré
Board of Directors
Since January 2021



Jesse Tyson
Board of Directors
Since March 2022



Rick Muncrief
Board of Directors
Since March 2022



Carri Lockhart Board of Directors Since February 2023

#### Focused on environmental stewardship and building strong communities

#### 2021 Sustainability Report

#### **WILLIAMS WILL BE THERE**

56% REDUCTION GOAL

in company-wide greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 vs 2005 levels of 22.6 million mt CO<sub>2</sub>e, working toward net zero carbon emissions by 2050

84% REDUCTION

averaged in pipeline blowdown GHG emissions when using recompression technology

14% REDUCTION

in total LOPC events year-over-year at the end of 2021, exceeding our target of 10%

23,000 HOURS

volunteered by employees to charitable organizations, representing \$662,584 in value





#### Forward Looking Statements

#### Forward-looking statements

- > The reports, filings, and other public announcements of The Williams Companies, Inc. (Williams) may contain or incorporate by reference statements that do not directly or exclusively relate to historical facts. Such statements are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (Securities Act), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act). These forward-looking statements relate to anticipated financial performance, management's plans and objectives for future operations, business prospects, outcome of regulatory proceedings, market conditions, and other matters. We make these forward-looking statements in reliance on the safe harbor protections provided under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.
- All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included in this report that address activities, events, or developments that we expect, believe, or anticipate will exist or may occur in the future, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements can be identified by various forms of words such as "anticipates," "believes," "seeks," "could," "may," "should," "continues," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "intends," "might," "goals," "objectives," "targets," "planned," "potential," "projects," "scheduled," "will," "assumes," "guidance," "outlook," "in-service date," or other similar expressions. These forward-looking statements are based on management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to management and include, among others, statements regarding:
  - Levels of dividends to Williams stockholders:
  - Future credit ratings of Williams and its affiliates;
  - Amounts and nature of future capital expenditures;
  - Expansion and growth of our business and operations;
  - Expected in-service dates for capital projects;
  - Financial condition and liquidity;
  - Business strategy;
  - Cash flow from operations or results of operations;
  - Seasonality of certain business components;
  - Natural gas, natural gas liquids and crude oil prices, supply, and demand;
  - Demand for our services:

#### Forward-looking statements (cont'd)

- > Forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions, uncertainties, and risks that could cause future events or results to be materially different from those stated or implied in this report. Many of the factors that will determine these results are beyond our ability to control or predict. Specific factors that could cause actual results to differ from results contemplated by the forward-looking statements include, among others, the following:
  - Availability of supplies, market demand, and volatility of prices;
  - Development and rate of adoption of alternative energy sources;
  - The impact of existing and future laws and regulations, the regulatory environment, environmental matters, and litigation, as well as our ability to obtain necessary permits and approvals, and achieve favorable rate proceeding outcomes;
  - Our exposure to the credit risk of our customers and counterparties;
  - Our ability to acquire new businesses and assets and successfully integrate those operations and assets into existing businesses as well as successfully expand our facilities, and to consummate asset sales on acceptable terms;
  - Whether we are able to successfully identify, evaluate, and timely execute our capital projects and investment opportunities;
  - The strength and financial resources of our competitors and the effects of competition;
  - The amount of cash distributions from and capital requirements of our investments and joint ventures in which we participate;
  - Whether we will be able to effectively execute our financing plan;
  - Increasing scrutiny and changing expectations from stakeholders with respect to our environmental, social, and governance practices;
  - The physical and financial risks associated with climate change;
  - The impacts of operational and developmental hazards and unforeseen interruptions;
  - The risks resulting from outbreaks or other public health crises, including COVID-19;
  - Risks associated with weather and natural phenomena, including climate conditions and physical damage to our facilities;
  - Acts of terrorism, cybersecurity incidents, and related disruptions;
  - Our costs and funding obligations for defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans;
  - Changes in maintenance and construction costs, as well as our ability to obtain sufficient construction-related inputs, including skilled labor;
  - Inflation, interest rates, and general economic conditions (including future disruptions and volatility in the global credit markets and the impact of these events on customers and suppliers);
  - Risks related to financing, including restrictions stemming from debt agreements, future changes in credit ratings as determined by nationally recognized credit rating agencies, and the availability and cost of capital;

#### Forward-looking statements (cont'd)

- The ability of the members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries and other oil exporting nations to agree to and maintain oil price and production controls and the impact on domestic production;
- Changes in the current geopolitical situation, including the Russian invasion of Ukraine;
- Changes in U.S. governmental administration and policies;
- Whether we are able to pay current and expected levels of dividends;
- Additional risks described in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).
- > Given the uncertainties and risk factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement, we caution investors not to unduly rely on our forward-looking statements. We disclaim any obligations to and do not intend to update the above list or announce publicly the result of any revisions to any of the forward-looking statements to reflect future events or developments.
- > In addition to causing our actual results to differ, the factors listed above and referred to below may cause our intentions to change from those statements of intention set forth in this report. Such changes in our intentions may also cause our results to differ. We may change our intentions, at any time and without notice, based upon changes in such factors, our assumptions, or otherwise.
- > Because forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, we caution that there are important factors, in addition to those listed above, that may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. For a detailed discussion of those factors, see (a) Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, as filed with the SEC on February 28, 2022, (b) Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and (c) when filed with the SEC, Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.



#### Non-GAAP Reconciliations

#### Non-GAAP Disclaimer

- > This news release and accompanying materials may include certain financial measures adjusted EBITDA, adjusted income ("earnings"), adjusted earnings per share, available funds from operations and dividend coverage ratio that are non-GAAP financial measures as defined under the rules of the SEC.
- Our segment performance measure, modified EBITDA, is defined as net income (loss) before income (loss) from discontinued operations, income tax expense, net interest expense, equity earnings from equity-method investments, other net investing income, impairments of equity investments and goodwill, depreciation and amortization expense, and accretion expense associated with asset retirement obligations for nonregulated operations. We also add our proportional ownership share (based on ownership interest) of modified EBITDA of equity-method investments.
- Adjusted EBITDA further excludes items of income or loss that we characterize as unrepresentative of our ongoing operations. Such items are excluded from net income to determine adjusted income and adjusted earnings per share. Management believes this measure provides investors meaningful insight into results from ongoing operations.
- Available funds from operations is defined as cash flow from operations excluding the effect of changes in working capital and certain other changes in noncurrent assets and liabilities, reduced by preferred dividends and net distributions to noncontrolling interests.
- > This news release is accompanied by a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to their nearest GAAP financial measures. Management uses these financial measures because they are accepted financial indicators used by investors to compare company performance. In addition, management believes that these measures provide investors an enhanced perspective of the operating performance of assets and the cash that the business is generating.
- Neither adjusted EBITDA, adjusted income, nor available funds from operations are intended to represent cash flows for the period, nor are they presented as an alternative to net income or cash flow from operations. They should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for a measure of performance prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

### Reconciliation of Income (Loss) Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Adjusted Income 2015 - 2017

				2015						2016							2017		
(Dollars in millions, except per-share amounts)	1st G	tr 2r	nd Qtr 3	Brd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year	1st	Qtr 2	nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Q	tr Yea	r	1st Qtr	2nd (	Qtr 3	rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year
Income (loss) attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. available to common stockholders	\$	70 \$	114 \$	S (40)	\$ (715)	\$ (571)	\$	(65) \$	(405)	\$ 61	\$ (1	5) \$ (4	24)	\$ 373	3 \$	81 \$	33	\$ 1,687	\$ 2,17
Income (loss) - diluted earnings (loss) per common share (1)	\$	.09 \$	.15 \$	(.05)	\$ (.95)	\$ (.76)	\$	(.09) \$	(.54)	\$ .08	\$ (.0	2) \$ (	<u>57)</u>	\$ .45	5 \$	.10 \$	.04	\$ 2.03	\$ 2.6
Adjustments:																			
Northeast G&P																			
Impairment of certain assets	\$	3 \$	21	\$ 2	\$ 6	\$ 32	\$	_	\$ —	\$ —	- \$	— \$	_	\$ —	- \$	— \$	121	\$ —	\$ 12
Share of impairment at equity-method investments		8	1	17	7	33		_	_	6	; ·	19	25	_	-	_	1	_	1
Ad valorem obligation timing adjustment		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	-	_	7	_	-
Settlement charge from pension early payout program		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	-	—	_	7	
Organizational realignment-related costs		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	-	3	3	1		1	2	_	4
Severance and related costs		_	_	_	_	_		3	_	_		_	3	_	-	—	_	_	_
ACMP Merger and transition costs		_	_	_				2		_		_	2	_	-	_			/// <u>+</u>
Total Northeast G&P adjustments		11	22	19	13	65		5	_	6	5 :	22	33	1		1	131	7	140
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico																			
Regulatory adjustments resulting from Tax Reform		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	-	_	_	713	713
Share of regulatory charges resulting from Tax Reform for equity-method investments		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	-	_	_	11	11
Constitution Pipeline project development costs		_	_	_	_	_		_	8	11		9	28	2	2	6	4	4	16
Potential rate refunds associated with rate case litigation		_	_	_	_	_		15	_	_		_	15	_	-	_	_	of the first	10.00
Settlement charge from pension early payout program		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_	—	_	-	_	_	19	19
Organizational realignment-related costs		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_	—	1	l	2	2	1	(
Severance and related costs		_	_	_	_	_		10	_	_		_	10	_	-	_	_	_	_
Impairment of certain assets		_	_	_	5	5		_	_	_		_	_	_	- 5	'n,	14,1 <u>4,</u>		1505
(Gain) loss on asset retirement		_	_	_	_			_	_	_	- (1	1)	11)	_	-	_	(5)	5	
Total Transmission & Gulf of Mexico adjustments		_	_	_	5	5		25	8	11	(	2)	42	3	3	8	1	753	76
<u>West</u>																			
Estimated minimum volume commitments		55	55	65	(175)	_		60	64	70	(19	4)		15	5	15	18	(48)	
Impairment of certain assets		_	3	_	105	108		_	48	_	. ` ;	22	70	_	-	_	1,021	9	1,030
Settlement charge from pension early payout program		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_		1, 1 <sub>-</sub>	100		e * <u> </u>	9	
Organizational realignment-related costs		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	- :	21	21	2	2	3	2	1	3
Severance and related costs		_	_	_	_	_		8	_	_		3	11				_	_	_
ACMP Merger and transition costs		30	14	2	2	48		3	_	_		_	3	_	-	_	_	_	_
Loss (recovery) related to Opal incident		1	_	(8)	1	(6)				/ T		-0.0	_	14-75 <u>-</u>		_	_	_	_
Gains from contract settlements and terminations		_	_		_	_		_	_	_		_	_	(13)	)	(2)	_	_	(15
Total West adjustments		86	72	59	(67)	150		71	112	70	(14	8)	105			16	1,041	(29)	

<sup>(1)</sup> The sum of earnings per share for the quarters may not equal the total earnings per share for the year due to changes in the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding.

### Reconciliation of Income (Loss) Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Adjusted Income 2015 – 2017 cont.

			2015					2016					2017		
(Dollars in millions, except per-share amounts)	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Yea
<u>Other</u>															
Impairment of certain assets	_		_	64	64		747		8	755		23	68	_	91
Regulatory adjustments resulting from Tax Reform	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	63	63
Settlement charge from pension early payout program	_		_	_	_		_		_	_		_	_	36	36
(Gain) loss related to Canada disposition	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	65	1	66	(2)	(1)	4	5	f
Canadian PDH facility project development costs	_		_	_	_	34	11	16	_	61			_	_	
Accrued long-term charitable commitment	_	_	_	8	8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Severance and related costs	_	_	_	_	_	5	_	_	13	18	9	4	5	4	22
ACMP Merger and transition costs	8	9	7	12	36	2	_	_	_	2	_	4	3	4	11
Expenses associated with strategic alternatives	_	7	19	6	32	6	13	21	7	47	1	3	5	_	ç
Expenses associated with Financial Repositioning	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8	2	_	_	10
Expenses associated with strategic asset monetizations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	2	1	4	_	_	Ę
Loss related to Geismar Incident	1	1	_	_	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Geismar Incident adjustments	_	(126)	_	_	(126)	_	_	_	(7)	(7)	(9)	2	8	(1)	165 <u>4</u>
Gain on sale of Geismar Interest	_	· —	_	_	· _	_	_	_	_	_		_	(1,095)	_	(1,095)
Gain on sale of RGP Splitter	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(12)		_	(12
Contingency (gain) loss accruals	_	_	_	(9)	(9)	_	_	_	_	_	9	`	_	_	,
(Gain) loss on early retirement of debt	_	(14)	_	<u>`</u>	(14)	_	_	_	_	_	(30)	_	3		(27)
Gain on sale of certain assets	_	`	_	_	`_	(10)	_	_	_	(10)	`_	_	_	_	_
Total Other adjustments	9	(123)	26	81	(7)	37	771	102	24	934	(13)	29	(999)	111	(872)
Adjustments included in Modified EBITDA	106	(29)	104	32	213	138	891	189	(104)	1,114	(5)	54	174	842	1,065
Adjustments below Modified EBITDA		` ′							` ′		` ´				
Impairment of equity-method investments	_	_	461	898	1,359	112	_	_	318	430	_	_	_	_	_
Impairment of goodwill	_	_	_	1,098	1,098	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	80 M 40	/ / / <del>_</del>	- 20 -
Gain on disposition of equity-method investment	_	_	_	_		_	_	(27)	_	(27)	(269)	_	_	_	(269)
Interest expense related to potential rate refunds associated with rate case litigation	_	_	_	_	_	3	_	`	_	3	` _			0 " 0 <u>-</u>	_
Accelerated depreciation related to reduced salvage value of certain assets	_	_	_	7	7	_	_	_	4	4	_	_	_	_	
Accelerated depreciation by equity-method investments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		', ', <u>-</u>	9	
Change in depreciable life associated with organizational realignment	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(16)	(16)	(7)	_	_	_	(7
ACMP Acquisition-related financing expenses - Williams Partners	2	_	_	_	2	_	_	_	<del>-</del>	_	<u>`</u>	10 10 <u>1-</u>	100	150	
Interest income on receivable from sale of Venezuela assets	_	(9)	(18)	_	(27)	(18)	(18)	_	_	(36)	_	_	_	_	_
Allocation of adjustments to noncontrolling interests	(33)	21	(212)	(767)	(991)	(83)	(154)	(41)	(76)	(354)	77	(10)	(28)	(199)	(160)
<b>,</b>	(31)	12	231	1,236	1,448	14		(68)	230	4	(199)	(10)	(28)	(190)	(427)
Total adjustments	75	(17)	335	1,268	1,661	152	, ,	121	126	1,118	(204)	44	146	652	638
Less tax effect for above items	(28)	4	(129)	(473)	(626)	(61)	(202)	(39)	19	(283)	77	(17)	(55)	(246)	(241)
Adjustments for tax-related items (2)	5	9	1	(74)	(59)	_	34	5	_	39	(127)		_	(1,923)	(2,050)
Adjusted income available to common stockholders		\$ 110	\$ 167	\$ 6	\$ 405	\$ 26		\$ 148	\$ 130	\$ 450	\$ 119	\$ 108	\$ 124	\$ 170	521
Adjusted diluted earnings per common share (1)	\$ .16		\$ .22			\$ .03					\$ .14				
Weighted-average shares - diluted (thousands)	752,028				752.460	751,040				751.761	826,476		829,368	829,607	828,518

<sup>(1)</sup> The sum of earnings per share for the quarters may not equal the total earnings per share for the year due to changes in the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding.

The fourth quarter of 2015 includes an unfavorable adjustment related to the translation of certain foreign tax credit. The first quarter of 2017 includes an unfavorable adjustment related to the reversal of a cumulative anticipatory foreign tax credit. The first quarter of 2017 includes an unfavorable adjustment related to the reversal of a cumulative anticipatory foreign tax credit. The first quarter of 2017 includes an unfavorable adjustment related to the reversal of a cumulative anticipatory foreign tax credit. The first quarter of 2017 includes an unfavorable adjustment related to the reversal of a cumulative anticipatory foreign tax credit. The first quarter of 2017 includes an unfavorable adjustment related to the reversal of a cumulative anticipatory foreign tax credit. The first quarter of 2017 includes an unfavorable adjustment related to the reversal of a cumulative anticipatory foreign tax credit. The first quarter of 2017 includes an unfavorable adjustment related to the reversal of a cumulative anticipatory foreign tax credit. The first quarter of 2017 includes an unfavorable adjustment related to the reversal of a cumulative anticipatory foreign tax credit. The first quarter of 2017 includes an unfavorable adjustment related to the reversal of a cumulative anticipatory foreign tax credit.

### Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Non-GAAP Adjusted Income 2018 – 2019

					201	8								2019				
(Dollars in millions, except per-share amounts)	1st	Qtr	2nd	Qtr	3rd Q	Qtr	4th Q	r	Year	1st	t Qtr	2nd Qt	r 3	rd Qtr	4th	Qtr	Year	_
	Φ.	450	Φ.	405	Φ.	400	Φ (	70) (	(450)	Φ.	404	Φ 0	240 0	000	Φ.	400		000
Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. available to common stockholders	\$	152	<u> </u>	135	<u> </u>	129	<u> </u>	72) \$	(156)	\$	194	\$ 3	310 \$	220	<u> </u>	138	<u> </u>	862
Income (loss) from continuing operations - diluted earnings (loss) per common share (1)	_\$	.18	\$	.16	\$	.13	\$ (	.47) \$	(.16)	\$	.16	\$	.26 \$	.18	\$	.11	\$	.71
Adjustments:																		
Northeast G&P																		
Expenses associated with new venture	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	— \$	_	\$	3	\$	6 \$	1	\$	_	\$	10
Impairment of certain assets		_		_		_		_	_		_		_	_		10		10
Severance and related costs		_		_		_		_	_		_		10	(3)		_		7
Pension plan settlement charge		_		_		_		4	4		_		_	_		_		_
Benefit of change in employee benefit policy		_		_		_		_	_		_		_	_		_		40
Share of impairment of certain assets at equity-method investment		_		_		_		_	_		_		_	_				_
Share of early debt retirement gain at equity-method investment		_		_		_		_	_		_		_	_		_		
Total Northeast G&P adjustments		_		_		_		4	4		3		16	(2)		10		27
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico																		000
Constitution Pipeline project development costs		2		1		1		_	4		_		1	1		1		3
Northeast Supply Enhancement project development costs		_		_		_		_	_		_		_	_		<u>-0</u> 7,		
Impairment of certain assets (2)		_		_		_		_	_		_		_	_		354	3	354
Regulatory adjustments resulting from Tax Reform		4		(20)		_		_	(16)		_		_	_		10 July 1		_
Adjustment of regulatory asset associated with increase in Transco's estimated deferred state income tax rate following WPZ Merger		_		` <u> </u>		(3)		_	(3)		_		_	_		_		_
Charge for regulatory liability associated with the decrease in Northwest Pipeline's estimated deferred state income tax rates following WPZ Merger		_		_		12		_	12		_		_	_				_
Share of regulatory charges resulting from Tax Reform for equity-method investments		2		_		_		_	2		_		_	_		_		_
Reversal of costs capitalized in prior periods		_		_		_		_	_		_		15	10, 10, <u>-</u> 1		1		16
Gain on sale of certain Gulf Coast pipeline assets		_		_		_		(81)	(81)		_		_	_		_		_
Gain on asset retirement		_		_		(10)		(2)	(12)		_		<u> </u>	· · · ·				
Severance and related costs		_		_		` <u> </u>		_	`_		_		22	14		3		39
Pension plan settlement charge		_		_		_		9	9		_			نشرات الا		-		-
Benefit of change in employee benefit policy		_		_		_		_	_		_		_	_		_		_
Total Transmission & Gulf of Mexico adjustments		8		(19)		_		74)	(85)			7.7	38	15	-,	359		412
<u>West</u>				. ,					, ,									
Impairment of certain assets		_		_		_	1,	849	1,849		12		64	_		24	1	100
Gain on sale of Four Corners assets		_		_		_	(!	91)	(591)		2		_	_		_		2
Severance and related costs		_		_		_	·	_			$\sim$		11	(1)		_		10
Pension plan settlement charge		_		_		_		4	4		_		_	_		_		_
Benefit of change in employee benefit policy		_		_		<u>-</u>		_					_	_		_		_
Total West adjustments		_		_		_	1.	262	1,262		14		75	(1)		24	1	112

<sup>(1)</sup> The sum of earnings per share for the quarters may not equal the total earnings per share for the year due to changes in the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Our partners' \$209 million share of the fourth-quarter 2019 impairment of the Constitution pipeline project and \$65 million share of the first-quarter 2020 impairment of goodwill are reflected below in Allocation of adjustments to noncontrolling interests.

### Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Non-GAAP Adjusted Income 2018 – 2019 Cont.

			2018					2019		
(Dollars in millions, except per-share amounts)	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Yea
<u>Other</u>										
Regulatory asset reversals from impaired projects	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Commodity derivative non-cash mark-to-market	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Reversal of costs capitalized in prior periods	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Loss on early retirement of debt	7	_	_	_	7	_	_	_	_	_
Impairment of certain assets	_	66	_	_	66	_	_	_	_	_
Pension plan settlement charge	_	_	_	5	5	_	_	_	_	_
Regulatory adjustments resulting from Tax Reform	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	_	_	_
(Benefit) adjustment of regulatory assets associated with increase in Transco's estimated deferred state income tax rate			(45)		(45)	12			_	12
following WPZ Merger	_	_	(45)	_	(45)	12	_	_	_	12
WPZ Merger costs	_	4	15	1	20	_	_	_	_	11/2
Gain on sale of certain Gulf Coast pipeline systems	_	_	_	(20)	(20)	_	_	_	_	_
Charitable contribution of preferred stock to Williams Foundation	_	_	35	_	35	_	_	_	_	11128
Accrual for loss contingencies	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	9	(5)	4
Severance and related costs				_			_		1_	795803
Total Other adjustments	7	71	5	(14)	69	12		9	(4)	17
Adjustments included in Modified EBITDA	15	52	5	1,178	1,250	29	129	21	389	568
Adjustments below Modified EBITDA										
Gain on deconsolidation of Jackalope interest	_	(62)	_	_	(62)	_	_	_	an in a financia	rioi <del>a</del>
Gain on deconsolidation of certain Permian assets	_	_	_	(141)	(141)	2	_	_	_	2
Loss on deconsolidation of Constitution	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		27	27
Impairment of equity-method investments	_	_	_	32	32	74	(2)	114	_	186
Impairment of goodwill (2)	_	_	_	_	_	_				0.705
Share of impairment of goodwill at equity-method investment	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Accelerated depreciation for decommissioning assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Gain on sale of equity-method investments	_	_	_	_	_	_	(122)			(122)
Allocation of adjustments to noncontrolling interests	(5)	21	_	_	16	_	(1)	_	(210)	(211)
	(5)	(41)	_	(109)	(155)	76	(125)	114	(183)	(118)
Total adjustments	10	11	5	1,069	1,095	105	4	135	206	450
Less tax effect for above items	(3)	(3)	(1)	(267)	(274)	(26)	(1)	(34)	(51)	(112)
Adjustments for tax-related items (3)	_	_	110	_	110	_		_	_	_
Adjusted income from continuing operations available to common stockholders	\$ 159	\$ 143	\$ 243	\$ 230	\$ 775	\$ 273	\$ 313	\$ 321	\$ 293	\$ 1,200
Adjusted income from continuing operations - diluted earnings per common share (1)	\$ .19	\$ .17	\$ .24	\$ .19		\$ .22	\$ .26	\$ .26	\$ .24	\$ .99
Weighted-average shares - diluted (thousands)	830,197	830,107	1,026,504	1,212,822	976,097	1,213,592	1,214,065	1,214,165	1.214.212	1,214,011

<sup>(1)</sup> The sum of earnings per share for the quarters may not equal the total earnings per share for the year due to changes in the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Our partners' \$209 million share of the fourth-quarter 2019 impairment of the Constitution pipeline project is reflected below in Allocation of adjustments to noncontrolling interests.

<sup>(3)</sup> The third guarter of 2018 reflects tax adjustments driven by the WPZ Merger, primarily a valuation allowance for foreign tax credits.

### Reconciliation of Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Non-GAAP Adjusted Income 2020

					202	:0				
(Dollars in millions, except per-share amounts)	1st	Qtr	2nd	Qtr	3rd C	Qtr	4th C	Qtr	Yea	ir
Income (loss) attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. available to common stockholders	\$	(518)	\$	303	\$	308	\$	115	\$	20
Income (loss) - diluted earnings (loss) per common share (1)	\$	(0.43)	\$	0.25	\$	0.25	\$	0.09	\$	0.1
Adjustments:										
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico										
Northeast Supply Enhancement project development costs	\$	-	\$	3	\$	3	\$	-	\$	- (
Impairment of certain assets		-		-		-		170		170
Pension plan settlement charge		4		1		-		-		
Adjustment of Transco's regulatory asset for post-WPZ Merger state deferred income tax change consistent with filed rate case		2		-		-		-		;
Benefit of change in employee benefit policy		-		(3)		(6)		(13)		(22
Reversal of costs capitalized in prior periods		-		-		10		1		1
Severance and related costs		1		1		(1)		-		
Total Transmission & Gulf of Mexico adjustments		7		2		6		158		17
Northeast G&P										
Share of early debt retirement gain at equity-method investment		-		(5)		-		-		(5
Share of impairment of certain assets at equity-method investments		-		-		11		36		4
Pension plan settlement charge		1		-		-		-		
Impairment of certain assets		-		-		-		12		1
Benefit of change in employee benefit policy		-		(2)		(2)		(5)		(9
Total Northeast G&P adjustments		1		(7)		9		43		4
<u>West</u>										
Pension plan settlement charge		1		-		-		-		
Benefit of change in employee benefit policy		-		(1)		(2)		(6)		(9
Net unrealized (gain) loss from derivative instruments		-		-		-		-		
Total West adjustments		1		(1)		(2)		(6)		(8

<sup>(1)</sup> The sum of earnings per share for the quarters may not equal the total earnings per share for the year due to changes in the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding.

### Reconciliation of Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Non-GAAP Adjusted Income 2020 cont.

					2020					
(Dollars in millions, except per-share amounts)	1st Qt	r	2nd Q	tr	3rd Qtı	r	4th Q	tr	Yea	r
<u>Sequent</u>										
Amortization of purchase accounting inventory fair value adjustment		-		-		-		-		-
Net unrealized (gain) loss from derivative instruments		-		-		-		-		-
Total Sequent adjustments		-		-		-		-		-
<u>Other</u>										
Regulatory asset reversals from impaired projects		-		-		8		7		15
Expenses associated with Sequent acquisition and transition		-		-		-		-		-
Net unrealized (gain) loss from derivative instruments		-		-		-		-		-
Reversal of costs capitalized in prior periods		-		-		3		-		3
Pension plan settlement charge		-		-		-		1		1
Accrual for loss contingencies		-		-		-		24		24
Total Other adjustments		-		-		11		32		43
Adjustments included in Modified EBITDA		9		(6)		24		227		254
Adjustments below Modified EBITDA										
Accelerated depreciation for decommissioning assets		-		-		-		-		-
Amortization of intangible assets from Sequent acquisition (2)		-		-		-		-		-
Impairment of equity-method investments		938		-		-		108		1,046
Impairment of goodwill (3)		187		-		-		-		187
Share of impairment of goodwill at equity-method investment		78		-		-		-		78
Allocation of adjustments to noncontrolling interests		(65)		-		-		-		(65)
	•	1,138		-		-		108		1,246
Total adjustments	•	1,147		(6)		24		335		1,500
Less tax effect for above items (1)(3)		(316)		8		1		(68)		(375)
Adjusted income available to common stockholders	\$	313	\$	305	\$	333	\$	382	\$	1,333
Adjusted income - diluted earnings per common share (1)	\$	0.26	\$	0.25	\$	0.27	\$	0.31	\$	1.10
Weighted-average shares - diluted (thousands)	1,214	4,348	1,214	4,581	1,215	5,335	1,21	6,381	1,2	15,165

<sup>(1)</sup> The sum of earnings per share for the quarters may not equal the total earnings per share for the year due to changes in the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Third-quarter 2021 recast due to addition of adjustment to amortization of Sequent intangible asset.

<sup>(3)</sup> Our partner's \$65 million share of the first-quarter 2020 impairment of goodwill is reflected below in Allocation of adjustments to noncontrolling interests.

### Reconciliation of Income (Loss) Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Non-GAAP Adjusted Income (2021-2022)

			2021					2022		
(Dollars in millions, except per-share amounts)	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year
Income (loss) attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. available to common stockholders	\$ 425	\$ 304	\$ 164	\$ 621	<u>\$ 1,514</u>	\$ 379	\$ 400	\$ 599	\$ 668	\$ 2,046
Income (loss) - diluted earnings (loss) per common share (1)	\$ .35	\$ .25	\$ .13	\$ .51	\$ 1.24	\$ .31	\$ .33	\$ .49	\$ .55	\$ 1.67
Adjustments:										
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico										
Loss related to Eminence storage cavern abandonments and monitoring	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 19	\$ 12	\$ 31
Regulatory liability charges associated with decrease in Transco's estimated deferred state income tax rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	15	_	15
Net unrealized (gain) loss from derivative instruments	_	_	_		_	_	_	(1)	1	_
Impairment of certain assets		2	_	_	2		_		_	
Total Transmission & Gulf of Mexico adjustments	_	2	_	_	2	_	_	33	13	46
<u>West</u>										
Trace acquisition costs		_	_	_			8			8
Total West adjustments	_	_	_	_	_	_	8	_	_	8
Gas & NGL Marketing Services										
Amortization of purchase accounting inventory fair value adjustment	_	_	2	16	18	15	_	_	_	15
Impact of volatility on NGL linefill transactions (2)	_	_	_	_	_	(20)	_	23	6	9
Net unrealized (gain) loss from derivative instruments		_	294	(188)	106	57	288	(5)	(66)	274
Total Gas & NGL Marketing Services adjustments	_	_	296	(172)	124	52	288	18	(60)	298
<u>Other</u>										
Regulatory liability charge associated with decrease in Transco's estimated deferred state income tax rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5	_	5
Expenses associated with Sequent acquisition and transition	_	_	3	2	5	_	_	_	_	_
Net unrealized (gain) loss from derivative instruments	_	4	16	(20)	_	66	(47)	(29)	(15)	(25)
Accrual for loss contingencies	5	5	_	<u>'</u>	10	_	<u> </u>	11	_	11
Total Other adjustments	5	9	19	(18)	15	66	(47)	(13)	(15)	(9)
Adjustments included in Modified EBITDA	5	11	315	(190)	141	118	249	38	(62)	343
Adjustments below Modified EBITDA				( /			-		(- /	
Accelerated depreciation for decommissioning assets	_	20	13	_	33	_	_	_	_	_
Amortization of intangible assets from Sequent acquisition	_	_	21	(3)	18	42	41	42	42	167
Depreciation adjustment related to Eminence storage cavern abandonments								(1)	_	(1)
		20	34	(3)	51	42	41	41	42	166
Total adjustments	5	31	349	(193)	192	160	290	79	(20)	509
Less tax effect for above items	(1)	(8)	(87)	48	(48)	(40)	(72)	(17)	5	(124)
Adjustments for tax-related items (3)					<u> </u>		(134)	(69)		(203)
Adjusted income available to common stockholders	\$ 429	\$ 327	\$ 426	\$ 476	\$ 1,658	\$ 499	\$ 484	\$ 592	\$ 653	\$ 2,228
Adjusted income - diluted earnings per common share (1)	\$ .35	\$ .27	\$ .35	\$ .39	\$ 1.36	\$ .41	\$ .40	\$ .48	\$ .53	\$ 1.82
Weighted-average shares - diluted (thousands)	1,217,211	1,217,476	1,217,979	1,221,454	1,218,215	1,221,279	1,222,694	1,222,472	1,224,212	1,222,672

<sup>(1)</sup> The sum of earnings per share for the quarters may not equal the total earnings per share for the year due to changes in the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Had this adjustment been made in 2021, the Gas & NGL Marketing segment would have included adjustments of (\$15), (\$5), (\$15), \$1, and (\$34) for the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th quarters, and full year period, respectively. This would have reduced Adjusted income – diluted earnings per common share by \$0.01, \$0.01, and \$0.02 for the 1st and 3rd quarters, and full year period, respectively.

<sup>(3)</sup> The second quarter of 2022 includes adjustments for the reversal of valuation allowance due to the expected utilization of certain deferred income tax assets and previously unrecognized tax benefits from the resolution of certain federal income tax audits. The third quarter of 2022 includes an unfavorable adjustment to reverse the net benefit primarily associated with a significant decrease in our estimated deferred state income tax rate, partially offset by an unfavorable revision to a state net operating loss carryforward.

# Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Modified EBITDA and Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA 2015 - 2017

			2015					2016					2017		
(Dollars in millions)	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year
Net income (loss)	\$ 13	\$ 183	\$ (173)	\$ (1,337)	\$ (1,314)	\$ (13)	\$ (505)	\$ 131	\$ 37	\$ (350)	\$ 569	\$ 193	\$ 125	\$1,622	\$2,509
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	30	83	(65)	(447)	(399)	2	, ,	69	49	(25)	37	65	24	(2,100)	(1,974
Interest expense	251	262	263	268	1,044	291	298	297	293	1,179	280	271	267	265	1,083
Equity (earnings) losses	(51)	(93)	(92)	(99)	(335)	(97)	(101)	(104)	(95)	(397)	(107)	(125)	(115)	(87)	(434
Impairment of equity-method investments	· —		461	898	1,359	112		_	318	430	_	_	_	_	_
Other investing (income) loss – net	_	(9)	(18)	_	(27)	(18)	(18)	(28)	1	(63)	(272)	(2)	(4)	(4)	(282)
Proportional Modified EBITDA of equity-method investments	136	183	185	195	699	189	191	194	180	754	194	215	202	184	795
Impairment of goodwill	_	_	_	1,098	1,098	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Depreciation and amortization expenses	427	428	432	451	1,738	445	446	435	437	1,763	442	433	433	428	1,736
Accretion expense associated with asset retirement obligations for nonregulated operations	6	9	6	7	28	7	8	9	7	31	7	9	7	10	33
Modified EBITDA	\$ 812	\$1,046	\$ 999	\$ 1,034	\$ 3,891	\$ 918	\$ 174	\$1,003	\$1,227	\$3,322	\$1,150	\$1,059	\$ 939	\$ 318	\$3,466
Northeast G&P	\$ 194	\$ 184	\$ 204	\$ 188	\$ 770	\$ 220	\$ 222	\$ 214	\$ 197	\$ 853	\$ 226	\$ 247	\$ 115	\$ 231	\$ 819
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	ъ 19 <del>4</del> 421	φ 164 473	Ф 20 <del>4</del> 499	ф 100 471	1,864	ъ 220 466	436	ъ 214 502	ъ 197 538	1,942	535	φ 247 531	507	(236)	1,337
West	227	253	264	412	1,156	243	236	284	460	1,942	300	279	(692)	426	313
Other	(30)	136	32	(37)	1,136	(11)	(720)	3	32	(696)	89	2/9	1,009	(103)	997
Total Modified EBITDA	\$ 812	\$1,046	\$ 999	\$ 1,034	\$ 3,891	\$ 918		\$1,003	\$1,227	\$3,322	\$1,150	\$1,059	\$ <b>939</b>	\$ 318	\$3,466
Total Mounted EBITDA	<b>Ψ</b> 012	Ψ1, <del>040</del>	<u>Ψ 333</u>	ψ 1,03 <del>4</del>	<del>Ψ 3,031</del>	<u> </u>	<u>Ψ 1/-+</u>	Ψ1,005	Ψ1,221	ΨJ,JZZ	Ψ1,130	Ψ1,009	<del>y</del> 333	<b>\$ 310</b>	\$5,400
Adjustments included in Modified EBITDA (1):															
Northeast G&P	\$ 11	\$ 22	\$ 19	\$ 13	\$ 65	\$ 5	\$ <u>_</u>	\$ 6	\$ 22	\$ 33	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 131	\$ 7	\$ 140
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	Ψ II	Ψ	Ψ 10 —	5	5	25	8	11	(2)	42	3	8	1	753	765
West	86	72	59	(67)	150	71	112	70	(148)	105	4	16	1,041	(29)	1,032
Other	9	(123)	26	81	(7)	37	771	102	24	934	(13)	29	(999)	111	(872)
Total Adjustments included in Modified EBITDA	\$ 106	\$ (29)	\$ 104	\$ 32	\$ 213	\$ 138		\$ 189	\$ (104)	\$1,114	\$ (5)			\$ 842	\$1,065
Adjusted EBITDA:															
Aujustou Ebilba															
Northeast G&P	\$ 205	\$ 206	\$ 223	\$ 201	\$ 835	\$ 225	\$ 222	\$ 220	\$ 219	\$ 886	\$ 227	\$ 248	\$ 246	\$ 238	\$ 959
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	421	473	499	476	1,869	491	444	513	536	1,984	538	539	508	517	2,102
West	313	325	323	345	1,306	314	348	354	312	1,328	304	295	349	397	1,345
Other	(21)	13	58	44	94	26	51	105	56	238	76	31	10	8	125
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 918	\$1,017	\$1,103	\$ 1,066	\$ 4,104	\$1,056	\$1,065	\$1,192	\$1,123	\$4,436	\$1,145	\$1,113	\$1,113	\$1,160	\$4,531

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjustments by segment are detailed in the "Reconciliation of Income (Loss) Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Adjusted Income," which is also included in these materials.

## Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Modified EBITDA and Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA 2018 – 2019

			2018					2019		
(Dollars in millions)	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year
Net income (loss)	\$ 270	\$ 269	\$ 200	\$ (546)	\$ 193	\$ 214	\$ 324	\$ 242	\$ (66)	\$ 714
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	55	52	190	(159)	138	69	98	77	91	335
Interest expense	273	275	270	294	1,112	296	296	296	298	1,186
Impairment of goodwill	_	_	_		· <u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_
Equity (earnings) losses	(82)	(92)	(105)	(117)	(396)	(80)	(87)	(93)	(115)	(375)
Impairment of equity-method investments	`_	` <u> </u>	<u> </u>	32	32	74	(2)	114	` <u> </u>	186
Other investing (income) loss - net	(4)	(68)	(2)	(145)	(219)	(1)	(124)	(7)	25	(107)
Proportional Modified EBITDA of equity-method investments	169	178	205	218	770	190	175	181	200	746
Depreciation and amortization expenses	431	434	425	435	1,725	416	424	435	439	1,714
Accretion expense associated with asset retirement obligations for nonregulated operations	8	10	8	7	33	9	8	8	8	33
(Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	15	15
Modified EBITDA	\$1,120	\$1,058	\$1,191	\$ 19	\$3,388	\$1,187	\$1,112	\$1,253	\$ 895	\$4,447
Northeast G&P	\$ 250	\$ 255	\$ 281	\$ 300	\$1,086	\$ 299	\$ 303	\$ 345	\$ 367	\$1,314
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	531	φ 233 541	549	φ 300 672	2,293	636	590	665	284	2,175
West	333	323	355	(973)	38	256	212	245	239	952
Other	6	(61)	6	20	(29)	(4)	7	(2)	5	6
Total Modified EBITDA	\$1,120	\$1,058	\$1,191	\$ 19	\$3,388	\$1,187	\$1,112	\$1,253	\$ 895	\$4,447
										0000
Adjustments included in Modified EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup> :										
Northeast G&P	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ 16	\$ (2)	\$ 10	\$ 27
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	8	(19)		(74)	(85)	_	38	15	359	412
West	_	`	_	1,262	1,262	14	75	(1)	24	112
Other	7	71	5	(14)	69	12		9	(4)	17
Total Adjustments included in Modified EBITDA	\$ 15	\$ 52	\$ 5	\$1,178	\$1,250	\$ 29	\$ 129	\$ 21	\$ 389	\$ 568
Adjusted EBITDA:										
, tajuotou 12.1.2.11										
Northeast G&P	\$ 250	\$ 255	\$ 281	\$ 304	\$1,090	\$ 302	\$ 319	\$ 343	\$ 377	\$1,341
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	539	522	549	598	2,208	636	628	680	643	2,587
West	333	323	355	289	1,300	270	287	244	263	1,064
Other	13	10	11	6	40	8	7	7	1	23
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$1,135	\$1,110	\$1,196	\$1,197	\$4,638	\$1,216	\$1,241	\$1,274	\$1,284	\$5,015

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjustments by segment are detailed in the "Reconciliation of Income (Loss) Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Adjusted Income," which is also included in these materials.

#### Reconciliation of Net Income to Modified EBITDA, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA 2020

			2020		
(Dollars in millions)	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year
Net income (loss)	\$ (570)	\$ 315	\$ 323	\$ 130	\$ 198
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(204)	117	111	55	79
Interest expense	296	294	292	290	1,172
Equity (earnings) losses	(22)	(108)	(106)	(92)	(328
Impairment of goodwill	187	-	` _	-	187
Impairment of equity-method investments	938	-	-	108	1,046
Other investing (income) loss - net	(3)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(8)
Proportional Modified EBITDA of equity-method investments	192	192	189	176	(8) 749
Depreciation and amortization expenses	429	430	426	436	1,721
Accretion expense associated with asset retirement obligations for nonregulated operations	10	7	10	8	35
Modified EBITDA	\$ 1,253	\$ 1,246	\$ 1,243	\$ 1,109	\$ 4,851
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	\$ 662	\$ 615	\$ 616	\$ 486	\$ 2,379
Northeast G&P	369	370	387	363	1,489
West	215	253	247	283	998
Sequent	-	-	-	-	
Other	7	8	(7)	(23)	(15)
Total Modified EBITDA	\$ 1,253	\$ 1,246	\$ 1,2 <del>4</del> 3	\$ 1,109	\$ 4,851
Adjustments (1):					
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	\$ 7	\$ 2	\$ 6	\$ 158	\$ 173
Northeast G&P	1	(7)	9	43	46
West	1	(1)	(2)	(6)	(8)
Sequent	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	11	32	43
Total Adjustments	\$ 9	\$ (6)	\$ 24	\$ 227	\$ 254
Adjusted EBITDA:					
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	\$ 669	\$ 617	\$ 622	\$ 644	\$ 2,552
Northeast G&P	370	363	396	406	1,535
West	216	252	245	277	990
Sequent	-	-		-	330
Other	7	8	4	9	28
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 1,262	\$ 1,240	\$ 1,267	\$ 1,33 <b>6</b>	\$ 5,105

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjustments by segment are detailed in the "Reconciliation of Income (Loss) Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Non-GAAP Adjusted Income," which is also included in these materials.

#### Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Modified EBITDA, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA (2021-2022)

			2021					2022		
(Dollars in millions)	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year
Net income (loss)	\$ 435	\$ 322	\$ 173	\$ 632	\$ 1,562	\$ 392	\$ 407	\$ 621	\$ 697	\$ 2,117
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	141	119	53	198	511	118	(45)	96	256	425
Interest expense	294	298	292	295	1,179	286	281 <sup>°</sup>	291	289	1,147
Equity (earnings) losses	(131)	(135)	(157)	(185)	(608)	(136)	(163)	(193)	(145)	(637)
Other investing (income) loss - net	(2)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(7)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(12)	(16)
Proportional Modified EBITDA of equity-method investments	225	230	247	268	970	225	250	273	231	979
Depreciation and amortization expenses	438	463	487	454	1,842	498	506	500	505	2,009
Accretion expense associated with asset retirement obligations for nonregulated operations	10	11	12	12	45	11	13	12	15	51
Modified EBITDA	\$ 1,410	\$ 1,306	\$ 1,105	\$ 1,673	\$ 5,494	\$ 1,393	\$ 1,247	\$ 1,599	\$ 1,836	\$ 6,075
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	\$ 660	\$ 646	\$ 630	\$ 685	\$ 2,621	\$ 697	\$ 652	\$ 638	\$ 687	\$ 2,674
Northeast G&P	402	409	442	459	1,712	418	450	464	464	1,796
West	222	223	257	259	961	260	288	337	326	1,211
Gas & NGL Marketing Services	93	8	(262)	183	22	13	(282)	20	209	(40)
Other	33	20	38	87	178	5	139	140	150	434
Total Modified EBITDA	\$ 1,410	\$ 1,306	\$ 1,105	\$ 1,673	\$ 5,494	\$ 1,393	\$ 1,247	\$ 1,599	\$ 1,836	\$ 6,075
Adjustments (1):										
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ <b>—</b>	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 33	\$ 13	\$ 46
West	_	_	_	_	_	_	8	_	_	8
Gas & NGL Marketing Services <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	296	(172)	124	52	288	18	(60)	298
Other	5	9	19	(18)	15	66	(47)	(13)	(15)	(9)
Total Adjustments	\$ 5	\$ 11	\$ 315	\$ (190)	\$ 141	\$ 118	\$ 249	\$ 38	\$ (62)	\$ 343
Adjusted EBITDA:										
Transmission & Gulf of Mexico	\$ 660	\$ 648	\$ 630	\$ 685	\$ 2,623	\$ 697	\$ 652	\$ 671	\$ 700	\$ 2,720
Northeast G&P	402	409	442	459	1,712	418	450	464	464	1,796
West	222	223	257	259	961	260	296	337	326	1,219
Gas & NGL Marketing Services	93	8	34	11	146	65	6	38	149	258
Other	38	29	57	69	193	71	92	127	135	425
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 1,415	\$ 1,317	\$ 1,420	\$ 1,483	\$ 5,635	\$ 1,511	\$ 1,496	\$ 1,637	\$ 1,774	\$ 6,418

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjustments by segment are detailed in the "Reconciliation of Income (Loss) Attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. to Non-GAAP Adjusted Income," which is also included in these materials.

<sup>(2) 2022</sup> Adjustments for Gas & NGL Marketing Services includes the impact of volatility on NGL linefill transactions. Had this adjustment been made in 2021, Adjusted EBITDA would have been reduced by (\$15), (\$5), (\$15), \$1, and (\$34) for the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th quarters, and full year period, respectively.

#### Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operating Activities to Non-GAAP Available Funds from Operations 2018-2019

	2018					2	019			
(Dollars in millions, except coverage ratios)	Year		1st Qtr	2	nd Qtr	31	rd Qtr	41	h Qtr	Year
The Williams Companies, Inc.										
Reconciliation of GAAP "Net cash provided (used) by operating activities" to Non-G	SAAP "Available Funds fron	n Operatio	ns"							
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$3,293	\$	775	\$	1,069	\$	858	\$	991	\$ 3,693
Exclude: Cash (provided) used by changes in:										
Accounts receivable	36		(97)		(52)		(10)		125	(34)
Inventories	16		(1)		(3)		(3)		2	(5)
Other current assets and deferred charges	(17)		6		10		(6)		(31)	(21)
Accounts payable	93		39		59		(22)		(30)	46
Accrued liabilities	(23)		142		(212)		(6)		(77)	(153)
Other, including changes in noncurrent assets and liabilities	144		21		20		118		17	176
Preferred dividends paid	(1)		(1)		_		(1)		(1)	(3)
Dividends and distributions paid to noncontrolling interests	(591)		(41)		(27)		(18)		(38)	(124)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	15		4		28		_		4	36
Available funds from operations	\$2,965	\$	847	\$	892	\$	910	\$	962	\$ 3,611
Common dividends paid	\$1,386	\$	460	\$	461	\$	461	\$	460	\$ 1,842
Coverage ratio:										
Available funds from operations divided by Common dividends paid	2.14		1.84		1.93		1.97		2.09	1.96

### Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operating Activities to Non-GAAP Available Funds from Operations 2020

	2020								
(Dollars in millions, except coverage ratios)		1st Qtr 2nd Qtr		3rd Qtr		4th Qtr		Year	
The Williams Companies, Inc. Reconciliation of GAAP "Net cash provided (used) by operating activities" to Non-GAAP "Available funds from operations"									
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 78	7 9	\$ 1,143	\$	452	\$	1,114	\$ 3,496	
Exclude: Cash (provided) used by changes in:									
Accounts receivable	(67	·)	(18)		103		(16)	2	
Inventories	(19	))	28		24		(22)	11	
Other current assets and deferred charges	(20	)	33		2		(26)	(11)	
Accounts payable	15	5	(391)		313		(70)	7	
Accrued liabilities	15	0	86		50		23	309	
Changes in current and noncurrent derivative assets and liabilities		-	4		(2)		2	4	
Other, including changes in noncurrent assets and liabilities	(23	3)	39		(30)		15	1	
Preferred dividends paid	(1	)	-		(1)		(1)	(3)	
Dividends and distributions paid to noncontrolling interests	(44	.)	(54)		(49)		(38)	(185)	
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	;	2	2		1		2	7	
Available funds from operations	\$ 92	0	\$ 872	\$	863	\$	983	\$ 3,638	
Common dividends paid	\$ 48	5	\$ 486	\$	485	\$	485	\$ 1,941	
Coverage ratio:									
Available funds from operations divided by Common dividends paid	1.9	0	1.79		1.78		2.03	1.87	

#### Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operating Activities to Non-GAAP Available Funds from Operations (2021-2022)

		2021						2022					
(Dollars in millions, except coverage ratios)	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	Year			
The Williams Companies, Inc.													
Reconciliation of GAAP "Net cash provided (used) by operating activities" to Non-GAA	P "Available funds fron	n operations"											
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 915	\$ 1,057	\$ 834	\$ 1,139	\$ 3,945	\$ 1,082	\$ 1,098	\$ 1,490	\$ 1,219	\$ 4,889			
Exclude: Cash (provided) used by changes in:													
Accounts receivable	59	(9)	488	7	545	3	794	(125)	61	733			
Inventories, including write-downs	8	50	54	12	124	(178)	177	77	(127)	(51)			
Other current assets and deferred charges	6	50	11	(4)	63	65	(50)	47	(29)	33			
Accounts payable	(38)	(56)	(476)	(73)	(643)	138	(828)	(53)	333	(410			
Accrued and other current liabilities	116	(130)	(53)	9	(58)	149	(125)	(191)	(42)	(209)			
Changes in current and noncurrent derivative assets and liabilities	6	25	236	10	277	(101)	52	(37)	(8)	(94			
Other, including changes in noncurrent assets and liabilities	10	(31)	27	(5)	1	67	65	73	11	216			
Preferred dividends paid	(1)	<u> </u>	(1)	(1)	(3)	(1)	_	(1)	(1)	(3			
Dividends and distributions paid to noncontrolling interests	(54)	(41)	(40)	(52)	(187)	(37)	(58)	(46)	(63)	(204)			
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	2	4	_	3	9	3	5	7	3	18			
Available funds from operations	\$ 1,029	\$ 919	\$ 1,080	\$ 1,045	\$ 4,073	\$ 1,190	\$ 1,130	\$ 1,241	\$ 1,357	\$ 4,918			
	\$ 498	\$ 498	\$ 498	\$ 498	\$ 1,992	\$ 518	\$ 517	\$ 518	\$ 518	\$ 2,071			
Common dividends paid	Ψ 490	Ψ 490	Ψ 490	Ψ 430	ψ 1,332	ψ 510	ψ 517	ψ 510	ψ 510	Ψ 2,07			
Coverage ratio:													
Available funds from operations divided by Common dividends paid	2.07	1.85	2.17	2.10	2.04	2.30	2.19	2.40	2.62	2.37			
Available failed from operations divided by Common dividends paid								70705					

### Reconciliation of Northeast G&P Adjusted EBITDA to Adjusted EBITDA excluding non-operated equity method investments (2016-2022)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
(Dollars in millions)	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
Adjusted EBITDA	886	959	1,090	1,341	1,535	1,712	1,796
Less: Adjusted EBITDA from non-operated equity-method investments	(182)	(161)	(173)	(108)	(102)	(173)	(161)
Adjusted EBITDA excluding non-operated equity-method investments	\$ 704	\$ 798	\$ 917	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,433	\$ 1,539	\$ 1,635
Statistics for Operated Assets							
Gathering and Processing							
Consolidated gathering volumes (Bcf/d) (1)	3.21	3.31	3.63	4.24	4.31	4.24	4.19
Nonconsolidated operated gathering volumes (Bcf/d) (2)	3.16	3.55	3.76	4.29	4.78	5.52	5.42
Williams' proportional share of operated equity-method investments	1.58	2.25	2.50	2.87	3.20	3.70	3.63
Partners' proportional share of operated equity-method investments	1.58	1.30	1.26	1.42	1.58	1.82	1.79

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes volumes associated with Susquehanna Supply Hub, the Northeast JV, and Utica Supply Hub, all of which are consolidated. The Northeast JV includes 100% of volumes handled by UEOM from the date of consolidation on March 18, 2019 but does not include volumes prior to that date as we did not operate UEOM.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes 100% of the volumes associated with operated equity-method investments, including the Laurel Mountain Midstream partnership; and the Bradford Supply Hub and the Marcellus South Supply Hub within the Appalachia Midstream Services partnership. Volumes handled by Blue Racer Midstream (gathering and processing), which we do not operate, are not included

### Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Modified EBITDA, Non-GAAP Adj. EBITDA and CFFO Activities to Non-GAAP AFFO

_		2023 Guidance	
(Dollars in millions, except per-share amounts and coverage ratio)	Low	Mid	High
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,080	\$ 2,230	\$ 2,380
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	665	715	765
Interest expense		1,220	
Equity (earnings) losses		(580)	
Proportional Modified EBITDA of equity-method investments		930	
Depreciation and amortization expenses and accretion for asset retirement obligations associated with nonregulated operations		2,065	
Other		(14)	
Modified EBITDA	\$ 6,366	\$ 6,566	\$ 6,766
EBITDA Adjustments		34	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 6,400	\$ 6,600	\$ 6,800
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,080	\$ 2,230	\$ 2,380
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests & preferred dividends	Ψ 2,000	100	Ψ 2,000
Net income (loss) attributable to The Williams Companies, Inc. available to common stockholders	\$ 1,980	\$ 2,130	\$ 2,280
Aditionation			
Adjustments: Adjustments included in Modified EBITDA (1)		34	
Adjustments included in Modified EBITDA (2)		59	
Allocation of adjustments to noncontrolling interests			
Total adjustments		93	
Less tax effect for above items		(23)	
Adjusted income available to common stockholders	\$ 2.050	\$ 2,200	\$ 2,350
Adjusted diluted earnings per common share	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.80	\$ 1.92
Weighted-average shares - diluted (millions)	φ 1.07	1,225	ψ 1.92
Annillable Founds (norm On southern (AFFO)			
Available Funds from Operations (AFFO):			
Net cash provided by operating activities (net of changes in working capital, changes in current and noncurrent derivative assets and liabilities, and changes in other,	¢ 4.000	Ф <b>Б</b> 400	Ф 5000
including changes in noncurrent assets and liabilities)	\$ 4,900	\$ 5,100	\$ 5,300
Preferred dividends paid		(3)	
Dividends and distributions paid to noncontrolling interests		(225)	
Contributions from noncontrolling interests  Available funds from operations (AFFO)	\$ 4,725	\$ 4,925	\$ 5,125
. , ,		\$ 4,925 \$ 4.02	
AFFO per common share	\$ 3.86	\$ 4.02 \$ 2,190	\$ 4.18
Common dividends paid	2.464		0.04
Coverage Ratio (AFFO/Common dividends paid)	2.16x	2.25x	2.34x

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes transaction and transition costs associated with the MountainWest acquisition

2022 Guidanco

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes amortization of Sequent intangible asset of \$59 million